CITY OF CHEYENNE, WYOMING FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT JUNE 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	
(Required Supplementary Information)	4-13
(кединей зиррнетенину туоттинон)	4-13
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14-15
Statement of Activities	16-17
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net	
Position	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental	
Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	22-23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	24
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	25-26
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund	27
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund	28
Notes to Financial Statements	29-73
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	
(Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	74
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	
(Budgetary Basis) – Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund	75
Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	76
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	77-78
Schedule of the City's Contributions	79-80
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	81-84
COMBINING AND OTHER INDIVIDUAL FUND AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY	
INFORMATION	05.06
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Summary	85-86
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	87-89
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	00.02
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	90-92
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Summary Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	93 94
Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonnajor Proprietary Funds	94

TABLE OF CONTENTS, Continued

COMBINING AND OTHER INDIVIDUAL FUND AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, Continued	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	95
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	96
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	97-99
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	100
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL	
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN	
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH	
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	101-102
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR	_
FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER	
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	103-104
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	105
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS	106



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Cheyenne Cheyenne, Wyoming

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cheyenne, Wyoming (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 13, the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 74 and 75, the Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 76, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability on pages 77 and 78, the Schedule of the City's Contributions on pages 79 and 80, and the Notes to Required Supplementary Information on pages 81 through 84 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining Statements of Nonmajor Governmental Funds, the Combining Statements of Nonmajor Proprietary Funds, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

This information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cheyenne, Wyoming December 10, 2021

Mc Dec, Hearne & Paix, LLP



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

The City of Cheyenne (the City) offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. In addition to this overview and analysis based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions, the City would encourage readers to consider the information presented in the City's financial statements, which begin on page 14 of this report.

Financial Highlights

The City's total net position (governmental and business-type combined) increased by \$30.77 million (5.36%) during fiscal year 2021. The governmental net position increased by \$19.78 million (8.95%). The business-type net position increased by \$10.99 million (3.12%).

The General Fund, the City's primary operating fund, reported an increase in fund balance of \$10.16 million on a current financial resource basis. As of June 30, 2021, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$23.65 million or 174 days of total General Fund expenditures of \$49.52 million. The City Council has a requirement by resolution to maintain an unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund of 60 days of operating expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. Required supplementary information and supplementary information are also included at the end of the report.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances using the accrual basis of accounting, the basis of accounting used by most private-sector businesses.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may provide an indication of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety – police and fire, public works, health and welfare, and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the Board of Public Utilities (water and sewer departments), the Solid Waste Fund, the Civic Center, and the Ice and Events Center.

Fund financial statements: Traditional users of the City's financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The focus is now on major funds rather than fund types.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. A major fund should generally meet both of the following criteria: (1) total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least 10% of the corresponding total (assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, etc.) for that fund type (i.e., governmental or enterprise funds) and (2) total assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 23 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund, the One-Percent Sales Tax Fund, and the Capital Facilities Tax Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 19 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General Fund and the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 21 of this report.

Proprietary funds: The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Board of Public Utilities, Solid Waste Fund, Civic Center, and Ice and Events Center. The Internal Service Fund is used to account for activities of the City's Fleet Maintenance facility, and is allocated based on other funds' usage on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Waterworks, Sewer, and Solid Waste funds as they are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 26 of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 and 28 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 73 of this report.

Other information: Required supplementary information regarding the budget comparisons, total OPEB liability, and net pension liability is included in this report on pages 74 through 84. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and nonmajor proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 85 through 96 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City's net position, over 97% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding and any accounts or retainage payable related to those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt and accounts payable, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position at June 30:

Statement of Net Position

(Amounts expressed in thousands; totals may not add due to rounding)

	 Governmer	ntal A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				Total				
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Current assets	\$ 122,818	\$	94,183	\$	77,465	\$	73,335	\$	200,283	\$	167,518	
Capital and other assets	 282,332		271,341		368,053		365,673		650,385		637,014	
Total assets	 405,150		365,524		445,518		439,008		850,668		804,532	
Deferred outflows of resources	 8,940		12,697		1,208		1,603		10,148		14,300	
Long-term liabilities	128,836		118,411		67,502		74,005		196,338		192,416	
Other liabilities	16,574		11,998		12,267		11,579		28,841		23,577	
Total liabilities	 145,410		130,409	_	79,769		85,584		225,179		215,993	
Deferred inflows of resources	 27,987		26,857		3,221		2,285		31,208		29,142	
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets	273,028		258,502		315,412		307,543		588,440		566,045	
Restricted	71,184		58,239		500		500		71,684		58,739	
Unrestricted	 (103,519)		(95,786)		47,824		44,699		(55,695)		(51,087)	
Total net position	\$ 240,693	\$	220,955	\$	363,736	\$	352,742	\$	604,429	\$	573,697	

A portion of the City's net position, 11.86%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Although currently in a deficit position, the remaining balance of unrestricted net position, (\$55.66 million), is intended to be utilized to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors subject to the City's fund designations and fiscal policies.

Net position in the City's governmental activities increased by \$19.78 million during fiscal year 2021. This was up from a prior-year decrease of \$5.08 million. Net position in the City's business-type activities increased by \$10.99 million during fiscal year 2021, compared to an increase of \$12.54 million in the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

The following table reflects a condensed summary of activities and changes in net position for the years ended June 30:

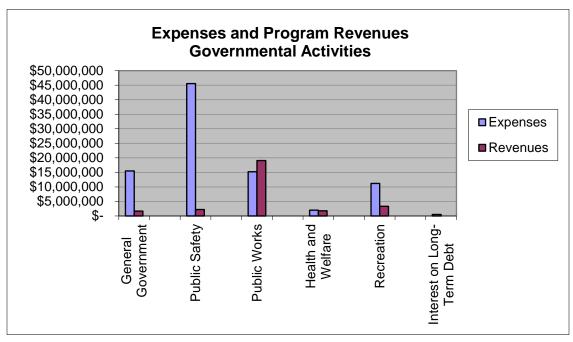
Changes in Net Position

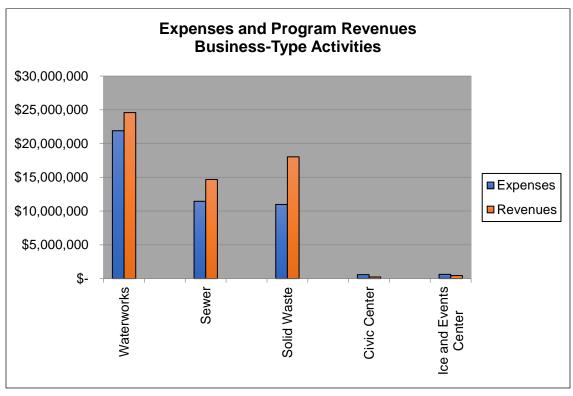
(Amounts expressed in thousands; totals may not add due to rounding)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities	Total				
•	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020			
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 9,249	\$ 6,081	\$ 52,278	\$ 54,506	\$ 61,527	\$ 60,587			
Operating grants and contributions	5,702	5,545	4,527	2,971	10,229	8,516			
Capital grants and contributions	13,086	470	1,159	2,811	14,245	3,281			
General revenues:									
Property and other taxes	15,389	15,009	-	-	15,389	15,009			
Sales taxes	55,810	51,714	-	-	55,810	51,714			
Intergovernmental	6,072	5,861	-	-	6,072	5,861			
Other	3,014	(648)	(84)	1,301	2,930	653			
Total revenues	108,322	84,032	57,880	61,589	166,202	145,621			
Expenses:									
Civic Center	-	-	582	1,769	582	1,769			
General government	15,484	16,325	-	-	15,484	16,325			
Health and welfare	1,983	1,958	-	-	1,983	1,958			
Interest on long-term debt	499	259	-	-	499	259			
Public safety	45,570	40,820	-	-	45,570	40,820			
Public works	15,195	16,498	-	-	15,195	16,498			
Recreation	11,166	12,021	-	-	11,166	12,021			
Sewer	-	-	11,446	11,353	11,446	11,353			
Solid waste	-	-	10,982	11,451	10,982	11,451			
Water	-	-	21,898	23,107	21,898	23,107			
Ice and events	-	-	626	670	626	670			
Total expenses	89,897	87,881	45,534	48,350	135,431	136,231			
Increase (decrease) in net									
position before transfers	18,425	(3,849)	12,346	13,239	30,771	9,390			
Transfers	1,352	704	(1,352)	(704)	_	-			
Change in net position	19,777	(3,145)	10,993	12,535	30,771	9,390			
Net Position, beginning of year, original	220,955	226,035	352,742	340,207	573,697	566,242			
Prior-period adjustments	(39)	(1,935)	-		(39)	(1,935)			
Net Position, beginning of year, amended	220,916	224,100	352,742	340,207	573,658	564,307			
Net Position, end of year	\$ 240,693	\$ 220,955	\$ 363,736	\$ 352,742	\$ 604,429	\$ 573,697			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus on the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$103,208,782. Approximately 22% of this total amount, \$23,473,294, constitutes the unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period or pay debt service, or has been dedicated to other uses.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$23,654,025, while the total fund balance reached \$28,969,395. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 47.77% of the total General Fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 53.74% of that same amount. This compares to 23.63% and 33.34%, respectively, in the prior year.

Proprietary funds: The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The unrestricted net position of the Waterworks Fund and the Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$38,437,359, the Solid Waste Fund was \$10,455,667, and the Civic Center and the Ice and Events Center amounted to (\$1,246,973). Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and the final amended budgeted expenditures and transfers out were \$7,652,304. The major expenditure increases follow:

- \$1,181,736 in carryover projects
- \$80,000 to increase the Police Department's professional services
- \$345.481 in encumbrances
- \$100,000 to increase the Parks Division budget
- \$20,000 to increase the City's public defender expenses for legal costs
- \$20,232 to pay for the final balances of Splash Pad project
- \$4,125 for watering flower pots for the Cheyenne Downtown Development Authority
- \$20,730 for increased janitorial costs for the Children's Village and Botanic Gardens Production House
- \$5,880,000 for expenses related to the refunding of the 2021 Series Revenue Bonds

Of this increase, \$7,652,304 was budgeted from the available fund balance. Expenditures were less than budgetary estimates, thus eliminating the need to further draw upon the existing fund balance for operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$648,172,790 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets included land, buildings, utility plant, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and roads. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 2.2%.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Replacement of public safety, public works, and recreation vehicles and equipment.
- Various recreation projects, including renovations to the Cheyenne Aquatics Center, construction of the Depot Plaza Splash Pad, purchase of various playground equipment, synthetic turf replacement at Powers Field, and improvements to the East Cheyenne Community Park land purchased during the prior fiscal year.
- Construction of the Judge Joseph M. Carey City Center Municipal Courthouse, which began in fiscal year 2019 and was finished in September 2020.
- A variety of drainage and street construction projects, including the Christensen Road Overpass project, Prairie Avenue and Frontier Mall Roundabout project, Evers Boulevard project, Allison Road and Cribbon Avenue project, Fox Farm and Walterscheid Intersection improvements, and various traffic signal upgrades.
- Several greenway projects, including the Henderson Greenway Project, the Dey Avenue Greenway Connector and the Carey Avenue Multi-Use Greenway Project.
- Re-roofing the Fleet Maintenance Shop, the Cheyenne Aquatics Center and the Parks Maintenance Shop.
- Construction of a new landfill building/scale house, and expansion of the City's landfill.
- Various building and system additions and improvements for the Board of Public Utilities.

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

(Amounts expressed in thousands; totals may not add due to rounding)

	 Governmen	ital Ad	ctivities	Business-Type Activities			 Te	otal		
	 2021		2020		2021		2020	 2021		2020
Land	\$ 14,735	\$	11,850	\$	14,003	\$	13,843	\$ 28,738	\$	25,693
Construction in progress	10,993		34,235		17,341		11,290	28,334		45,525
Buildings and improvements	137,067		122,973		34,840		34,184	171,907		157,157
Utility plant in service	-		-		585,968		577,215	585,968		577,215
Machinery and equipment	44,687		42,968		25,933		24,506	70,620		67,474
Infrastructure	256,337		231,910		-		-	256,337		231,910
Less accumulated depreciation	 (183,699)		(175,441)		(310,032)		(295,365)	 (493,731)		(470,806)
Total	\$ 280,120	\$	268,495	\$	368,053	\$	365,673	\$ 648,173	\$	634,168

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-term debt: The City's debt represents bonds and loans secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

Outstanding Debt - General Obligation Bonds, Revenue Bonds, and Loans

	Governmental A			Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Т	otal	
		2021		2020	_	2021		2020	_	2021		2020
Loans and capital leases Revenue bonds	\$	3,726,100 5,455,000	\$	4,730,131 6,325,000	\$	46,765,989 4,160,000	\$	51,878,770 5,030,000	\$	50,492,089 9,615,000	\$	56,608,901 11,355,000
Total	\$	9,181,100	\$	11,055,131	\$	50,925,989	\$	56,908,770	\$	60,107,089	\$	67,963,901

The City's total debt decreased by \$7,856,812 or 11.56% during the current fiscal year.

The Board of Public Utilities maintains a AA rating from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt. The City maintains an A+ rating from Standard & Poor's on the revenue bonds.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Notes 6 and 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's original approved fiscal year 2021 budget for the General Fund totaled \$50,652,480, compared to an original budget in fiscal year 2020 of \$55,823,809. This represented a 9.3% decrease. The decrease was directly related to the unknown economic implications of the COVID-19 pandemic. The City responded to the pandemic by significantly dropping revenue forecasts in the fiscal year 2021 budget, which in turn forced difficult expenditure-cutting decisions. Some of these decisions included a reduction in force of 18 employees, not filling 15 vacant positions, and moving six positions from the General Fund to other City funds.

Additionally, because of the COVID-19 pandemic, extraordinary measures were taken to adjust revenues in the fiscal year 2021 budget. The first is an increase to the transfer from the Solid Waste Fund. Resolution #5635, which was approved in 2014, directs that a 5% transfer from the Solid Waste Fund be made to the General Fund based on budgeted operating expenditures. To overcome the revenue challenges in fiscal year 2021, a temporary revenue adjustment was approved to make this transfer 9.3% for one year

Further, in the fall of 2019, a resolution was approved by the Governing Body that divides the Belvoir Ranch wind energy lease payments between the newly established Belvoir Ranch Recreation Fund, the Solid Waste Fund and the Board of Public Utilities. In the fiscal year 2021 budget, these funds were temporarily diverted to the General Fund for one year.

The original adopted fiscal year 2021 budget included \$1,173,085 in General Fund reserves in order to fund various expenditures, including the \$260,000 minimum revenue guarantee for SkyWest Airlines, an additional one-time \$750,000 subsidy to the Civic Center Fund to cover its negative net position, and \$138,085 for miscellaneous items, including fire payroll expenses and to reopen the Johnson Pool for the summer. Various budget amendments were approved throughout the year, which included expenditures related to the revenue bond refunding, providing more funds to the Parks Division to help with seasonal labor shortages, increasing the public defender line item and high janitorial service costs for the Botanic Gardens.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2021

City expenditures continued to rise in fiscal year 2021 for major categories such as insurance, fuel, health insurance and pension expense increases for employees. Blue Cross Blue Shield of Wyoming increased employee health insurance rates by 10%. To offset these increased costs and lower revenue projections, in addition to the reduction in force and other staffing cuts, the City eliminated longevity pay for all City staff except for uniformed firefighters. Instead of losing their longevity pay, firefighters received a 1% pay cut for one year.

When preparing the fiscal year 2021 budget, the City utilized economic forecasts obtained from the Consensus Revenue Estimating Group, economic data from the State of Wyoming Economic Analysis Division, a review of historical revenues, and estimates from City departments to facilitate decisions on projecting sales and use tax collections and other revenues. With the uncertainty of the economy due to COVID-19, the City decided to project a 25% decrease in sales and use tax revenue. Other revenue sources were projected to decrease as well, including lottery proceeds, gas and special fuel taxes, fines and forfeitures, investment income, and charges for services such as parking and recreation fees.

Actual revenues received in fiscal year 2021 were much higher than the City's conservative revenue forecasts. The City received a total of \$57,133,740 in revenue, which was \$4,371,861 higher than final approved budgeted revenues, and \$4,722,096 more than what was received in fiscal year 2020.

The significant revenue increase in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020 is attributed, in part, to the following:

- \$5,455,000 received in capital financing proceeds from refunding the parking revenue bonds
- \$2,617,335 increase in state sales tax
- \$1,843,085 increase in building permit revenue
- \$1,627,371 for the one-year increase from the Solid Waste Fund transfer
- \$798,986 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act grant reimbursement that recouped COVID-19-related payroll costs

The City's total General Fund expenditures were \$49,042,315, which were \$9,262,469 less than the \$58,304,784 final approved budget. This is due to a combination of factors, but primarily was the result of not being able to hire vacant seasonal and other positions. In comparison, during fiscal year 2020, the City had \$55,883,154 in expenditures. Therefore, in fiscal year 2021, the City expended \$6,840,839 less compared to fiscal year 2020.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Cheyenne's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the City Treasurer, City of Cheyenne, 2101 O'Neil, Room 309, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82001.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value Cash and cash equivalents Investment in direct financing lease, current portion Total current assets Noncurrent Assets Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Water rights Capital assets she depreciated: Land Construction in progress Water rights Capital assets heing depreciated: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment 17.534,607 Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) Receivables: Accume Accu					Component Un							
ASSETS Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 3,795,606 \$ 6,975,157 \$ 10,770,763 \$ 1,336,646 Investments, at fair value 31,656,314 63,359,424 95,015,738 - Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents 12,109,056 92,968 12,202,024 - Investments, at fair value 54,539,223 - 54,539,223 - Due from other governments 1520 294,045 295,565 - Receivables: Accrued interest 328,803 179,976 508,779 - Accounts, customers, net 865,937 1,757,022 2,622,959 50,197 Estimated unbilled usage - 2,286,181 2,826,181 - Sanitation receivable and unbilled usage - 2,169,318 2,169,318 - Properly tax receivable 6,730,662 - 10,631,726 - 6,730,662 393,307 Internal balances 1,289,545 (1,289,545)				В			Total	Development				
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 3,795,606 \$ 6,975,157 \$ 10,770,763 \$ 1,336,646 Investments, at fair value 31,656,314 63,359,424 95,015,738 - Restricted assets:	ASSETS											
Investments, at fair value												
Investments, at fair value	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,795,606	\$	6,975,157	\$	10,770,763	\$	1,336,646			
Cash and cash equivalents 12,109,056 92,968 12,202,024 - Investments, at fair value 54,539,223 - 54,539,223 - Due from other governments 1,520 294,045 295,565 - Receivables: - 294,045 295,565 - Accrued interest 328,803 179,976 508,779 - Accounts, customers, net 865,937 1,757,022 2,622,959 50,197 Istinated unbilled usage - 2,826,181 2,826,181 - Sanitation receivable and unbilled usage - 2,169,318 2,169,318 - Property tax receivable 6,730,662 - 6,730,662 393,307 Internal balances 1,289,545 (1,289,545) 1,289,545									-			
Investments, at fair value	Restricted assets:											
Investments, at fair value	Cash and cash equivalents		12,109,056		92,968		12,202,024		-			
Receivables: Accrued interest 328,803 179,976 508,779 - Accounts, customers, net 865,937 1,757,022 2,622,959 50,197 Estimated unbilled usage - 2,826,181 2,826,181 - Sanitation receivable and unbilled usage - 2,169,318 2,169,318 - Property tax receivable 6,730,662 - 6,730,662 393,307 Intergovernmental receivable 10,631,726 - 10,631,726 - Prepaid expenses 166,069 446,224 612,293 - Inventories 70,176 654,130 724,306 - Net investment in direct financing lease, current portion 633,527 - 633,527 - Total current assets 122,818,164 77,464,900 200,283,064 1,780,150 Noncurrent Assets Capital assets not being depreciated: Land 14,734,659 12,204,872 26,939,531 - Land 14,734,659 12,204,872 26,939,531 - - Capita			54,539,223		-		54,539,223		-			
Receivables: Accrued interest 328,803 179,976 508,779 - Accounts, customers, net 865,937 1,757,022 2,622,959 50,197 Estimated unbilled usage - 2,826,181 2,826,181 - Sanitation receivable and unbilled usage - 2,169,318 2,169,318 - Property tax receivable 6,730,662 - 6,730,662 393,307 Intergovernmental receivable 10,631,726 - 10,631,726 - Prepaid expenses 166,069 446,224 612,293 - Inventories 70,176 654,130 724,306 - Net investment in direct financing lease, current portion 633,527 - 633,527 - Total current assets 122,818,164 77,464,900 200,283,064 1,780,150 Noncurrent Assets Capital assets not being depreciated: Land 14,734,659 12,204,872 26,939,531 - Land 14,734,659 12,204,872 26,939,531 - - Capita	Due from other governments		1,520		294,045		295,565		_			
Accounts, customers, net 865,937 1,757,022 2,622,959 50,197 Estimated unbilled usage												
Accounts, customers, net 865,937 1,757,022 2,622,959 50,197 Estimated unbilled usage	Accrued interest		328,803		179,976		508,779		-			
Estimated unbilled usage Sanitation receivable and unbilled usage Property tax receivable 16,730,62 1.289,545 1.293 1.	Accounts, customers, net		865,937		1,757,022		2,622,959		50,197			
Sanitation receivable and unbilled usage			-						-			
Property tax receivable			-				2,169,318		-			
Internal balances	-		6,730,662		-				393,307			
Intergovernmental receivable 10,631,726 - 10,631,726 - Prepaid expenses 166,069 446,224 612,293 -					(1,289,545)		-		-			
Prepaid expenses	Intergovernmental receivable				-		10,631,726		-			
Inventories 70,176 654,130 724,306 -			166,069		446,224				_			
current portion 633,527 - 633,527 - Total current assets 122,818,164 77,464,900 200,283,064 1,780,150 Noncurrent Assets Capital assets not being depreciated: Land 14,734,659 12,204,872 26,939,531 - Construction in progress 10,992,937 17,341,321 28,334,258 - Water rights - 1,797,968 1,797,968 - Capital assets being depreciated: Utility plant in service - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Utility plant in service - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - - Machinery and equipment 17,534,607 8,684,743 26,219,350 - - Transportation equipment 22,744,561 15,426,829 38,171,390 - - Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure			70,176				724,306		-			
current portion 633,527 - 633,527 - Total current assets 122,818,164 77,464,900 200,283,064 1,780,150 Noncurrent Assets Capital assets not being depreciated: Land 14,734,659 12,204,872 26,939,531 - Construction in progress 10,992,937 17,341,321 28,334,258 - Water rights - 1,797,968 1,797,968 - Capital assets being depreciated: Utility plant in service - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Utility plant in service - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - - Machinery and equipment 17,534,607 8,684,743 26,219,350 - - Transportation equipment 22,744,561 15,426,829 38,171,390 - - Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure	Net investment in direct financing lease,		,		ŕ		,					
Noncurrent Assets			633,527		-		633,527		_			
Capital assets not being depreciated: 14,734,659 12,204,872 26,939,531 - Construction in progress 10,992,937 17,341,321 28,334,258 - Water rights - 1,797,968 1,797,968 - Capital assets being depreciated: - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Utility plant in service - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Machinery and equipment 17,534,607 8,684,743 26,219,350 - Transportation equipment 22,744,561 15,426,829 38,171,390 - Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,732 - Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 -	-				77,464,900		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,780,150			
Land 14,734,659 12,204,872 26,939,531 - Construction in progress 10,992,937 17,341,321 28,334,258 - Water rights - 1,797,968 1,797,968 - Capital assets being depreciated: - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Utility plant in service - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Machinery and equipment 17,534,607 8,684,743 26,219,350 - Transportation equipment 22,744,561 15,426,829 38,171,390 - Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,732 - Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331<	Noncurrent Assets											
Land 14,734,659 12,204,872 26,939,531 - Construction in progress 10,992,937 17,341,321 28,334,258 - Water rights - 1,797,968 1,797,968 - Capital assets being depreciated: - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Utility plant in service - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Machinery and equipment 17,534,607 8,684,743 26,219,350 - Transportation equipment 22,744,561 15,426,829 38,171,390 - Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,732 - Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331<	Capital assets not being depreciated:											
Water rights - 1,797,968 1,797,968 - Capital assets being depreciated: Utility plant in service - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Machinery and equipment 17,534,607 8,684,743 26,219,350 - Transportation equipment 22,744,561 15,426,829 38,171,390 - Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,732 - Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, 2211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150			14,734,659		12,204,872		26,939,531		-			
Water rights - 1,797,968 1,797,968 - Capital assets being depreciated: Utility plant in service - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Machinery and equipment 17,534,607 8,684,743 26,219,350 - Transportation equipment 22,744,561 15,426,829 38,171,390 - Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,732 - Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, 2211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150	Construction in progress		10,992,937		17,341,321		28,334,258		_			
Capital assets being depreciated: Utility plant in service Machinery and equipment 17,534,607 Transportation equipment 22,744,561 Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 Machinery and equipment 137,066,742 Machinery and equipment 22,744,561 Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 Machinery and equipment 4,408,542 Machinery and equipment			_		1,797,968				_			
Utility plant in service - 585,968,021 585,968,021 - Machinery and equipment 17,534,607 8,684,743 26,219,350 - Transportation equipment 22,744,561 15,426,829 38,171,390 - Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,732 - Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, net of current portion 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150												
Machinery and equipment 17,534,607 8,684,743 26,219,350 - Transportation equipment 22,744,561 15,426,829 38,171,390 - Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,732 - Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, net of current portion 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150			-		585,968,021		585,968,021		-			
Transportation equipment 22,744,561 15,426,829 38,171,390 - Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,732 - Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, net of current portion 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150			17,534,607				26,219,350		-			
Buildings and improvements 137,066,742 34,840,284 171,907,026 9,700 Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,732 - Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, net of current portion 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150			22,744,561		15,426,829				_			
Office furniture and equipment 4,408,542 1,820,292 6,228,834 19,242 Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,732 - Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, net of current portion 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150									9,700			
Infrastructure 256,336,732 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 256,336,736 - 2									19,242			
Accumulated depreciation (183,698,555) (310,031,765) (493,730,320) (28,942) Net investment in direct financing lease, net of current portion 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150	• •	2	256,336,732		-		256,336,732		-			
Net investment in direct financing lease, net of current portion 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150					(310,031,765)				(28,942)			
net of current portion 2,211,942 - 2,211,942 - Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150		`	, , ,									
Total noncurrent assets 282,332,167 368,052,565 650,384,732 - Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150			2,211,942		-		2,211,942		_			
Total assets 405,150,331 445,517,465 850,667,796 1,780,150	•				368,052,565				-			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 8,939,745 1,208,303 10,148,048 -									1,780,150			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 8,939,745 1,208,303 10,148,048 -												
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		8,939,745		1,208,303		10,148,048		-			

Continued

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, *Continued* June 30, 2021

			Component Unit				
	Governmenta Activities	. 1	Business-Type Activities		Total		Downtown evelopment Authority
LIABILITIES							<u> </u>
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 5,628,616	\$	3,930,378	\$	9,558,994	\$	21,507
Accrued interest	23,703	;	419,510		443,213		-
Accrued salaries, including compensated							
absences and early retirement	3,395,431		929,232		4,324,663		-
Unearned fees and deposits	-		881,040		881,040		-
Unearned revenue	6,133,862	2	108,177		6,242,039		-
Capital leases, due within one year	202,588	}	747,082		949,670		-
Bonds and loans payable, due within one							
year	1,189,853	;	5,251,608		6,441,461		-
Total current liabilities	16,574,053	3	12,267,027		28,841,080		21,507
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	_		9,001,450		9,001,450		_
Net pension liability	113,602,291		12,575,141		126,177,432		_
Net postemployment benefits other than	113,002,271		12,575,141		120,177,432		_
pensions (OPEB) liability	6,056,980)	_		6,056,980		_
Compensated absences	1,387,646		998,179		2,385,825		_
Capital leases	310,628		315,803		626,431		_
Bonds and loans payable	7,478,030		44,611,496		52,089,526		_
Total noncurrent liabilities	128,835,575		67,502,069		196,337,644		
Total liabilities	145,409,628		79,769,096		225,178,724		21,507
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	27,986,882	!	3,220,573		31,207,455		387,606
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	273,027,720)	315,412,247		588,439,967		_
Restricted for:	- , ,-		, , ,		, -,		
Debt service and capital improvements	544,938	3	500,000		1,044,938		_
Legal restrictions	2,114,279		-		2,114,279		-
Tax voter-approved projects	68,526,073		-		68,526,073		-
Unrestricted	(103,519,444		47,823,852		(55,695,592)		1,371,037
Total net position	\$ 240,693,566	5 \$	363,736,099	\$	604,429,665	\$	1,371,037

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Pro	gram Revenues		
					Operating		Capital
		(Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
	Expenses		Services		Contributions	(Contributions
Functions/Programs							
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 15,483,614	\$	1,627,234	\$	55,242	\$	-
Public safety	45,569,533		708,308		1,185,276		322,862
Public works	15,196,123		4,118,053		2,677,086		12,273,038
Health and welfare	1,982,941		1,920		1,770,461		-
Recreation	11,165,781		2,793,683		14,103		490,036
Interest on long-term debt	499,591		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	 89,897,583		9,249,198		5,702,168		13,085,936
Business-type activities:							
Waterworks	21,897,999		20,353,811		3,633,892		595,549
Sewer	11,446,268		13,456,740		892,863		325,962
Solid Waste	10,981,633		17,985,975		-		44,782
Civic Center	582,398		159,120		-		74,452
Ice and Events Center	 625,104		322,816		-		118,093
Total business-type activities	 45,533,402		52,278,462		4,526,755		1,158,838
Total primary government	\$ 135,430,985	\$	61,527,660	\$	10,228,923	\$	14,244,774
Governmental component unit:							
Downtown Development Authority	\$ 715,060	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

General Revenues

Property taxes and other taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Motor vehicle taxes

Intergovernmental funds and shared revenues not

restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Insurance proceeds

(Loss) on sale of capital assets

Miscellaneous revenue

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position

Net Position, beginning of year Prior-period adjustment (Note 17) Net Position, beginning of year, restated

Net Position, end of year

Net (Expen	se) Reve	nue and Changes	s in Ne	t Position	Comp	onent Unit
	Prir	nary Government			Do	wntown
Governmenta	ıl E	Business-Type		Dev	elopment	
Activities		Activities		Total	A	uthority
\$ (13,801,1	38) \$	-	\$	(13,801,138)	\$	-
(43,353,0	87)	-		(43,353,087)		-
3,872,0	54	-		3,872,054		-
(210,5	60)	-		(210,560)		-
(7,867,9	59)	-		(7,867,959)		-
(499,5	91)	-		(499,591)		-
(61,860,2	81)	_		(61,860,281)		-
	-	2,685,253		2,685,253		-
	-	3,229,297		3,229,297		-
	-	7,049,124		7,049,124		-
	-	(348,826)		(348,826)		-
	-	(184,195)		(184,195)		-
	-	12,430,653		12,430,653		
(61,860,2	81)	12,430,653		(49,429,628)		
	-	-				(715,060)
8,643,3	11	-		8,643,311		362,625
55,809,9	56	-		55,809,956		-
5,086,2	81	-		5,086,281		-
1,659,7	59	-		1,659,759		-
6,071,8	44	-		6,071,844		55,139
342,7		262,749		605,538		668
232,2		47,000		279,208		-
(92,7		(394,093)		(486,831)		-
2,532,0		-		2,532,057		125,122
1,352,3		(1,352,371)				-
81,637,8		(1,436,715)		80,201,123		543,554
19,777,5	57	10,993,938		30,771,495		(171,506)
220,954,6	76	352,742,161		573,696,837		1,542,543
(38,6		332,772,101		(38,667)		1,572,575
220,916,0		352,742,161		573,658,170		1,542,543
\$ 240,693,5	66 \$	363,736,099	\$	604,429,665	\$	1,371,037

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

	General Fund	scellaneous Federal rants Fund	(One-Percent Sales Tax Fund	Capital Facilities Tax Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	C	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,275,560	\$ 415,750	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,066,131	\$	3,757,441
Investments, at fair value	21,642,862	5,512,546			-		4,403,074		31,558,482
Cash and Cash Equivalents, restricted	24,778	-		7,414,251	4,509,148		160,879		12,109,056
Investments, at fair value, restricted Receivables	520,160	-		36,061,439	17,455,895		501,729		54,539,223
Accrued interest	3,007	-		223,281	102,515		-		328,803
Property tax	6,730,662	-		-	-		-		6,730,662
Customers	393,721	-		-	-		472,216		865,937
Due from Other Funds	1,398,655	-		-	-		151,193		1,549,848
Due from Other Governments	5,837,483	288,182		3,282,386	537,335		686,340		10,631,726
Prepaid Items	 87,647	4,150		18,353	-		55,529		165,679
Total assets	\$ 38,914,535	\$ 6,220,628	\$	46,999,710	\$ 22,604,893	\$	7,497,091	\$	122,236,857
Accounts payable Accrued interest Accrued salaries, including vacation and sick leave Due to other funds Unearned evenue	\$ 3,161,544 10,003 117,460	\$ 164,820 - - - - - 6,095,907	\$	911,518 13,700 1,193	\$ 767,842 - 4,231 -	\$	569,288 - 33,728 265,305 31,183	\$	5,575,012 23,703 156,612 265,305 6,127,090
Total liabilities	 3,289,007	6,260,727		926,411	772,073		899,504		12,147,722
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenues	6,656,133	136,482		-	-		87,738		6,880,353
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable	93,716	4,150		18,353	-		55,529		171,748
Restricted	544,938	-		46,054,946	21,832,820		2,752,586		71,185,290
Committed	883,333	_		-	-		3,658,660		4,541,993
Assigned	3,793,383	-		-	-		43,074		3,836,457
Unassigned	23,654,025	(180,731)		-	-		-		23,473,294
Total fund balances	28,969,395	(176,581)		46,073,299	21,832,820		6,509,849		103,208,782
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 38,914,535	\$ 6,220,628	\$	46,999,710	\$ 22,604,893	\$	7,497,091	\$	122,236,857

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 103,208,782
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are	
different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	280,120,225
Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,	
therefore, are deferred in the funds.	291,503
Assets related to net investment in direct financing lease are not available to pay	
for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,845,469
Long-term liabilities for compensated absences are not due and payable in the	
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(4,626,465)
Pension and OPEB plan accounts, such as deferred inflows/outflows of resources,	
net pension liability, and OPEB liability, are not receivable or payable in the	
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Net pension liability	(113,602,291)
Net OPEB liability	(6,056,980)
Deferred outflows of resources	8,939,745
Deferred inflows of resources	(21,404,804)
Long-term liabilities, including loans and bonds payable, are not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Wyoming Business Council loan/grant	(3,212,883)
Bonds payable	(5,455,000)
Capital lease	(513,216)
An Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain	
activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of this Internal Service	
Fund are allocated 39% to governmental activities based on usage in the	
Statement of Net Position.	159,481
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 240,693,566

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues		General Fund		scellaneous Federal ants Fund	(One-Percent Sales Tax Fund		Capital Facilities Tax Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Taxes and special assessments	\$	12,882,361	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	12,882,361
Licenses and permits	Ψ	4,388,198	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ	4,388,198
Intergovernmental		35,442,632		4,458,011		18,525,907		11,026,885		5,479,564		74,932,999
Charges for services		1,851,571		-1,130,011		10,525,507		11,020,000		2,227,871		4,079,442
Fines and forfeitures		781,558		_		_		_				781,558
Investment income (loss)		90,950		12,546		344,128		(113,143)		8,308		342,789
Miscellaneous		2,455,455		-		-		(115,115)		774,642		3,230,097
Total revenues		57,892,725		4,470,557		18,870,035		10,913,742		8,490,385		100,637,444
		,,		.,,		,-,-,				3,773,630		
Expenditures Current:												
General government		12,692,621		1,684,108		-		41,366		129,988		14,548,083
Public safety		24,545,344		89,648		82,667		-		1,053,766		25,771,425
Public works		3,871,566		-		2,874,430		569,353		2,633,337		9,948,686
Health and welfare		-		-		714,316		-		1,305,763		2,020,079
Recreation		6,470,281		-		269,495		883,601		1,174,721		8,798,098
Capital outlay		1,325,963		2,070,944		6,373,918		4,686,765		495,481		14,953,071
Debt service:												
Principal retirements		525,000		-		108,311		-		623,617		1,256,928
Interest payments		132,092		-		29,522		-		23,424		185,038
Total expenditures		49,562,867		3,844,700		10,452,659		6,181,085		7,440,097		77,481,408
Excess of revenues over												
expenditures		8,329,858		625,857		8,417,376		4,732,657		1,050,288		23,156,036
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in		3,138,084		-		-		-		168,555		3,306,639
Transfers out		(1,113,833)		(798,986)		(39,022)		-		(2,427)		(1,954,268)
Insurance proceeds		232,208		-		-		-		-		232,208
Proceeds from sales of assets		3,063		-		3,737		-		5,300		12,100
Issuance of refunding bonds		5,455,000		-		-		-		-		5,455,000
Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent		(5,880,000)		-		-		-		-		(5,880,000)
Total other financing sources												
(uses)		1,834,522		(798,986)		(35,285)		-		171,428		1,171,679
Net change in fund balances		10,164,380		(173,129)		8,382,091		4,732,657		1,221,716		24,327,715
Fund Balances, beginning of year		18,843,682		(3,452)		37,691,208		17,100,163		5,288,133		78,919,734
Prior-period adjustment (Note 17)		(38,667)		-		-		-		-		(38,667)
Fund Balances, beginning of year, restated		18,805,015		(3,452)		37,691,208		17,100,163	-	5,288,133		78,881,067
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	28,969,395	\$	(176,581)	\$	46,073,299	\$	21,832,820	\$	6,509,849	\$	103,208,782

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	24,327,715
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different	Ψ	2.,627,716
because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement		
of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and		
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital purchases and		
contributions exceeded depreciation and disposals in the current period.		
Donated assets		8,188,559
Capital outlay		15,045,207
Depreciation expense		(11,377,928)
Disposal of assets		(104,838)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources		
are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(15,450)
Expenses for accrued absences reported in the Statement of Activities do not require		
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures		
in governmental funds.		(175,877)
The change in the defined benefit pension and OPEB liability and pension and OPEB-		
related outflows and inflows are not reported in the governmental funds. This is the		
net effect of the change in these balances in the Statement of Net Position.		(16,722,887)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources		
to governmental funds, while the repayment of debt consumes the current financial		
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on		
net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and		
similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the		
Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of the differences in the		
treatment of long-term debt and related items.		1,367,375
Receipts related to net investment in direct financing lease provide current financial		
resources to governmental funds. However, these receipts do not have an effect on		
net position.		(627,255)
The Internal Service Fund is accounted for as a proprietary fund; therefore, it is not		
included in the governmental funds.		(127,064)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	19,777,557

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2021

		Bus	siness-Type Activities			
			Enterprise Funds		_	
			Solid	Other		
	Waterworks	Sewer	Waste	Proprietary		Internal
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	Service Fund
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,970,320 \$	1,825,545 \$	2,115,690	\$ 3,908 \$	6,915,463	\$ 97,859
Investments, at fair value	27,453,073	14,337,864	21,415,467	-	63,206,404	250,852
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	92,968	-	-	-	92,968	-
Due from other governments	291,668	-	-	-	291,668	3,897
City of Cheyenne sanitation account	2,169,318	-	-	-	2,169,318	-
Receivables:						
Accrued interest	5,754	3,873	170,349	-	179,976	-
Accounts, customers	867,530	760,685	93,938	34,869	1,757,022	-
Estimated unbilled usage	1,920,677	905,504	-	-	2,826,181	-
Due from other funds	-	-	2,262,286	-	2,262,286	12,826
Inventories	518,185	26,182	-	-	544,367	179,939
Prepaid expenses	334,358	111,256	-	-	445,614	1,000
Total current assets	 36,623,851	17,970,909	26,057,730	38,777	80,691,267	546,373
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital assets:						
Land	4,610,384	545,002	6,512,000	346,861	12,014,247	312,500
Utility plant in service	424,620,935	159,869,730	1,477,356	-	585,968,021	-
Water rights	1,797,968		-	-	1,797,968	-
Machinery and equipment	516,515	170,845	6,897,176	826,112	8,410,648	449,336
Transportation equipment	2,660,831	867,881	11,564,540	50,241	15,143,493	464,486
Buildings and improvements	6,425,936	2,158,201	18,657,341	6,856,312	34,097,790	1,217,203
Office furniture and equipment	1,014,510	353,362	225,476	223,340	1,816,688	5,909
Construction in progress	8,234,297	4,240,526	4,863,498	3,000	17,341,321	· -
Accumulated depreciation	(213,578,243)	(75,876,156)	(13,903,540)	(5,692,244)	(309,050,183)	(1,609,152)
Total noncurrent assets	 236,303,133	92,329,391	36,293,847	2,613,622	367,539,993	840,282
Total assets	 272,926,984	110,300,300	62,351,577	2,652,399	448,231,260	1,386,655
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 726,309	170,450	311,544	-	1,208,303	

Continued

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS, *Continued* June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities									
					Eı	nterprise Funds				
						Solid	Other		<u> </u>	
	,	Waterworks		Sewer		Waste	Proprietary			Internal
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds		Totals	Service Fund
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	805,265	\$	946,484	\$	2,016,940 \$	77,847	\$	3,846,536	\$ 137,446
Accrued interest		181,027		238,483		-	-		419,510	-
Unearned revenue		-		-		75,113	33,064		108,177	-
Due to other funds		2,422,126		5,929		-	1,131,600		3,559,655	-
Unearned fees and deposits		741,234		139,806		-	-		881,040	-
Accrued salaries, including vacation and sick leave		286,108		193,765		356,955	39,429		876,257	86,844
Current portion of capital leases		-		-		747,082	-		747,082	-
Current portion of general obligation and loan debt		2,284,527		2,967,081		-	-		5,251,608	-
Total current liabilities		6,720,287		4,491,548		3,196,090	1,281,940		15,689,865	224,290
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Accrued compensated absences		584,002		391,695		-	3,810		979,507	30,610
Landfill closure and post-closure costs				-		9,001,450	-		9,001,450	_
Net pension liability		6,754,116		2,251,372		3,569,653	-		12,575,141	_
Capital leases, net of current portion		· · · -		-		315,803	_		315,803	_
General obligation and loan debt, unamortized bond premium, net of						,			,	
current portion		20,591,842		24,019,654		-	_		44,611,496	_
Total noncurrent liabilities		27,929,960		26,662,721		12,886,906	3,810		67,483,397	 30,610
Total liabilities		34,650,247		31,154,269		16,082,996	1,285,750		83,173,262	254,900
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,636,165		545,388		1,039,020	-		3,220,573	 -
NIET DOCTETON										
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets		212,792,370		64,408,245		35,085,438	2,613,622		314,899,675	840,282
				04,408,243		33,083,438	2,013,022		500,000	840,282
Restricted for Debt Service and Capital Improvements		500,000		14 262 848		10.455.667	(1.246.072)		,	201 472
Unrestricted		24,074,511		14,362,848		10,455,667	(1,246,973)		47,646,053	 291,473
Total net position	\$	237,366,881	\$	78,771,093	\$	45,541,105 \$	1,366,649	_	363,045,728	\$ 1,131,755
Adjustment to report the portion of the internal balance for the net effect of the										
activity between the Internal Service Fund and the enterprise funds over time									690,371	
Net position of business-type activities								\$	363,736,099	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities							
				Enterprise Funds				
				Solid	Other			
	V	Vaterworks	Sewer	Waste	Proprietary		I	nternal
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	Ser	vice Fund
Operating Revenues								
Sales and charges for services	\$	19,973,521 \$	12,944,938 \$	17,863,444 \$	425,025 \$	51,206,928	\$	3,533,066
Fees and miscellaneous		380,290	511,802	122,531	56,911	1,071,534		239
Total operating revenues		20,353,811	13,456,740	17,985,975	481,936	52,278,462		3,533,305
Operating Expenses								
Waterworks		12,149,429	=	-	-	12,149,429		-
Sewer		-	6,715,953	-	-	6,715,953		-
Sanitation collection		-	=	6,685,762	-	6,685,762		-
Recycling/compost		-	-	646,482	-	646,482		-
Landfill		-	-	1,821,954	-	1,821,954		-
Belvoir Ranch		-	-	205,760	-	205,760		-
Fleet maintenance		-	-	-	-	-		3,464,696
Culture and recreation		-	=	-	1,015,144	1,015,144		-
Depreciation		9,148,524	4,003,474	1,877,851	192,358	15,222,207		45,888
Total operating expenses		21,297,953	10,719,427	11,237,809	1,207,502	44,462,691		3,510,584
Operating (loss) income		(944,142)	2,737,313	6,748,166	(725,566)	7,815,771		22,721
Nonoperating (Expenses) Income								
(Loss) gain on sale of assets		-	=	(394,093)	-	(394,093)		155
Insurance proceeds		-	=	47,000	-	47,000		-
System development fees		3,633,892	892,863	-	-	4,526,755		_
Investment income:								
Interest income		129,517	61,111	788,241	-	978,869		901
Net (decrease) in fair value of investments		(116,042)	(59,779)	(540,299)	-	(716,120)		_
Interest expense		(600,046)	(726,841)	(53,580)	-	(1,380,467)		_
Total nonoperating income (expenses)		3,047,321	167,354	(152,731)	-	3,061,944		1,056
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		2,103,179	2,904,667	6,595,435	(725,566)	10,877,715		23,777
Capital Grants		88,827	_	_	_	88,827		_
Donated Utilities and Other Assets		506,722	325,962	44,782	192,545	1,070,011		346,748
Transfers In		500,722	323,702		975,000	975,000		5-10,7-10
Transfers Out		_	_	(2,327,371)	-	(2,327,371)		_
Change in net position		2,698,728	3,230,629	4,312,846	441,979	10,684,182		370,525
Net Position, beginning of year		234,668,153	75,540,464	41,228,259	924,670			761,230
Net Position, end of year	\$	237,366,881 \$	78,771,093 \$	45,541,105 \$	1,366,649		\$	1,131,755
Adjustment to report the portion of the internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the Internal Service								
Fund and the enterprise funds over time						226,020		
Adjustment to report the change in allocation from the previous period for the net effect of the activity between the								
Internal Service Fund and the enterprise funds						83,736		
Change in net position of business-type activities					_ \$	10,993,938		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities								
				I	Enterprise Funds				
					Solid	Other			
	1	Waterworks		Sewer	Waste	Proprietary			Internal
		Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds		Totals	Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities									
Cash received from customers	\$	20,965,308	\$	13,500,656 \$	18,046,152	\$ 479,574	\$	52,991,690	\$ 3,530,617
Cash payments to suppliers		(4,954,984)		(2,562,098)	(1,704,192)	(322,412)		(9,543,686)	(2,405,292)
Cash payments to employees		(7,906,077)		(4,423,141)	(5,342,759)	(630,865)		(18,302,842)	(1,088,120)
Change in City sanitation account		(145,791)		-	-	-		(145,791)	 -
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		7,958,456		6,515,417	10,999,201	(473,703)		24,999,371	 37,205
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities									
Proceeds from amounts due to other funds		-		-	-	80,600		80,600	-
Proceeds from amounts due from other funds		-		-	83,356	-		83,356	16,632
Advances to other funds		-		-	_	(579,000)		(579,000)	-
Transfers to other funds		_		-	(2,327,371)	-		(2,327,371)	-
Transfers from other funds		_		-	-	975,000		975,000	-
Net cash (used in) provided by noncapital financing activities		-		-	(2,244,015)	476,600		(1,767,415)	16,632
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities									
System development fees		2,699,284		672,221	-	-		3,371,505	-
Proceeds from issuance of debt		73,998		· -	-	-		73,998	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(5,416,751)		(4,070,041)	(6,862,620)	(2,999)		(16,352,411)	(7,404)
Principal paid on revenue bonds and loan debt maturities		(2,229,875)		(2,894,913)	(1,154,327)	-		(6,279,115)	-
Capital grants		88,827		-	-	-		88,827	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-	-	-		-	155
Interest paid on debt		(567,029)		(742,878)	(53,580)	-		(1,363,487)	-
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(5,351,546)		(7,035,611)	(8,070,527)	(2,999)		(20,460,683)	(7,249)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities									
Interest on cash accounts and investments		25,902		9,019	658,786	-		693,707	901
Redemption of investments		-		1,698,480	-	-		1,698,480	-
Purchase of investments		(2,233,402)		-	(1,180,067)	-		(3,413,469)	(250,852)
Insurance proceeds received		-		-	47,000	-		47,000	-
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(2,207,500)		1,707,499	(474,281)	-		(974,282)	 (249,951)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		399,410		1,187,305	210,378	(102)		1,796,991	 (203,363)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year		2,663,878		638,240	1,905,312	4,010		5,211,440	 301,222
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$	3,063,288	\$	1,825,545 \$	2,115,690	\$ 3,908	\$	7,008,431	\$ 97,859

Continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS, *Continued* Year Ended June 30, 2021

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22,721
45,888
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(2,688)
23,254
(1,000)
(50,702)
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(268)
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37,205
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346,748
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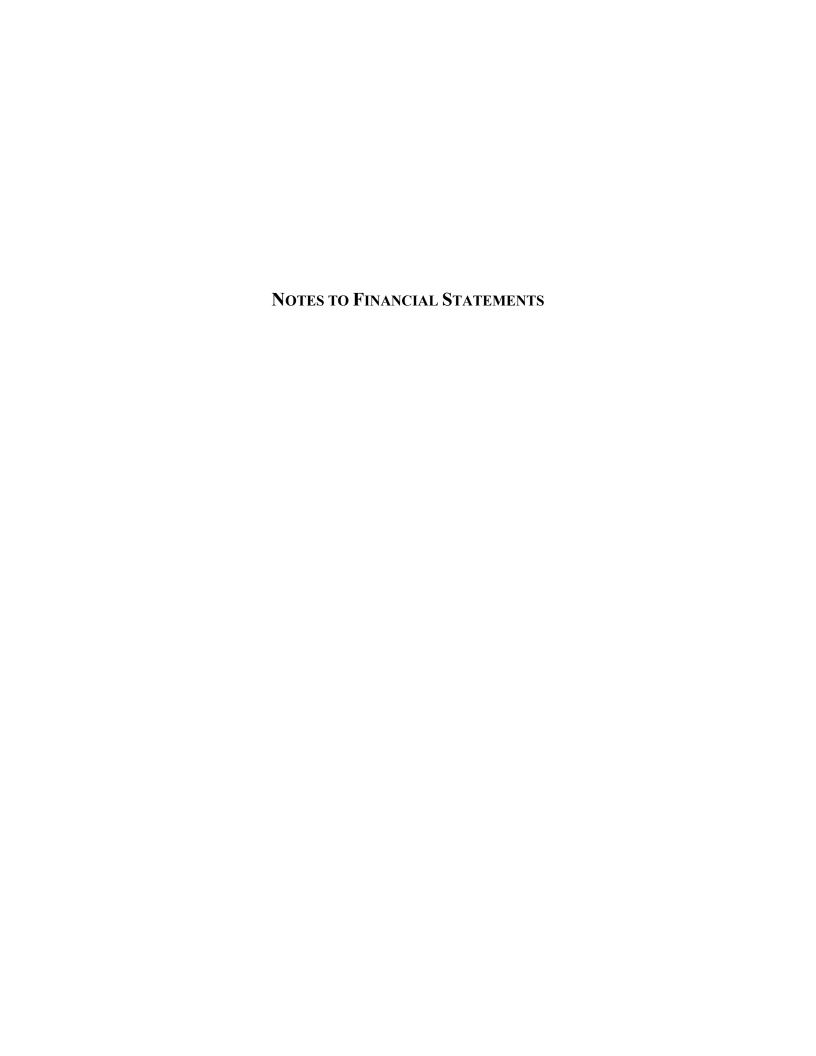
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUND June 30, 2021

	Custodial Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 80,987
Total assets	80,987
LIABILITIES	
Due to Others	526
Total liabilities	526
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Organizations	80,461
Total net position	\$ 80,461

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Custodia	l Fund
Additions		
Miscellaneous	_ \$	43,034
Total additions		43,034
Deductions		
Distributions to organizations		1,240
Total deductions		1,240
Change in fiduciary net position		41,794
Net Position, beginning of year		_
Prior-period adjustment (Note 17)		38,667
Net Position, beginning of year, restated		38,667
Net Position, end of year	\$	80,461



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The City of Cheyenne, Wyoming (the City or the City of Cheyenne) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and nine elected City Council members. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements include all of the governmental activities and business-type activities relevant to the operations of the City. The accompanying financial statements of the City are to include those separately administered organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable or those that it would be misleading to exclude. Financial accountability is determined based on the appointment of a voting majority of the governing board and either the City's ability to impose its will or the presence of a potential financial benefit or burden to the City. The City of Cheyenne's Board of Public Utilities (the Board) is not a separate legal entity; as such, the Board's information is reported as proprietary funds of the City. The Board's finances are overseen by a finance department separate from the management of the City's other funds. The Board also issues standalone audited financial statements for the waterworks and sewer funds. Additional inquiries regarding the Board or its standalone audited financial statements may be directed to the Board of Public Utilities, Administration Manager, 2416 Snyder Avenue, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82001.

Discretely presented component unit: The Cheyenne Downtown Development Authority (the DDA) was established to account for all the revenues and those expenditures associated with the activities of developing the City's downtown area. The DDA primarily serves the citizens and businesses of the City of Cheyenne, and has historically been dependent upon revenue from property tax assessments and funding from the City of Cheyenne. Due to the nature and significance of its relationship with the City, the exclusion of the DDA would render the financial statements of the City incomplete or misleading. Additional inquiries regarding the DDA may be directed to the Cheyenne Downtown Development Authority, 109 W. 17th Street, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82001. No separate financial statements for the DDA are available.

Nature of operations: The City provides the following services as authorized by Wyoming State Statutes: public safety, street maintenance and operation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, solid waste disposal, and general administrative services.

The DDA plans and implements the restoration and improvement of property within the City's downtown boundaries.

The Board provides all water and sewer services for the City, F.E. Warren Air Force Base, and the South Cheyenne Water & Sewer District. These services include obtaining an adequate source of water supply, water treatment, wastewater collection, and water reclamation.

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities that rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds, major individual enterprise funds, and the Internal Service Fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: The City's government-wide financial statements are designed to present the information in a format more closely resembling that of the private sector and to provide the user with more managerial analysis regarding the financial results and the City's financial outlook.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues, except property taxes, to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are considered available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property, cigarette, and sales taxes; various grants; interest revenue; and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

• *General Fund:* The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

- Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund: The Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund accounts for proceeds of federal grant revenue sources that are restricted externally by the respective awarding agencies in order to administer federal programs.
- *One-Percent Sales Tax Fund:* The One-Percent Sales Tax Fund accounts for the City's share of revenue received and expenditures made with the general-purpose optional 1% sales tax approved by the voters.
- Capital Facilities Tax Fund: The Capital Facilities Tax Fund accounts for the City's share of revenue received and expenditures made with the special-purpose option sales tax approved by the voters for specific capital projects.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Waterworks Fund: The Waterworks Fund accounts for the operation of the water distribution system, which produces and supplies the City and its inhabitants with water for domestic and industrial purposes, and for public use.
- Sewer Fund: The Sewer Fund accounts for operation of the water reclamation plant, sewage pumping stations, and the collection systems.
- Solid Waste Fund: The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the operation of all solid waste activities, including collection and disposal, as mandated by Federal and state regulations, and accumulates funds for the closure and post-closure costs of the landfill.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds: The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
- Capital Projects Funds: The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- *Permanent Fund:* The Permanent Fund is used to account for resources legally restricted for use in the care and maintenance of the City's cemetery.
- Other Proprietary Funds: The Other Proprietary Funds are used to account for the operations of the Civic Center and the Ice and Events Center.
- *Internal Service Fund:* The Internal Service Fund accounts for fleet maintenance and management services provided to other departments, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. Based on the usage of the Internal Service Fund, its activity is allocated 39% to governmental activities and 61% to business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.
- Custodial Fund: The Custodial Fund accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for private organizations. This fund is custodial in nature and the City does not have administrative or direct financial involvement. The Custodial Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water and sewer functions, and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Waterworks, Sewer, Solid Waste, Civic Center, and Ice and Events Center enterprise funds, and the City's Internal Service Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and the Internal Service Fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deposits and investments: The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the end of the fiscal year. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The City also has investments in the Wyoming Government Investment Fund (WGIF), which are reported as cash equivalents due to the City's ability to withdraw funds at any time without restriction. Interest earned is allocated among the various funds based on the average monthly outstanding balance in the consolidated bank account. Accrued interest is shown separately on the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet. The City uses consolidated bank accounts, which earn interest at variable interest rates. Occasionally, certain individual funds may reflect a deficiency in the cash balance per books. These deficit cash balances are reported as an interfund payable between the fund showing the deficit and the fund showing the related asset.

Investments, which consist of certificates of deposit, money market certificates, mortgage-backed securities, government securities and the State Treasurer's Investment Pools (WYO-STAR I and WYO-STAR II) (collectively, WYO-STAR) are reported at fair value at June 30, 2021. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. As of June 30, 2021, the City had recurring fair value measurements of mortgage-backed securities and government securities in the amount of \$31,531,441, which are valued using a matrix pricing model and the market approach (Level 2 inputs). The City also had recurring fair value measurements of negotiable certificates of deposit in the amount of \$5,248,208, which are valued using a matrix pricing model and the market approach (Level 2 inputs).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

A significant portion of the City's investment activity, except for funds that are required to maintain their investments separately, is conducted in the WYO-STAR pooled investment accounts with the Wyoming State Treasurer's office. WYO-STAR operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The City considers fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021 for WYO-STAR to be completed by the pool using the matrix pricing model and the market approach (Level 2 inputs).

Receivables and payables: Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Accounts receivable customers are shown on the Statement of Net Position, net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$330,887 at June 30, 2021.

Property is annually valued and assessed on January 1. Taxes are levied on or about August 1 and are payable in two installments on September 1 and March 1, with delinquent dates of November 10 and May 10, respectively. If the first installment is not paid, the entire levy is delinquent on December 31; an enforceable lien is attached to the property on May 11. Laramie County bills and collects property taxes for all municipalities and political subdivisions within Laramie County, including the City of Cheyenne and the DDA.

The City is permitted by Wyoming State Statutes to levy up to eight mills of the assessed valuation, except for the payment of public debt and the interest thereon. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt, for the year ended June 30, 2021 was eight mills, which means the City has no available tax margin and, accordingly, cannot raise any additional property taxes.

The estimated unbilled usage receivable represents the unbilled utility services that have been provided but not billed as of the end of the year.

Inventories: Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined by the weighted-average method, or market. All purchases of supplies are recorded as expenditures when used or issued to the user department (consumption method).

Restricted assets: By voter approval, restricted assets include cash, cash equivalents, and investments required to be set aside as specific-purpose sales and use taxes for the exclusive purpose of funding various projects. Assets held by the City in a bond reserve fund are deemed restricted. Assets held by the Board for the City's sanitation, as well as amounts due from the State of Wyoming on requested loan advances, are also deemed restricted. In addition, cash required to be set aside for the repair and maintenance of capital assets that were funded by the State of Wyoming loans are deemed restricted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Capital assets: Capital assets of governmental funds and the Solid Waste, Civic Center, Ice and Events Center, and Fleet Maintenance proprietary funds, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of governmental funds and the Solid Waste, Civic Center, Ice and Events Center, and Fleet Maintenance activities are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30-50 years
Infrastructure	15-40 years
Improvements	20 years
Equipment	5-20 years

Sewer and Waterworks capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., water and sewer lines), are reported in the applicable business-type activities columns in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are defined by the Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Assets such as land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and utility plant in service are reported at an estimated historical cost, as determined by an independent study as of June 30, 1973, plus additions since that time have been recorded at historical cost. Property and equipment donated by developers are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation for the Waterworks and Sewer capital assets has been provided over the following estimated useful lives computed by the straight-line method:

Utility plant in service:

Waterworks system	10-50 years
Sewer system	10-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Transportation equipment	5 years
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Office furniture and equipment	3-5 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Impairments: The City evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances that affect capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. Such events or changes in circumstances that may be indicative of impairment include evidence of physical damage, enactment or approval of laws or regulations or other changes in environmental factors, technological changes or evidence of obsolescence, changes in the manner or duration of use of a capital asset, and construction stoppage. The City will consider an asset impaired if both the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and the event or change in circumstance is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. The City will recognize the impairment loss when the City considers a capital asset impaired, and will recognize the capital asset at the lower of the carrying value or fair value.

Compensated absences: City employees, other than employees of the Board, earn vacation leave at the following rates:

	Vacation Hours
Months of Service	Accrued per Month
0-60	8.67
61-120	10.67
121-180	12.67
181-240	14.67
Over 240	16.67

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation. Accumulated vacation leave in excess of 240 hours shall be deemed forfeited at the end of the December pay period. Sick leave accrues at the rate of 10 hours per month and employees may accumulate unlimited hours of sick leave (unless hired after July 1, 2015 and are, therefore, entitled to accumulate 520 hours of sick leave) but, upon termination, are only paid up to one-half of the accrued sick leave, not to exceed 240 hours of sick leave. Nonexempt full-time employees of the City may earn up to 80 hours of compensatory time in lieu of overtime wages. Compensatory time is earned at one-and-one-half hours for time worked in excess of 40 hours in a workweek. Upon termination, an employee is paid for his or her accrued unused compensatory time. Payment is calculated using the rate of pay at the time of termination.

Nonexempt full-time and part-time employees of the Waterworks and Sewer departments are eligible to earn and use compensatory time upon employment. Compensatory time may be earned in lieu of overtime wages and call-back wages. Compensatory time is earned at one-and-one-half hours for time worked in excess of 40 hours in a workweek and for call-back hours. The maximum accumulation of compensatory time is 120 hours. A full-time or part-time exempt employee may earn administrative time at a rate of one-for-one for hours worked above 40 in a workweek, up to a maximum of 120 hours. Upon termination, an employee is paid for his or her accrued unused compensatory or administrative time, not to exceed 120 hours. Payment is calculated using the rate of pay at the time of termination.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Employees of the Board earn vacation leave at the following rates:

	Vacation Hours
Months of Service	Accrued per Month
0-48	8.0
49-96	10.0
97-144	12.0
145-192	14.0
Over 192	16.0

Accumulated vacation leave in excess of 30 days shall be deemed forfeited at the end of the December pay period.

Employees of the Board accrue sick leave up to a maximum of 480 hours for a full-time employee and 240 hours for a part-time employee on the basis of the number of hours worked in the month at the following rates:

Hours Worked per Month	Sick Leave Hours Accrued per Month
160 or more	10.0
120-159	7.5
80-119	5.0
40-79	2.5
39 or less	No accrual

Vacation and sick leave shall be granted to permanent employees only. Probationary employees can accrue vacation and sick leave on the last day of the month following the date of hire and are eligible to use this leave as soon as it is earned. Unused vacation and sick leave of City personnel are accumulated during employment. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured (for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements). The liability for compensated absences is accrued as benefits are accumulated in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Upon termination of employment, an employee is paid for his or her other accrued unused vacation leave and one-half of his or her accrued unused sick leave up to 240 hours.

Long-term obligations: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary funds in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount (if any).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses (if any). Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Bond issuance costs: Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

Fund balance: The City reports the fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements in one of the following five categories.

- 1. *Nonspendable fund balance:* This classification reflects the portion of net resources that is inherently nonspendable because of its form or because it must be maintained intact, which for the City includes prepaid items, inventories, and the long-term portion of annexation loans in the General Fund.
- 2. Restricted fund balance: The portion of fund balance for which there are legally enforceable restrictions on use, either by limitations imposed (1) by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) by laws representing amounts constrained to a specific purpose by their providers, through constructional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- 3. *Committed fund balance:* The portion of net resources for which there are self-imposed limitations enacted by the City Council that (1) require formal action at the same level to remove; and (2) are set in place prior to the end of the period. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded through motion action enacted by the City Council.
- 4. Assigned fund balance: This classification reflects the portion of fund balance for which there are limitations that result from intended use established by the City Council or the Mayor. The City's policy delegates to the City Treasurer the authority to assign unrestricted fund balance amounts.
- 5. *Unassigned fund balance:* The portion of net resources that is residual after nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned amounts have been determined.

The City's policy on the order in which unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are to be used when any of these amounts are available for expenditure is to first apply the committed fund balance, then the assigned fund balance, and finally the unassigned fund balance.

Net position: Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any related accounts payable balances. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments.

Unearned fees and deposits: The Board charges new customers a tap fee for water and sewer services. In addition, the Board assesses a system development fee for each service. These fees are paid in advance and recorded as unearned before the service is active. Once the new connections are inspected and service begins, the tap and system development fees become earned and recognized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Estimates: The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Encumbrances: Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year. Encumbrances are reflected as a restricted, committed, or assigned portion of the fund balance. The City's encumbrances have been included within the fund balance, as follows:

General Fund:	
Assigned	\$ 248,613
One-Percent Sales Tax Fund:	
Restricted	1,376,255
Capital Facilities Tax Fund:	
Restricted	110,076
Other governmental funds:	
Restricted	283,726
Committed	 20,706
Total encumbrances	\$ 2,039,376

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and, thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has recognized deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with presentation requirements for Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as amended, and GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended. The Board also recognizes a deferred outflow of resources for the loss on refunding, which is amortized over the life of the related debt.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has recognized deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with presentation requirements for GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75, as well as unavailable property taxes. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Pensions: The City and the Board participate in several pension plans, all cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Wyoming Retirement System (WRS). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the plans have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): The total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense associated with the City of Cheyenne Retiree Health Care Plan (the Plan) have been actuarially determined. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Fund deficit: The following funds had a deficit balance at June 30, 2021:

	Deficit
	 Balance
Fund:	
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	\$ (176,581)
Civic Center	(545,685)

The fund deficit in Miscellaneous Federal Grants is due to retainage liabilities that do not qualify for reimbursement until the liability is actually paid in a future year.

The fund deficit for the Civic Center is due to the reorganization of the Civic Center. In fiscal year 2018, it moved from the Mayor's Department to the Community Recreation and Events (CRE) Department. Under previous Civic Center leadership, the facility played host to an average of eight performances per year, in addition to a few rentals from outside promoters and outside organizations. CRE developed a strategy to change the facility operations to diversify programming and audiences and offer a wider variety of events. This strategy was implemented in fiscal year 2019 but still resulted in a net loss. During the first six months of fiscal year 2020, the Civic Center saw an improvement with a net loss that was significantly less compared to the same period in fiscal year 2019. However, once the COVID-19 pandemic began and the facility closed in March 2020 for the remainder of the fiscal year, the net loss grew to a total of \$516,719 for fiscal year 2020. The governing body did approve a substantial General Fund transfer in the fiscal year 2021 budget in the amount of \$895,000. Therefore, this transfer decreased the fund deficit from \$1,091,859 as of June 30, 2020 to \$545,685 as of June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability, Continued

Fund balance specific-purpose details: The following table outlines the specific-purpose details for governmental fund balances of the City:

			Special Capital		Capital			
	 General Revenue			Projects	P	ermanent	Total	
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$ 87,647	\$	59,679	\$	18,353	\$	-	\$ 165,679
Long-term notes receivable	6,069		-		-		-	6,069
Restricted:								
Bond ordinances	544,938		-		-		-	544,938
Weed and pest programs	-		638,307		-		-	638,307
Capital projects	-		-		67,887,766		-	67,887,766
Cemetery projects	-		-		-		800,131	800,131
Juvenile justice programs	-		210,410		-		-	210,410
Grants	-		728,320		-		-	728,320
Housing programs	-		300,356		-		-	300,356
Youth programs	-		75,062		-		-	75,062
Committed:								
Capital projects	883,333		569,818		1,593,483		-	3,046,634
Annexation improvements	-		250,000		-		-	250,000
Youth and recreation programs	-		1,245,359		-		-	1,245,359
Assigned:								
Future expenditures	617,605		-		-		-	617,605
Agency accounts	1,584,922		-		-		-	1,584,922
Fire Pension A	1,000,000		-		-		-	1,000,000
Data center	590,856		-		-		-	590,856
Annexation improvements	-		10,967		-		-	10,967
Youth programs	-		-		32,107		-	32,107
Unassigned	 23,654,025		(180,731)		-		-	23,473,294
Total	\$ 28,969,395	\$	3,907,547	\$	69,531,709	\$	800,131	\$ 103,208,782

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Investments authorized by the City's investment policy: The City follows the guidelines set forth in Wyoming State Statute 9-4-831 as it relates to the investment of public funds. The City's investment policy requires investments to comply with Wyoming State Statutes, which generally allow the City to invest in U.S., state, and local government securities and accounts of any bank or savings association that is Federally insured or secured by a pledge of assets, including bonds, debentures, and other securities in which the City may by law invest. All investments made during the year were made within these statutory limits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments, Continued

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits and non-negotiable certificates of deposit is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Wyoming State Statutes require that the City's and the Board's deposits in excess of the Federal depository insurance must be collateralized. In addition to the applicable Wyoming State Statutes, the City's and the Board's policies require all deposits to be collateralized at 105% of the amount invested, including accrued interest, to further reduce their exposure to custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2021, the deposits of the City and the Board were fully insured and collateralized as required by Wyoming State Statutes and City/Board policies. The deposits of the component unit of the City were fully insured and collateralized at June 30, 2021.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the City and the Board will not be able to recover the value of their investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Wyoming State Statutes limit the type of investments the City and the Board can use. Wyoming State Statutes limit investments primarily to U.S., state and local government securities and accounts of any bank or savings association that are Federally insured or secured by a pledge of assets, including bonds, debentures, and other securities in which the State Treasurer may by law invest, thereby reducing the City's and the Board's exposure to custodial credit risk for their investments. As of June 30, 2021, all investment securities were held by the City's and the Board's custodians and registered in the City's or the Board's name.

Concentration of credit risk: The City's investment policy states that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities, obligations, and securities issued by or guaranteed by any Federal government agency or instrumentality, certificates of deposit, or authorized pools, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type. The City met this limitation as of June 30, 2021. The City held \$5,927,182 or 5.5% of its portfolio in Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) Pools and \$734,917 or 0.7% of its portfolio in FNMA as of June 30, 2021. The Board's policy does not allow more than 50% of the total investment portfolio to be invested in any one single security type or more than 5% in any one single obligor, with the exception of funds held in WYO-STAR. Therefore, no further disclosure regarding concentrations of credit risk is required.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investments are held in external pooled investment accounts, bank certificates of deposit, and accounts managed by an investment manager, and as a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City attempts to match its investment maturities to expected cash flow needs. Unless matched to a specified cash flow, the City's policy is to maintain a weighted-average life of less than seven years. The Board's investment portfolio shall have a minimum level of three months of budgeted operating expenditures in short-term investments to be maintained to provide sufficient liquidity for expected disbursements. At June 30, 2021, the Board's investments met this policy. With this investment focus, investments are expected to reach maturity with limited gains and losses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments, Continued

The maturities and applicable interest rates of the City's and the Board's investments are displayed in the following interest rate risk table:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)						
	Fair Value	Interest Rate	Less than 1		1-5		6-10	M	ore than 10
Investment type:									
Certificates of deposit	\$ 5,248,20	8 0.20% -2.80%	\$ 1,002,738	\$	4,123,625	\$	121,845	\$	-
U.S. government securities	22,286,86	7 0.13% -0.75%	-		21,722,875		451,428		112,564
U.S. agencies	9,244,57	4 0.32% -6.50%	-		257,167		788,482		8,198,925
State Treasurer's Investment Pool:									
WYO-STAR I	103,747,14	9 0.57%	103,747,149		-		-		-
WYO-STAR II	9,028,16	3 2.26%	9,028,163		-		-		-
WGIF	3,32	8 0.04%	3,328		-		-		-
Government mutual funds	24,77	8	24,778		-		-		
	\$ 149,583,06	<u>7</u>	\$ 113,806,156	\$	26,103,667	\$	1,361,755	\$	8,311,489

The City holds certain investments that are classified as "highly sensitive." These securities, because of their specific type and structure, are rate-sensitive as market conditions change. Step-up bonds are structured so that the bonds, at strategic times during their life, will step up to a higher interest rate if they are not called. The portfolio holds \$299,946 or 0.28% of the securities in step-up structured bonds.

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The City's and the Board's investment policies do not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the City's or the Board's exposure to credit risk. Credit risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Under investment agreements with WYO-STAR and WGIF, the City and the Board have invested monies at a variable and fixed contract rate of interest, respectively. There is no rating available for the WYO-STAR investments; however, under Wyoming State Statutes, underlying providers are required to have the highest rating from at least one of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The WGIF investment received a AAA rating by Standard & Poor's. State law does not allow governments to invest in corporate bonds, stocks, or mutual funds, and limits investments in commercial paper to short-term maturities (not greater than 270 days) and to top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (Moody's and Standard & Poor's). Obligations of the U.S. government and obligations specifically guaranteed are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. Of the investments in U.S. agencies, \$9,244,574 were not rated. The City's investments in the governmental mutual funds were not rated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Capital Assets

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance	Additions	Retirements			Balance		
	 July 1, 2020	and Transfers	а	and Transfers		une 30, 2021		
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 11,849,660	\$ 2,884,999	\$	-	\$	14,734,659		
Construction in progress	 34,235,354	11,681,215		(34,923,632)		10,992,937		
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated	 46,085,014	14,566,214		(34,923,632)		25,727,596		
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	122,973,452	14,093,290		-		137,066,742		
Machinery and equipment	16,006,145	1,945,571		(417,109)		17,534,607		
Transportation equipment	23,036,660	2,491,419		(2,783,518)		22,744,561		
Office furniture and equipment	3,924,652	508,549		(24,659)		4,408,542		
Infrastructure	231,910,191	24,426,541		-		256,336,732		
Total capital assets being						_		
de pre ciate d	 397,851,100	43,465,370		(3,225,286)		438,091,184		
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	42,085,157	3,988,506		-		46,073,663		
Machinery and equipment	8,545,318	1,011,035		(405,369)		9,150,984		
Transportation equipment	17,163,298	1,421,497		(2,690,420)		15,894,375		
Office furniture and equipment	2,856,243	436,830		(24,659)		3,268,414		
Infrastructure	104,791,059	4,520,060		-		109,311,119		
Total accumulated								
depreciation	175,441,075	11,377,928		(3,120,448)		183,698,555		
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	 222,410,025	32,087,442		(104,838)		254,392,629		
Governmental activities,								
capital assets, net	\$ 268,495,039	\$ 46,653,656	\$	(35,028,470)	\$	280,120,225		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Capital Assets, Continued

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

		Balance		Additions Retirements		Balance		
	J	uly 1, 2020 *	a	nd Transfers		and Transfers		une 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	12,044,867	\$	160,005	\$	-	\$	12,204,872
Water rights		1,797,968		-		-		1,797,968
Construction in progress		11,289,917		13,916,823		(7,865,419)		17,341,321
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		25,132,752		14,076,828		(7,865,419)		31,344,161
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Utility plant in service		577,215,219		8,752,802		-		585,968,021
Machinery and equipment		9,653,928		84,556		(1,053,741)		8,684,743
Transportation equipment		13,141,860		2,686,366		(401,397)		15,426,829
Buildings and improvements		34,183,540		656,744		-		34,840,284
Office furniture and equipment		1,710,695		109,597		-		1,820,292
Total capital assets being								
depreciated		635,905,242		12,290,065		(1,455,138)		646,740,169
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Utility plant in service		270,249,672		12,743,146		-		282,992,818
Machinery and equipment		4,764,669		412,717		(365,394)		4,811,992
Transportation equipment		7,573,142		1,237,480		(398,652)		8,411,970
Buildings and improvements		11,122,910		1,005,091	-		12,128,001	
Office furniture and equipment		1,654,352		32,632	32,632 -			1,686,984
Total accumulated								
depreciation		295,364,745		15,431,066		(764,046)		310,031,765
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		340,540,497		(3,141,001)		(691,092)		336,708,404
Business-type activities,								
capital assets, net	\$	365,673,249	\$	10,935,827	\$	(8,556,511)	\$	368,052,565

^{*}Certain accumulated depreciation amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020 have been reclassified to be consistent with the classifications as presented in the Board's audited financial statements.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government, as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	1,174,927
Public safety		2,146,119
Public works		5,467,229
Recreation		2,589,653
Total depreciation expense,	¢	11 277 020
governmental activities	_ \$	11,377,928

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Capital Assets, Continued

Business-type activities:	
Waterworks	\$ 9,148,524
Sewer	4,003,474
Solid Waste Fund	1,877,851
Civic Center	64,058
Ice and Events Center	128,300
Fleet Maintenance	 208,859
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	\$ 15,431,066

Note 5. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	F	fund-Level Fin	ancia	l Statements
		Due from/to	Oth	er Funds
		Receivable		Payable
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	\$	1,398,655	\$	-
Special Revenue Funds:				
Local and State Grants		151,193		-
Community Development Block Grant		-		41,700
Transportation Planning		-		77,245
Law Enforcement Block Grant		-		40,500
UMTA Transit Grant		-		13,860
Development Impact Fees		-		92,000
Internal Service Fund		12,826		-
Business-type activities:				
Waterworks		-		2,422,126
Sewer		-		5,929
Solid Waste		2,262,286		-
Civic Center		-		891,000
Ice and Events Center		-		240,600
	\$	3,824,960	\$	3,824,960

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers, Continued

A balance of \$2,262,286 due from the Waterworks and Sewer funds to the Solid Waste Fund resulted from the Board's billing and collection of sanitation charges on behalf of the City. All other balances resulted from the time lag between dates that (1) interfund goods and services were provided or reimbursable expenses occurred; (2) transactions were recorded in the accounting systems; and (3) payments between funds were made.

Transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	 Transfers In	Transfers Out			
Governmental activities:					
General Fund	\$ 3,138,084	\$	1,113,833		
Special Revenue Funds:					
Transportation Planning	39,022		-		
Law Enforcement Block Grant	59,055		-		
Recreation Programs	35,200		-		
Federal Grants Fund	-		798,986		
Belvoir Ranch Recreation	12,000		-		
Annexation Improvements	23,278		-		
Capital Projects Funds:					
One-Percent Sales Tax	-		39,022		
Permanent Fund:					
Cemetery Perpetual Care	 -		2,427		
Total governmental activities	3,306,639		1,954,268		
Business-type activities:					
Solid Waste	_		2,327,371		
Civic Center	895,000		-		
Ice and Events Center	80,000		-		
Total business-type activities	975,000		2,327,371		
V-					
Total primary government	\$ 4,281,639	\$	4,281,639		

During the year ended June 30, 2021, transfers were used to (1) move revenues from the fund that Wyoming State Statutes or the budget require expending them; and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The amounts presented in this note encompass only interfund activity between governmental funds and proprietary funds when applicable. Amounts due to and from, and transfers to and from, the fiduciary fund are not included.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Leases

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of landfill and fire equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Machinery and equipment/transportation equipment	\$ 7,375,441
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,446,240)
Total	\$ 3,929,201
The capital lease obligations payable as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:	
Lease payable for landfill equipment, due in semi-annual installments of \$128,636, with interest at 2.61%, through December 2021, with	
a final purchase option payment in June 2022.	\$ 628,351
Lease payable for landfill equipment, due in semi-annual installments	
of \$64,651, with interest at 2.61%, through December 2022, with a	
final purchase option payment in June 2023.	434,534
Lease payable for fire equipment, due in annual installments of	
\$124,133, with interest at 4.65%, through February 2023.	231,964
Lease payable for fire equipment, due in annual installments of	
\$103,220, with interest at 4.97%, through November 2023.	281,252
	\$ 1,576,101

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

A	ctivities		
	oti v itios		Activities
\$	227,353	\$	772,482
227,353			323,256
103,220			-
	557,926		1,095,738
	(44,710)		(32,853)
\$	513,216	\$	1,062,885
	\$	227,353 103,220 557,926 (44,710)	227,353 103,220 557,926 (44,710)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Leases, Continued

On May 2, 2014, the City entered into an agreement with the Wyoming Business Council (the Council) and Granite Peak Development (the Developer) for the funding of the Swan Ranch Rail Spur (the Rail Spur). In connection with the development of the Rail Spur, the City received a grant with recapture totaling \$2,000,000 and a loan totaling \$2,453,943 from the Council, for a total net investment in direct financing lease receivable of \$4,453,943 (see Note 7 for disclosures on the loan). After completion of the project, the City leased the Rail Spur to the Developer. General terms of the lease included no principal payments until November 1, 2019, with annual payments of principal and interest of \$661,982 after that. Upon the end of the lease, ownership of the Rail Spur will be transferred to the Developer.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City received monthly payments from the Developer totaling \$661,982.

The City anticipates receiving lease payments as follows: \$661,982 for fiscal years 2022 through 2025, and \$275,826 in fiscal year 2026; of that amount, \$78,285 is interest.

Note 7. Long-Term Debt

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

Wyoming State Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$32,910,392.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

General long-term debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021		nount Due in One Year
Governmental activities:			
Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2021, original amount of			
\$5,455,0000, due in annual installments of \$560,000 to			
\$1,575,000 through April 2028, plus interest from 0.3% to			
1.03%. Secured by pledge of Federal mineral royalties and			
gross parking fee revenues received.	\$	5,455,000	\$ 560,000
Due to the Council, original amount of \$4,453,943, with interest			
at 0.5%, due annually on November 1. Annual principal and			
interest payments beginning in fiscal year 2020 are \$661,982			
through fiscal year 2026. Secured by the collateral assignment			
of a promissory note, mortgage and railroad easement, and			
track lease between the City and the Developer.		3,212,883	629,853
Total governmental activities		8,667,883	1,189,853
Business-type activities:			
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and			
Investments, DWSRF Loan #133, advances on a \$7,400,000			
loan for the construction of the Hydro-Electric Generation			
Project. Interest thereon is at 0.0% for a term of 20 years.			
Upon completion of the Project, loan shall be granted principal			
forgiveness in an amount not to exceed \$750,000. The			
payments are currently estimated at \$370,000 per year.			
Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's			
water system user fees necessary to meet the annual payment.		1,048,748	-
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and			
Investments, CWSRF Loan #143, original amount of \$875,000			
for the Holliday Park Reuse Project, with interest at 0.0%.			
Principal amounts of \$37,500 are due annually in September			
through 2037. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues			
from the City's wastewater user fees necessary to meet the			
annual loan payment.		600,000	37,500
Balance forward		1,648,748	37,500

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

		Balance ane 30, 2021	Amount Due within One Year		
Balance forwarded	\$	1,648,748	\$	37,500	
Business-type activities, <i>Continued:</i>					
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #144, original amount of					
\$1,300,000 for Southern Interceptor Main with interest at					
2.5%, due annually on December 1. Annual principal and					
interest payments are \$83,391 through 2039. Secured by					
pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater					
user fees necessary to meet the annual loan payment.		1,196,062		53,899	
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and					
Investments, DWSRF Loan #177, original amount of					
\$5,280,000 for the design and construction of Phase III of the Southern Water Transmission Main, with interest at 2.5%, due					
annually on March 1. This loan is also granted principal					
forgiveness up to 25% of the loan, not to exceed \$1,320,000.					
Annual principal and interest payments are \$186,808 per year					
through 2038. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues					
from the City's water system user fees necessary to meet the					
annual payment.		2,559,392		123,719	
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and					
Investments, DWSRF Loan #065, original amount of					
\$5,600,000 for the Southern Water Transmission Main					
Phase I Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on					
September 1. Annual principal and interest payments are					
\$334,582 through 2029. Secured by pledge and assignment of					
revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to meet the annual loan payment.		2,400,060		275,343	
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and		2,400,000		273,343	
Investments, DWSRF Loan #120, original amount of					
\$7,494,828 for the design and construction of Phase II of the					
Southern Water Transmission Main, with interest at 2.5%, due					
annually on June 1. Annual principal and interest payments are					
\$480,772 per year through 2034. Secured by pledge and					
assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees					
necessary to meet the annual loan payment.		5,280,506		348,762	
Balance forward		13,084,768		839,223	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

	J	Balance une 30, 2021	nount Due in One Year
Balance forwarded	\$	13,084,768	\$ 839,223
Business-type activities, <i>Continued:</i> 2013 Refunding Revenue Water Note, original amount of \$8,740,000, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$215,000 to \$955,000 through December 2025; interest at 2.41%. Note originated to refinance the callable portion of 2007 Water Revenue Bonds. Secured by pledge of revenues			
from the City's water system tap and user fees and system development fees, net of premiums. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #159, advances on \$9,900,000 loan for the Southern Sewer Interceptor Main. Interest thereon is 2.5% for a term of 20 years. The payments are currently estimated at \$635,057 per year. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees		4,160,000	891,750
necessary to meet the annual loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF #034, original amount of \$825,000, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on December 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$47,729 through 2025 for funding of the City's Water Main Rehabilitation Project for fiscal year 2004. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to meet the annual		9,108,466	410,464
loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF #084, original amount of \$375,000 loan for the planning phase of the Administration Building Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on June 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$24,055 through 2032. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater		179,640	43,240
user fees necessary to meet the annual loan payment.		228,867	 18,334
Balance forward		26,761,741	2,203,011

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

	J	Balance une 30, 2021	Amount Due within One Year		
Balance forwarded	\$	26,761,741	\$	2,203,011	
Business-type activities, <i>Continued:</i>					
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and					
Investments, CWSRF Loan #046, original amount of					
\$36,450,000, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on June 1.					
Annual principal and interest payments are \$2,338,163 through					
2026 for the Dry and Crow Creek Rehab Construction Project.					
Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues generated from					
the City's wastewater user fees necessary to meet the annual					
loan payment.		10,865,086		2,066,595	
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and					
Investments, CWSRF Loan #081, original amount of					
\$1,280,000 for the extension of Cheyenne's Recycled Water					
System Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on					
September 1. Annual principal and interest payments are					
\$81,843 through 2030. Secured by pledge and assignment of					
revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to		652 604		65.501	
meet the annual loan payment.		652,684		65,731	
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and					
Investments, DWSRF Loan #056, original amount of					
\$1,300,000, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on March 1.					
Annual principal and interest payments are \$61,885 through					
2028. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the					
City's water system user fees necessary to meet the annual		202.054		52.062	
loan payment.		393,054		52,062	
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and					
Investments, CWSRF Loan #060, original amount of \$2,900,000, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on					
•					
September 1. Annual principal and interest payments are					
\$174,898 through 2029. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees necessary to					
meet the annual loan payment.		1,253,489		143,932	
Balance forward		39,926,054		4,531,331	
Darance forward		37,720,034		4,331,331	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

	J	Balance une 30, 2021	amount Due hin One Year
Balance forwarded	\$	39,926,054	\$ 4,531,331
Business-type activities, <i>Continued:</i> Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF Loan #079, original amount of \$5,130,509 for the 30" Transmission Line Replacement Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on September 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$329,107 through 2031. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to meet the annual			
loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF Loan #106, original amount of \$3,500,000 for the construction phase of the Administration Building Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on June 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$159,062 through		3,116,844	250,828
 2032. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees necessary to meet the annual loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #115, original amount of \$3,500,000 for the construction phase of the Administration Building Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on June 1. 		1,513,360	121,228
Annual principal and interest payments are \$159,062 through 2032. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees necessary to meet the annual loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and		1,513,360	121,228
Investments, CWSRF Loan #133, advances on a \$5,000,000 loan for Crow Creek Plant Improvements Project, with interest at 2.5% annually on June 15. Annual principal and interest payments are \$320,736 through 2039. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees		2 740 724	226,993
necessary to meet the annual loan payment. Balance forward		3,749,736 49,819,354	5,251,608

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

	J	Balance une 30, 2021	Amount Due within One Year		
Balance forwarded	\$	49,819,354	\$	5,251,608	
Business-type activities, <i>Continued</i> :					
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Land and					
Investments, DWSRF Loan #229, original amount of					
\$3,960,000 for the North City Zone Improvements Project.					
Interest thereon is at 2.5% for a term of 20 years. The					
payments are currently estimated at \$254,023 per year.					
Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's					
water system user fees necessary to meet the annual loan					
payment.		43,750		-	
Total business-type activities		49,863,104		5,251,608	
Total long-term debt	\$	58,530,987	\$	6,441,461	

The annual debt service requirements of the long-term debt and current principal maturities as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				 Business-T	ype A	Activities
		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
Years ending June 30:							
2022	\$	1,189,853	\$	56,187	\$ 5,251,608	\$	1,184,324
2023		1,236,152		51,247	5,382,568		1,054,882
2024		1,252,513		45,786	5,567,548		922,215
2025		1,308,938		39,645	5,700,759		786,230
2026		1,360,427		32,441	5,279,520		650,880
2027-2031		2,320,000		39,746	12,294,451		2,036,004
2032-2036		-		-	7,622,065		761,360
2037-2041		-		-	2,655,335		131,994
2042-2046		-			 109,250		_
	\$	8,667,883	\$	265,052	\$ 49,863,104	\$	7,527,889

In May 2014, the Board received approval of a \$1,206,000 grant from the Wyoming Water Development Commission for the design and construction of the Southern Water Transmission Main Phase III project. The grant provisions required the Board to maintain a capital additions and replacement reserve of \$500,000, which is included in restricted net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

The Board has pledged and assigned future water system and wastewater user fees to meet the annual debt requirements. Proceeds from the debt have been used to improve, expand, and replace the distribution system, source of supply, and treatment facilities. The proportion of pledged revenues to total revenues is not estimable because annual total fees fluctuate annually. Principal and interest paid for the current year totaled \$6,406,984. Net customer revenues totaled \$33,810,551 for the year. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$57,390,993, which is the amount of the remaining principal and interest on outstanding debt.

The City has pledged and assigned future Federal mineral royalties and gross parking fee revenues to meet certain annual debt requirements of the Series 2021 Refunding Revenue Bonds. Proceeds from the original debt were used to construct a parking facility. The proportion of pledged revenues to total revenues is not estimable because annual total fees fluctuate annually. Principal and interest paid for the current year totaled \$687,488. Net mineral royalties totaled \$2,714,100 and gross parking fees totaled \$275,321 for the year. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$5,671,539, which is the amount of the remaining principal and interest on the related outstanding debt.

Advance and current refundings: On December 21, 2007, the Board issued \$12,330,000 in Refunding Revenue Water Bonds with an average interest rate of 4.368% in order to refinance two Wyoming Water Development Commission loans totaling \$8,043,330 and one Permanent Mineral Trust fund loan for \$3,567,231 bearing substantially higher interest rates between 5.5% and 7.25%. The proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds, together with other available monies of the Board, were used to: (i) refinance the above-referenced loans in the amount of \$11,610,561; (ii) pay expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the Bonds in the amount of \$102,636; and (iii) establish a debt service reserve fund for the Bonds in the amount of \$989,594.

On December 27, 2013, the Board entered into an agreement with Colorado State Bank and Trust to authorize an advance refunding of a portion of the 2007 Refunding Revenue Water Bonds. The Board received an \$8,740,000 Refunding Revenue Water Note with an annual interest rate of 2.41%, with the proceeds to be deposited in a special fund and trust account to be used to refund, pay, discharge, and redeem the portion of the refunded bonds outstanding and maturing on or after December 1, 2016. The costs from the advance refunding include a deferred loss of \$525,305, which is being charged to operations through the year 2025 using the effective interest method. The Board completed the advance refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$1,065,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$700,000. As of June 30, 2021, the deferred loss on refunding totaled \$214,959 and is classified as a deferred outflow of resources.

On June 12, 2012, the City issued \$9,455,000 in Refunding Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 2.537% to advance refund \$8,975,000 of outstanding 2003 Series Bonds with an average interest rate of 3.985%. The net proceeds of \$9,211,981 (after the payment of \$125,711 in underwriting fees and issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments to the 2003 Series Bonds that were defeased. As a result, the 2003 Series Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The net proceeds also included a net discount on the bond issue of \$117,308, which was previously being charged to operations through the year 2028 using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

On March 30, 2021, the City issued \$5,445,000 in Refunding Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 0.857% to advance refund \$5,800,000 of outstanding 2012 Series Bonds with an average interest rate of 2.537%. The net proceeds of \$5,365,000 (after the payment of \$80,000 in underwriting fees and issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments to the 2012 Series Bonds that were defeased. As a result, the 2012 Series Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide Statement of Net Position. As of June 30, 2021, the outstanding in-substance defeased debt was \$5,455,000.

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions for the City for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning						Ending]	Due within
		Balance		Additions	Reductions		Balance			One Year
Governmental activities:										
Revenue bonds	\$	6,325,000	\$	5,455,000	\$	(6,325,000)	\$	5,455,000	\$	560,000
Less: Discount on refunding		(64,580)		-		64,580		-		-
Note payable		4,108,603		-		(895,720)		3,212,883		629,853
Leases payable		621,528		-		(108,312)		513,216		202,588
Compensated absences		4,463,325		3,401,170		(3,238,030)		4,626,465		3,238,819
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	15,453,876	\$	8,856,170	\$	(10,502,482)	\$	13,807,564	\$	4,631,260
Business-type activities:										
Refunding revenue bonds	\$	5,030,000	\$	-	\$	(870,000)	\$	4,160,000	\$	891,750
Loans payable		49,661,558		296,334		(4,254,788)		45,703,104		4,359,858
Leases payable		2,217,212		-		(1,154,327)		1,062,885		747,082
Landfill closure and post-closure costs		8,690,962		310,488		-		9,001,450		-
Compensated absences and early										
retirement		1,948,142		1,120,143		(1,158,954)		1,909,331		911,152
Business-type activities	¢	<i>27 5 1</i> 7 9 7 <i>1</i>	¢	1 726 065	¢	(7.429.060)	¢	61 926 770	¢	6,000,942
long-term liabilities	\$	67,547,874	\$	1,726,965	\$	(7,438,069)	\$	61,836,770	\$	6,909,842

For governmental activities, revenue bonds and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The note payable is liquidated by the Local and State Grant Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments

All eligible City employees are covered under one of the four following retirement plans. Below is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows, net pension liabilities and pension expense for the defined benefit plans:

	Deferred Outflows - Pension Plans		Deferred Inflows -	1.0	et Pension Liability	Pension Expense
Pension plans:	 CHSTOTI I Taris		Chiston Frans		лаотту	LAPCHSC
Public Employee Pension Plan:						
City of Cheyenne	\$ 1,730,802	\$	(5,772,332)	\$ (1	9,831,406)	\$ 1,095,885
Board of Public Utilities	681,800		(2,181,553)	(9,005,488)	585,294
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A	-		(1,544,904)	(9	4,742,430)	18,642,817
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B	4,039,764		(8,889,651)		555,157	3,820
Law Enforcement Pension Plan	3,038,710		(5,306,947)	((3,153,265)	512,324
Total	\$ 9,491,076	\$	(23,695,387)	\$(12	6,177,432)	\$ 20,840,140

Public Employee Pension Plan:

Plan description: The City and the Board participate in the WRS's statewide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the WRS Board. Substantially all City full-time employees not covered by the Law Enforcement Pension Plan, Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A, or Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B, and substantially all employees of the Board are eligible to participate. Participants who retire at age 60 with four years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit according to predetermined formulas and are allowed to select one of seven optional methods for receiving benefits. Early retirement is allowed provided the employee has completed four years of service and attained the age of 50, but will result in a reduction of benefits based on the length of time remaining to normal retirement age. The WRS also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by Wyoming State Statutes. The WRS issues a publicly available financial report, which includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employee Pension Plan. The report may be obtained by writing to the Wyoming Retirement System, 6101 Yellowstone Road, Suite 500, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002.

Benefits provided: The determination of retirement benefits is dependent upon the employee's initial employment date.

Service Retirement Tier 1: If an employee made a contribution prior to September 1, 2012, the employee is in Tier 1. Full retirement at age 60 or qualifies for the Rule of 85. Early retirement is permitted at age 50 or 25 years of service. The formula for retirement equals 2.125% times the number of years of service times the three-year highest average salary for the first 15 years and 2.25% times the number of years of service times the three-year highest average salary over 15 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

<u>Service Retirement Tier 2:</u> If an employee made his or her first contribution after September 1, 2012, the employee is in Tier 2. Full retirement at age 65 or qualifies for the Rule of 85. Early retirement is permitted at age 55 or 25 years of service. The formula for retirement equals 2% times the number of years of service times the five-year highest average salary.

<u>Disability benefits:</u> Partial or total disability retirement is available to any member who becomes incapacitated, mentally or physically, and cannot continue in the performance of his or her duties. To qualify, the member must have at least 10 years of service and must be "in service" at the time of application for disability retirement. Upon retirement for a partial disability, the member receives a monthly disability retirement benefit for the period of his or her disability equal to 50% of the normal benefit payable to the member, as if the member was eligible for normal retirement benefits. Upon retirement for a total disability, the member receives a monthly disability benefit equal to 100% of his or her service retirement benefit as if the member was eligible for normal retirement benefits. Disability benefits are payable for the life of the member or until death.

<u>Survivor's benefits:</u> Certain surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased, as well as the benefit option selected by the member at the date of retirement.

Contributions: Per Title 9-3-412 and 413 of Wyoming State Statutes, for the year ended June 30, 2021, member contributions were required to be 9.00% of compensation and employer contributions were required to be 9.12% of compensation for both the City and the Board. In accordance with Title 9-3-412(c)(ii) of Wyoming State Statutes, the Board and the City have elected to pay 6.50% and 5.00%, respectively, in addition to the employer's contribution.

The City's and the Board's contributions to the WRS for the year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$3,571,109, equal to the required contribution plus the City's and the Board's share of the required member contribution.

Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A:

Plan description: The City formerly participated in the Wyoming Paid Firemen's Plan A (Plan A), a statewide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan covering paid firemen who were employed prior to July 1, 1981 and who elected to participate. Plan A issues a publicly available financial report, which includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information for Plan A. The report may be obtained by writing to the Wyoming Retirement System, 6101 Yellowstone Road, Suite 500, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002.

Benefits provided: Plan A statutorily provides retirement, disability, and death benefits according to a percentage of a Fireman First Class salary. Plan A also statutorily provides for an annual percentage increase in the benefit amounts beginning in the year following 12 months of payments, by at least 3%.

<u>Disability benefits:</u> Partial or total disability retirement is available to any member who becomes incapacitated, mentally or physically, and cannot continue in the performance of his or her duties from an individual and specific act incurred while employed. To qualify for benefit, there is no age or service requirement. The member receives a monthly disability retirement benefit for the period based on maximum salary and years of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

<u>Survivor's benefit:</u> Certain surviving beneficiaries receive benefits based on the maximum salary and years of service. Upon death, 100% of the benefit continues to be paid to the beneficiary.

Contributions: Plan A statutorily required participants to contribute 8% of their salary to a maximum not to exceed the salary of a Fireman First Class. Employers were required to contribute 21% of the salary. Effective April 1, 1997, required contributions were suspended as Plan A had been determined to be actuarially over-funded. Plan A is being reviewed by the WRS to determine the appropriate measures to take to ensure Plan A is adequately funded, as it is a closed plan.

Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B:

Plan description: The City participates in the Wyoming Paid Firemen's Retirement Fund (the Fund), a statewide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the WRS Board. Substantially all paid City firemen hired after July 1, 1981 are eligible to participate. The Fund provides retirement, disability, and death benefits according to predetermined formulas. Benefits are established by Wyoming State Statutes. The Fund issues a publicly available financial report, which includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. The report may be obtained by writing to the Wyoming Retirement System, 6101 Yellowstone Road, Suite 500, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002.

Benefits provided: The members of the Fund qualify for a retirement allowance if they are 50 years old and have at least 48 months of credited service. The basic monthly benefit for participants is based on a formula involving years of service, highest average salary, and age at retirement. The current benefit formula equals 2.8% times the three-year final average compensation for the first 25 years of service. The benefit is capped at 70% of the highest average salary. The highest average salary is calculated by averaging the 36 highest continuous months of acceptable salary as defined in the rules of the WRS Board.

<u>Disability benefits:</u> Partial or total disability retirement is available to any member who becomes incapacitated, mentally or physically, and cannot continue in the performance of his or her duties from an individual and specific act incurred while employed. To qualify for benefits, there is no age or service requirement. The member receives a monthly disability retirement benefit equal to 50% of the final average salary.

<u>Survivor benefits:</u> The surviving spouse or other qualified dependents receive benefits based on 50% of the member's final actual salary. On the death of a member, inactive member, retired member, or survivor, the excess of the accumulated member contributions over all pension payments made are payable as a death benefit to the next qualified beneficiary.

Contributions: Individual members participating under this Fund are required to contribute 10.245% of their compensation and the City is required to contribute 14% of the compensation of covered members.

Legislation enacted in 1979 allows the employer to pay any or all of the members' contribution. The City currently pays 1.5% of the required members' contribution of 10.245%. The City's contribution to the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$1,137,341, equal to the required contribution plus the City's share of the required members' contribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

Law Enforcement Pension Plan:

Plan description: The City participates in the Wyoming Law Enforcement Pension Plan (the Police Plan), a statewide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the WRS Board. Employees who are sworn law enforcement officers are eligible for full retirement benefits after they either reach age 60 with at least 48 months of contributions to the Police Plan or at any age with 20 years of service. These same employees are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit after they reach age 50 with 48 months of contributions. Benefits are established by Wyoming State Statutes. The Police Plan issues a publicly available financial report, which includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the Police Plan. The report may be obtained by writing to the Wyoming Retirement System, 6101 Yellowstone Road, Suite 500, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002.

Benefits provided: Benefits are based on a formula involving years of service, highest average salary, and age at retirement. Currently, the benefit formula entitles retirees to 2.5% of the highest average salary for each year of service with a ceiling on the benefit at 75% of the highest average salary.

<u>Disability benefits:</u> Partial or total disability retirement is available to any member who becomes incapacitated, mentally or physically, and cannot continue in the performance of his or her duties from an individual and specific act incurred while employed. To qualify for duty disability retirement, there is no age or service requirement, and the member receives a monthly disability retirement benefit for the period of his or her disability equal to 62.5% of final salary. To qualify for non-duty disability retirement, the member must have at least 10 years of service, and the member receives a monthly disability benefit for the period of his or her disability equal to 50% of final salary.

<u>Survivor's benefit:</u> The surviving spouse receives benefits dependent on if the member was on duty at time of death. Additional benefits are available for additional qualified dependents.

Contributions: The Police Plan is funded by amounts withheld from participating members' salaries and by contributions from the City. These contributions are determined by Wyoming State Statutes, and as of June 30, 2021, the percentages to be contributed on compensation were 8.6% by the members and 8.6% by the City.

The City's contribution to the Police Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$671,684, equal to the required contribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: At June 30, 2021, the City and the Board reported a total liability of \$126,177,432 for their proportionate share of the net pension liability. The breakdown between plans is as follows:

	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Pension plans:	
Public Employee Pension Plan:	
City of Cheyenne	\$ 19,831,406
Board of Public Utilities	9,005,488
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A	94,742,430
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B	(555,157)
Law Enforcement Pension Plan	3,153,265
Total net pension liability	\$ 126,177,432

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

At December 31, 2020, the City's and the Board's proportionate shares were as follows:

	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability										
	December 31,	December 31,									
	2020	2019	(Decrease)								
Pension plans:											
Public Employee Pension Plan:											
City of Cheyenne	0.9125	0.9757	(0.0632)								
Board of Public Utilities	0.4144	0.4209	(0.0065)								
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A	29.2606	29.2792	(0.0186)								
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B	23.8262	24.9421	(1.1159)								
Law Enforcement Pension Plan	4.6288	4.9682	(0.3394)								

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City and the Board recognized pension expense and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows and from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Public Employee Pension Plan:		
Governmental activities:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 309,024	\$ (141,404)
Changes of assumptions	100,994	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		(3,565,220)
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	398,808	(1,026,687)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	610,432	(1,020,087)
contributions subsequent to the measurement date	010,432	
	\$ 1,419,258	\$ (4,733,311)
Business-type activities:		
City:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 67,834	\$ (31,041)
Changes of assumptions	22,170	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		(502 (00)
on pension plan investments	- 07.542	(782,609)
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	87,543	(225,370)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 133,997	-
	\$ 311,544	\$ (1,039,020)
Board:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 171,132	\$ (78,307)
Changes of assumptions	55,929	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		(1,974,359)
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	108,314	(128,887)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	346,425	(120,007)
contributions succeequent to the incusarement dute	 5 10, 125	
	\$ 681,800	\$ (2,181,553)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A:		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ -	\$ (1,544,904)
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 79,552	\$ (1,838,322)
Changes of assumptions	3,314,914	(4,356,268)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	-	(2,466,064)
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	138,331	(228,997)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 506,967	
		(0.000.474)
	 4,039,764	\$ (8,889,651)
Law Enforcement Pension Plan:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 778,655	\$ (164,409)
Changes of assumptions	1,863,177	(2,807,936)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	-	(2,015,265)
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	69,361	(319,337)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 327,517	
	\$ 3,038,710	\$ (5,306,947)

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense, as follows:

	Governmental Activities													-Type Activ	ities		
	Pub	olic Employee	Pa	id Firemen's	Pa	id Firemen's Law Enforcement						Public	Emp	loyee Pensio	yee Pension Plan		
	P	ension Plan	Pei	nsion Plan A	Pe	nsion Plan B	P	Pension Plan		Total	Board		City			Total	
Years ending June 30:																	
2022	\$	(1,166,866)	\$	(553,235)	\$	(1,060,119)	\$	(355,460)	\$	(3,135,680)	\$	(542,214)	\$	(256,141)	\$	(798,355)	
2023		(552,305)		(101,758)		(637,121)		(736,025)		(2,027,209)		(218,750)		(121,238)		(339,988)	
2024		(1,799,845)		(757,311)		(1,733,615)		(1,262,660)		(5,553,431)		(860,671)		(395,088)		(1,255,759)	
2025		(405,469)		(132,600)		(1,216,330)		(241,609)		(1,996,008)		(224,543)		(89,006)		(313,549)	
2026		-		-		(587,967)		-		(587,967)		-		-		-	
Thereafter		-		-		(121,702)		-		(121,702)		-		-		-	
	\$	(3,924,485)	\$	(1,544,904)	\$	(5,356,854)	\$	(2,595,754)	\$	(13,421,997)	\$	(1,846,178)	\$	(861,473)	\$	(2,707,651)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the January 1, 2020 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions adopted by the WRS Board effective August 23, 2017 and applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Public Employee	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's	Law Enforcement
	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B	Pension Plan
Actuarial assumption:				
Inflation	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
Salary increases	2.50%-6.50%	4.50%	4.50%-7.50%	4.75%-8.75%
Investment rate of return	7.00%	1.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Payroll growth rate	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%	2.50%
Cost-of-living adjustment	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Post-retirement mortality: Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2017.

Pre-retirement mortality: Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2017.

Long-term expected rate of return: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected arithmetic returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Each major asset class is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of January 1, 2020. These best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	Long-Term
		Expected	Expected
	Target	Geometric Real	Arithmetic Real
	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Asset class:			
Cash	2.00%	-1.00%	-1.00%
Fixed income	21.00%	1.00%	1.34%
Equity	48.50%	5.23%	7.34%
Marketable alternatives	19.00%	3.47%	4.50%
Private markets	9.50%	4.53%	5.82%
	100.00%	_	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

Experience analysis: An experience study was conducted on behalf of all WRS plans covering the five-year period ended December 31, 2016. The study provided a detailed analysis concerning the development of the long-term inflation rate, real rate of return, and discount rate. The study also analyzed each major actuarial assumption (e.g., mortality, salary increases, retirement, termination, and disability) and proposed assumptions consistent with the findings.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for the Public Employee Pension Plan, 7.00% for the Law Enforcement Pension Plan, 1.95% for the Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A, and 7.00% for the Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the WRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's and the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The table below presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or higher than the current rate:

	Current Single									
	Discount Rate									
		1% Decrease		Assumption		1% Increase				
Public Employee Pension Plan:										
City of Cheyenne	\$	31,073,555	\$	19,831,406	\$	10,449,733				
Board of Public Utilities		14,110,574		9,005,488		4,745,248				
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A		114,810,152		94,742,430		78,824,116				
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B		5,469,232		(555,157)		(5,554,468)				
Law Enforcement Pension Plan		8,334,888		3,153,265		(1,082,544)				

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued WRS financial report available from the Wyoming Retirement System, 6101 Yellowstone Road, Suite 500, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002 or by accessing the WRS website at https://retirement.wyo.gov/About/Reports?Label=Financial#categories.

Defined contribution plans: Board and City employees have the option to participate in one of two defined contribution plans. The defined contribution plans include the Wyoming Deferred Compensation Program (commonly referred to as the 457 Plan) administered by the WRS and a defined contribution plan administered by VALIC Financial Advisors. Employees are allowed to contribute the maximum amount per Internal Revenue Service guidelines. Beginning July 1, 2008, the Board and the City elected to match an employee's contribution up to \$25 per month. The City's match ended on January 31, 2010. The Board continues to provide a match. The total matching contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$33,150.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City is a member of the Wyoming Association of Risk Management (WARM), which is a separate legal agency created under Wyoming State Statutes for the purpose of establishing a shared risk pool and/or jointly purchasing insurance coverage. The premiums required by the participating entities are calculated annually and are based upon actuarially sound and recognized pooling practices. The pool is responsible for determining the amounts of the premiums charged to the entities and is also responsible for managing the pool's assets. The entities have the right to submit claims for losses incurred. The pool has the right to collect premiums and admit or terminate members for nonpayment of premiums. The City management considers the assets of WARM to be sufficient to cover any claims that may be incurred by its members. The City has not had significant settlements exceeding insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City has had no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

The City pays into the State Worker's Compensation System (the Act). All employers within the State of Wyoming are participants in this Act unless the employer elects not to be covered under the Act. This Act requires the City to obtain liability coverage for payment of benefits to employees for job-related injuries and diseases through the Workers' Compensation Fund. This Act provides general protection from suits filed by employees against the City. The City makes monthly payments to the State of Wyoming Department of Employment. These payments are based on salaries and a split rate between hazardous and non-hazardous positions.

Note 10. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences have been accrued in the financial statements of the City and consist of the following at June 30, 2021:

	Vacation Leave		Sick Leave		Compensatory/ Administrative Time		Early Retirement Obligation		Total
Governmental activities	\$	2,372,032	\$ 1,690,333	\$	564,100	\$	-	\$	4,626,465
Business-type activities:									
Waterworks Fund		399,218	289,475		79,738		101,679		870,110
Sewer Fund		271,532	192,983		53,159		67,786		585,460
Solid Waste Fund		199,383	143,564		6,570		-		349,517
Fleet Maintenance Fund		39,648	28,528		2,596		-		70,772
Civic Center Fund		15,101	-		3,732		-		18,833
Ice and Events Center Fund		11,903	1,877		859		-		14,639
Total business-type activities		936,785	656,427		146,654		169,465		1,909,331
Total all funds	\$	3,308,817	\$ 2,346,760	\$	710,754	\$	169,465	\$	6,535,796

The amounts reported above for governmental and business-type activities include current and long-term portions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11. Industrial Revenue Bonds and Subsequent Event

The City has participated in several issuances of industrial revenue bonds for constructing privately operated manufacturing and other related facilities in the City. These bonds are not direct or contingent liabilities of the City. As of June 30, 2021, there was one series of industrial revenue bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$6,067,778. Subsequent to year-end, this bond was paid off in full.

Note 12. Closure and Post-Closure Care Liability

State and Federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports the estimated liability for these closure and post-closure costs in the government-wide financial statements based on landfill capacity used as of each Statement of Net Position date. The current operating costs of the landfill are accounted for within the Solid Waste Fund of the City using the accrual basis of accounting. The \$9,001,450 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2021 represents the cumulative liability estimated to date based on the use of 49.89% of the estimated capacity of the site. The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$9,041,339 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The calculation of the estimated liability has been based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2021. The City expects the landfill site to be at full capacity in approximately 66 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Note 13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The detail of the deferred outflows/inflows of resources for the City in its Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities			asiness-Type Activities
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Deferred loss on refunding	\$	-	\$	214,959
Deferred outflows, pension liability		8,497,732		993,344
Deferred outflows, OPEB liability		442,013		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 8,939,745			1,208,303
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable property taxes	\$	6,582,078	\$	-
Deferred inflows, pension liability		20,474,814		3,220,573
Deferred inflows, OPEB liability	929,990			
Total deferred inflows of resources		27,986,882	\$	3,220,573

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the City has entered into several construction/engineering contracts resulting in commitments for future capital expenditures. The major projects are listed below. Although portions of the projects may have been completed and capitalized during 2021, the amounts below represent the activity pertaining to the contract as a whole:

		Expended					
		to Date at		Total	C	ommitment at	
	June 30, 2021			Contract	June 30, 2021		
Governmental activities:							
Evers Boulevard Reconstruction	\$	7,577,906	\$	7,613,669	\$	35,763	
Christensen Railroad and Overpass Corridor		11,138,741		11,191,828		53,087	
Prairie Avenue & Frontier Mall Drive							
Intersection		1,589,741		1,883,685		293,944	
24th Street Mill and Overlay		218,629		1,166,112		947,483	
Happy Jack Landfill Front Entrance &							
Scale House		1,050,310		2,537,363		1,487,053	
Capitol Basin - 26th Street Interceptor Storm							
Sewer		308,363		2,908,843		2,600,480	
City Overlay		511,054		3,434,669		2,923,615	
Construction & Excavation Earthworks		3,010,772		5,590,551		2,579,779	
Miscellaneous Governmental		976,059		2,869,717		1,893,658	
Total governmental activities		26,381,575		39,196,437		12,814,862	
Business-type activities:							
FY21 Water Rehabs		111,421		2,759,822		2,648,401	
FY20 Water Rehabs		4,128,755		4,630,000		501,245	
FY19 Water Main Rehabs		3,129,575		3,362,300		232,725	
FY19 Sewer Rehabs		3,017,376		3,088,715		71,339	
FY20 Sewer Rehabs		1,430,835		2,149,000		718,165	
North City Zone		172,627		12,000,000		11,827,373	
Hydro-Electric Generator		1,225,313		7,400,000		6,174,687	
Miscellaneous water projects		4,257,350		8,193,934		3,936,584	
Miscellaneous sewer projects		3,291,534		5,047,687		1,756,153	
Total business-type activities		20,764,786		48,631,458		27,866,672	
Total primary government	\$	47,146,361	\$	87,827,895	\$	40,681,534	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. OPEB Commitment

On July 1, 2017, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, which recognizes a long-term obligation for OPEB benefits. The accounting change was adopted to conform to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

General information about the OPEB plan:

Plan description: The City participates in a single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, the City of Cheyenne Retiree Health Care Plan. The City Council has the authority for establishing and amending the Plan. The Plan does not issue a separate report and is not administered in trust.

Benefits provided: Under the Plan, the City offers retiring firefighters who were hired prior to July 1, 2013 a \$300 monthly offset to postretirement medical premiums. To be eligible for the coverage, an active firefighter must be at least age 50 and have a minimum of four years of service upon retirement. City employees, police officers, and firefighters not meeting the previous criteria must pay the full subsidized premium. Some current retirees have retired under differing offset provisions and disabled firefighters are also included in current retiree costs. All benefits end at age 65.

Funding policy: The City finances this program on a "pay-as-you-go" basis and has no assets held in trust. The City Council has the authority for establishing and amending the funding policy.

Employees covered by the benefit terms: As of June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total Plan members	447
Active Plan members	430
Inactive Plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Inactive Plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	17

Rollforward disclosure: The actuarial valuation was performed as of June 30, 2020. Updated procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2021.

OPEB liabilities, OPEB expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB: At June 30, 2021, the City reported a total OPEB liability of \$6,056,980. The total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. OPEB Commitment, Continued

Changes in the total OPEB liability:

Total OPEB liability:	
Service cost	\$ 271,802
Interest on the total OPEB liability	138,428
Changes in benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions	273,516
Benefit payments	(281,995)
Net change in total OPEB liability	401,751
Total OPEB liability, beginning	 5,655,229
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 6,056,980

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$345,136. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred		
	O	utflows of		Inflows of	
	F	Resources		Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	- 442,013	\$	(694,891) (235,099)	
	\$	442,013	\$	(929,990)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the City's OPEB expense, as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2022	\$ (65,094)
2023	(65,094)
2024	(65,094)
2025	(65,094)
2026	(65,094)
Thereafter	 (162,507)
	\$ (487,977)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. OPEB Commitment, Continued

Actuarial methods and assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to the June 30, 2021 measurement date using the following actuarial assumptions, which were applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Individual entry age

Discount Rate 1.92% as of June 30, 2021

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.50%-6.50%, including wage inflation of 2.50%

Demographic Assumptions This report has used the same demographic assumptions used to

value the WRS defined benefit retirement plan in which the members participate in the actuarial valuation as of January 1,

2020.

Mortality For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct RP-2014 Healthy

Annuitant Mortality Tables are used with male rates multiplied by 100% and female rates multiplied by 88%. Those rates are projected on a fully generational basis, based on Scale MP-2017.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Initial rate of 7.00%, declining to an ultimate rate of 4.15% after

15 years.

Participation Rates 75% of participants eligible to receive an explicit subsidy are

assumed to elect coverage with the City. Coverage is for the

employee only.

17% of participants eligible for any explicit subsidy are assumed to elect coverage. It is assumed that 35% of participants elect two-person coverage and that, upon participant death, coverage will

continue to the beneficiary.

Discount rate: The discount rate changed from 2.45% as of June 30, 2020 to 1.92% as of June 30, 2021. The discount rate is based on the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. OPEB Commitment, Continued

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The table below presents the City's total OPEB liability calculated using a discount rate of 1.92%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (0.92%) or 1% higher (2.92%) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current		1%	
	Decrease	\mathbf{D}_{i}	iscount Rate	Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 6,604,166	\$	6,056,980	\$	5,550,285	

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The table below presents the City's total OPEB liability, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Current			
		1%	He	althcare Cost		1%	
		-	Γrend Rate	Increase			
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,316,400	\$	6,056,980	\$	6,932,035	

Note 16. Contingencies

At various times, claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. The City is of the opinion that the liability, if any, arising from such claims will not have a materially adverse effect on its financial statements. Under the terms of Federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. City management believes disallowances, if any, would not be significant to the City's financial statements.

Note 17. Recent Pronouncements

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. GASB Statement No. 84 enhances the consistency and comparability of fiduciary activity reporting. This statement is effective for years beginning after December 15, 2019. Management has adopted this statement for the year ended June 30, 2021. The adopted accounting changes conform to the provisions of this statement and were applied beginning in the year ended June 30, 2021. As a result of this adoption, certain funds that had previously been reported in the General Fund were reclassified as a Custodial Fund. GASB Statement No. 84 was retroactively adopted by restating the beginning net position and beginning fund balance by \$38,667. The assets within the Custodial Fund are for the benefit of various organizations and the City does not have administrative or financial involvement with the assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 18. Subsequent Event

Effective July 1, 2021, the DDA, a component unit of the City, merged with Visit Cheyenne on a trial basis. As DDA has been historically dependent on funding from the City of Cheyenne, the City is currently assessing the impact of the merger with Visit Cheyenne on component unit presentation in subsequent periods.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) – GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						V	ariance with
		Original		Final	_	Actual	F	Final Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	12,753,000	\$	12,773,000	\$	12,882,361	\$	109,361
Licenses and permits		2,484,290		2,484,290		4,388,198		1,903,908
Intergovernmental		27,241,317		27,346,172		35,442,632		8,096,460
Charges for services		1,643,250		1,643,250		1,851,571		208,321
Fines and forfeitures		1,048,000		1,048,000		781,558		(266,442)
Investment income		117,000		153,000		86,992		(66,008)
Miscellaneous		1,859,167		7,314,167		1,700,428		(5,613,739)
Total revenues		47,146,024		52,761,879		57,133,740		4,371,861
Expenditures								
General government:								
City Council		256,195		260,352		253,017		7,335
Mayor		3,841,816		3,891,385		3,845,137		46,248
Engineering		1,074,190		1,125,558		935,813		189,745
Miscellaneous		6,584,313		13,780,276		6,153,562		7,626,714
City Treasurer		679,499		679,499		670,313		9,186
City Clerk		1,930,833		1,947,284		1,770,195		177,089
Planning and development		783,406		785,657		704,799		80,858
Public works		3,761,759		3,819,484		3,693,856		125,628
Public safety:								
Fire		11,105,826		11,234,218		11,186,743		47,475
Police		14,039,467		14,055,119		13,358,599		696,520
Recreation:								
Community recreation and events		6,595,176		6,725,952		6,470,281		255,671
Total expenditures		50,652,480		58,304,784		49,042,315		9,262,469
(Deficiency) excess of revenues								
over expenditures		(3,506,456)		(5,542,905)		8,091,425		13,634,330
Other Financing (Uses) Sources								
Transfers out		_		_		(1,113,833)		1,113,833
Transfers in		2,333,371		2,333,371		3,138,084		804,713
Proceeds from sales of assets		-		-		3,063		3,063
Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent		-		-		(5,880,000)		(5,880,000)
Proceeds from capital financing		-		-		5,455,000		5,455,000
Total other financing sources		2,333,371		2,333,371		1,602,314		1,496,609
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,173,085)	\$	(3,209,534)	\$	9,693,739	\$	15,130,939

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) – MISCELLANEOUS FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts						V	ariance with
	О	riginal		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	8,303,980	\$	4,458,011	\$	(3,845,969)
Investment income		-		-		12,546		12,546
Total revenues		-		8,303,980		4,470,557		(3,833,423)
Expenditures								
General government		-		3,280,828		1,684,108		1,596,720
Public safety		-		220,421		89,648		130,773
Recreation		-		10,000		-		10,000
Capital outlay		-		3,993,744		2,070,944		1,922,800
Total expenditures		-		7,504,993		3,844,700		3,660,293
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		-		798,987		625,857		(173,130)
Other Financing (Uses)								
Transfers out		-		(798,987)		(798,986)		(1)
Total other financing (uses)		-		(798,987)		(798,986)		(1)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(173,129)	\$	(173,131)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Four Fiscal Years*

	2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability							_
Service cost	\$	271,802	\$ 267,460	\$	243,371	\$	270,144
Interest on the total OPEB liability		138,428	201,417		220,105		224,371
Changes in benefit terms		-	-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		-	(860,067)		-		-
Changes of assumptions		273,516	(59,703)		275,378		(306,502)
Benefit payments		(281,995)	(390,389)		(401,826)		(392,021)
Net change in total OPEB liability		401,751	(841,282)		337,028		(204,008)
Total OPEB Liability, beginning		5,655,229	6,496,511		6,159,483		6,363,491
Total OPEB Liability, ending	\$	6,056,980	\$ 5,655,229	\$	6,496,511	\$	6,159,483
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	24,832,831	\$ 24,227,152	\$	26,908,871	\$	26,252,557
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		24.39%	23.34%		24.14%		23.46%

^{*} This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY Last Eight Fiscal Years*

				For the Years	Ended June 30,			
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Public Employee Pension Plan								
City of Cheyenne:								
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.9125%	0.9757%	0.9450%	0.9312%	0.9045%	0.8842%	0.8850%	0.8686%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 19,831,406	\$ 22,928,084	\$ 28,778,132	\$ 21,224,141	\$ 21,868,666	\$ 20,595,553 \$	15,618,025 \$	13,205,851
City's covered payroll	16,629,106	17,353,726	16,446,362	16,362,135	16,333,427	15,933,164	15,449,954	14,962,498
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a								
percentage of its covered payroll	119.26%	132.12%	174.98%	129.71%	133.89%	129.26%	101.09%	88.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.24%	76.83%	69.17%	76.35%	73.42%	73.40%	79.08%	81.10%
Board of Public Utilities:								
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.4144%	0.4209%	0.4178%	0.4072%	0.3979%	0.3838%	0.3621%	0.3772%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 9,005,488	\$ 9,890,047	, , , ,	\$ 9,280,567		\$ 8,940,291 \$	-,	- / /
Board's covered payroll	7,636,289	7,604,611	7,409,311	7,177,501	7,127,606	6,855,922	6,307,367	6,463,729
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a								
percentage of its covered payroll	117.93%	130.05%	171.71%	129.30%	134.95%	130.40%	101.32%	88.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.24%	76.83%	69.17%	76.35%	73.42%	73.40%	79.08%	81.10%
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A								
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	29.2606%	29.2792%	30.1135%	29.9816%	30.1332%	29.1245%	29.8597%	29.2907%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 94,742,430	\$ 76,294,294	\$ 68,357,664	\$ 67,077,510	\$ 55,286,196	\$ 54,012,637 \$	49,145,415 \$	17,188,483
City's covered payroll	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a								
percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	21.77%	27.32%	29.99%	34.28%	38.91%	40.05%	45.95%	71.55%
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B								
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	23.8262%	24.9421%	24.5705%	24.3574%	23.4759%	23.5543%	24.4894%	25.0324%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (555,157)		+ -,,	\$ 10,043,721		\$ 7,201,639 \$	(=,+,,, +	
City's covered payroll	7,188,555	7,006,469	6,891,466	6,552,239	6,603,344	6,432,467	6,532,467	6,303,806
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a								
percentage of its covered payroll	-7.72%	25.30%	74.81%	153.29%	112.21%	111.96%	-4.22%	-14.32%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.27%	95.93%	87.07%	77.98%	80.16%	79.33%	100.98%	103.45%

Continued

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY, *Continued* Last Eight Fiscal Years*

				For the Years	Ende	ed June 30,			
	 2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Law Enforcement Pension Plan									
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	4.6288%	4.9682%	4.9257%	4.7984%		4.5225%	4.4224%	4.4884%	4.4436%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,153,265	\$ 4,282,566	\$ 11,923,758	\$ 4,128,778	\$	3,414,154	\$ 3,322,120	\$ 1,322,464	\$ 810,003
City's covered payroll	7,971,757	8,687,750	7,735,333	7,450,974		7,077,700	6,933,372	6,936,457	6,707,023
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a									
percentage of its covered payroll	39.56%	49.29%	154.15%	55.41%		48.24%	47.91%	19.07%	12.08%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.82%	89.05%	71.22%	87.99%		88.11%	87.49%	94.76%	96.53%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS Last Eight Fiscal Years

				For the Years	Ende	ed June 30,			
	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Public Employee Pension Plan									
City of Cheyenne:									
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,487,050	\$ 1,523,725	\$ 1,453,409	\$ 1,370,762	\$	1,427,569	\$ 1,372,651	\$ 1,203,890	\$ 1,078,803
Contribution in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 1,487,050	1,523,725	1,453,409	1,370,762		1,427,569	1,372,651	1,203,890	1,078,803
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,305,375	\$ 17,178,405	\$ 16,940,902	\$ 16,377,083	\$	16,694,692	\$ 16,220,390	\$ 15,660,040	\$ 15,194,542
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.12%	8.87%	8.58%	8.37%		8.55%	8.46%	7.69%	7.10%
Board of Public Utilities:									
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 694,066	\$ 678,924	\$ 645,547	\$ 608,519	\$	602,689	\$ 586,407	\$ 512,031	\$ 465,964
Contribution in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 694,066	678,924	645,547	608,519		602,689	586,407	512,031	465,964
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,610,377	\$ 7,654,160	\$ 7,524,834	\$ 7,270,239	\$	7,200,585	\$ 7,006,054	\$ 6,719,564	\$ 6,544,388
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.12%	8.87%	8.58%	8.37%		8.37%	8.37%	7.62%	7.12%
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A									
Statutorily required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 -	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B									
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,007,536	\$ 945,164	\$ 836,796	\$ 802,935	\$	785,180	\$ 772,527	\$ 783,023	\$ 779,804
Contribution in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 1,007,536	945,164	836,796	802,935		785,180	772,527	783,023	779,804
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,196,688	\$ 7,270,489	\$ 6,973,302	\$ 6,691,128	\$	6,543,169	\$ 6,437,727	\$ 6,525,189	\$ 6,498,364
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%		12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%

Continued

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS, *Continued* Last Eight Fiscal Years

				For the Years	Ende	d June 30,			
	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Law Enforcement Pension Plan									
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 671,684	\$ 681,867	\$ 688,842	\$ 652,267	\$	618,944	\$ 605,058	\$ 591,129	\$ 595,430
Contribution in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 671,684	681,867	688,842	652,267		618,944	605,058	591,129	595,430
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ _	\$ -	\$
City's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,810,280 8.60%	\$ 7,928,697 8.60%	\$ 8,009,795 8.60%	\$ 7,584,494 8.60%	\$	7,197,025 8.60%	\$ 7,035,554 8.60%	\$ 6,873,586 8.60%	\$ 6,923,605 8.60%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 1. Budget Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for all governmental funds, with the exception of certain pass-through funds not reported on the budgetary basis. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Prior to May 15, the City Treasurer submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. A public hearing is conducted not prior to the second Tuesday nor later than the third Tuesday in June to obtain public comments. Within 24 hours of the public hearing, the governing body adopts the budget.

At the request of the City Treasurer, or upon its own motion after publication of notice, the City Council may, by resolution, transfer any unencumbered or unexpended appropriation balance or part thereof from one fund, department, or account to another. No officer or employee of the City shall make any expenditure or encumbrance in excess of the total appropriation for any department. Management may amend the budget within the department level without the approval of the governing body. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Funds, the Proprietary Funds, and the Permanent Fund. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary schedules reflect appropriation in the first appropriated budget. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the schedules of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations.

Note 2. Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Basis and U.S. GAAP Basis Revenues and Expenditures

	 General Fund
Revenues:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 57,133,740
Differences, budget to U.S. GAAP:	
Adjustments to include various pass-through funds included in the General Fund	
on the U.S. GAAP basis	 758,985
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	\$ 57,892,725
Expenditures:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 49,042,315
Differences, budget to U.S. GAAP:	
Adjustments to include various pass-through funds included in the General Fund	
on the U.S. GAAP basis	 520,552
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	\$ 49,562,867

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 3. Explanation of Changes in Retirement Commitment – Wyoming Retirement System (WRS)

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms between the initial measurement date reflected below and the December 31, 2020 measurement date.

Changes in assumptions: Healthcare trend rates were updated along with the assumptions relating to mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates, and salary increase rates based on the WRS December 31, 2016 actuarial experience study. Further, there have been various assumption changes from the initial measurement date reflected below through the December 31, 2020 measurement date, as indicated in the tables below:

	Pension	n Plan Discount Ra	te	
	Public	Law		
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
2014	7.75%	7.75%	4.47%	7.75%
2015	7.75%	7.75%	4.25%	6.52%
2016	7.75%	7.75%	4.38%	6.59%
2017	7.00%	7.00%	3.75%	5.65%
2018	7.00%	5.92%	4.01%	7.00%
2019	7.00%	7.00%	3.09%	7.00%
2020	7.00%	7.00%	1.95%	7.00%
	Pension Plan	Investment Rate of	f Return	
	Public	Law		
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
2014	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%
2015	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%
2016	7.75%	7.75%	4.38%	6.59%
2017	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%
2018	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
2019	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
2020	7.00%	7.00%	1.00%	7.00%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 3. Explanation of Changes in Retirement Commitment – Wyoming Retirement System (WRS), Continued

	Pension	n Plan Inflation Rate	es	
	Public	Law		
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
2014	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%
2015	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%
2016	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%
2017	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%
2018	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
2019	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
2020	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
		ry Increases (Includ	les Inflation)	
	Public	Law		
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
2014	4.25%-6.00%	4.75%-8.00%	4.25%	4.25%-7.00%
2015	4.25%-6.00%	4.75%-8.00%	4.25%	4.25%-7.00%
2016	4.25%-6.00%	4.75%-8.00%	4.25%	4.25%-7.00%
2017	4.25%-6.00%	4.75%-8.00%	4.25%	4.25%-7.00%
2018	2.50%-6.50%	4.75%-8.75%	4.50%	4.50%-7.50%
2019	2.50%-6.50%	4.75%-8.75%	4.50%	4.50%-7.50%
2020	2.50%-6.50%	4.75%-8.75%	4.50%	4.50%-7.50%
	.		D	
		lan Payroll Growth	Rate	
	Public	Law	D :1E:	D '1E'
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
2014	4.050/	4.050/	0.000/	4.250/
2014	4.25%	4.25%	0.00%	4.25%
2015	4.25%	4.25%	0.00%	4.25%
2016	4.25%	4.25%	0.00%	4.25%
2017	4.25%	4.25%	0.00%	4.25%
2018	2.50%	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%
2019	2.50%	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%
2020	2.50%	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 4. Explanation of Changes in the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Commitment

The City of Cheyenne Retiree Health Care Plan administered by the City does not have assets accumulated in trust.

Following are changes in the OPEB liability valuation:

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms between the initial measurement date and the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

Changes in assumptions: With the exception of the discount rate, there have been no changes in assumptions between the initial measurement date and the June 30, 2021 measurement date. The discount rate by each measurement date is as follows:

2018	3.62%
2019	3.13%
2020	2.45%
2021	1.92%

COMBINING AND OTHER INDIVIDUAL FUND AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue resources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for particular purposes.

Weed and Pest Control: Accounts for monies received by the City of Cheyenne (the City) from a general county tax levy to administer a program of weed and pest control.

Youth Alternative Grants: Accounts for monies received by the City from various agencies to administer a program for youth.

Juvenile Justice: Accounts for a program that assists youth in trouble.

Special Friends: Accounts for a program that brings adults together with young people.

Community Development Block Grant: Accounts for funds given to various entities that assist low-income individuals.

Law Enforcement Block Grant: Accounts for funds received by the police department to administer various programs.

Transportation Planning: Accounts for funds used for the planning of streets and other transportation projects.

Urban Mass Transportation Administration (UMTA) Transit Grant: Accounts for funds used to provide public transportation.

Local and State Grants: Accounts for revenue received from various agencies to administer local and state programs.

Recreation Programs: Accounts for monies received by the City from various recreation programs to administer recreation programs.

Annexation Improvements: Accounts for monies from individuals who have prepaid for annexation improvements in areas not yet annexed by the City.

Housing Loans: Accounts for monies collected from rehabilitation loans made to low-income owners through the Neighborhood Housing Service. When the agency closed, the loans were turned over to the City. Money collected from homeowners who received low-interest rehabilitation loans through the Cheyenne Redevelopment Agency is also in this fund.

Revolving Real Property: Accounts for proceeds received from the sale of any surplus real property to be used only for the acquisition or construction of new real property for the City.

Belvoir Ranch Recreation: Accounts for monies collected from the wind energy lease with NextEra Energy to be used for planning, developing, and maintaining recreation facilities and opportunities at the Belvoir Ranch and Big Hole properties.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Continued

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Youth Alternatives: Accounts for the construction of youth alternatives projects.

Athletic Facilities: Accounts for improvements to City parks and recreation facilities.

Parks Facilities: Accounts for capital improvements to parks facilities funded by the sales proceeds of property designated for parks facilities.

Development Impact Fees: Accounts for fees received by the City to administer specific functions required of the City.

Permanent Fund

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Cemetery Perpetual Care: This trust fund was set up for perpetual care of the Cheyenne cemetery. The fund receives \$400 each time a cemetery lot is purchased. The fund is managed by a local bank.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

					5	Specia	Revenue Fund	ds			
			Youth						Community	Law	
		Weed and	Alternative						Development	Enforcement	insportation
	Pe	est Control	Grants	Juv	enile Justice	Sp	ecial Friends		Block Grant	Block Grant	Planning
ASSETS											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$ 145,621	\$	62,157	\$	75,304	\$	16	\$ 3	\$ 4
Investments, at fair value		-	338,333		146,262		-		-	-	-
Receivables											
Customers		-	-		-		-		-	-	-
Due from Other Funds		-	-		-		-		-	-	-
Due from Other Governments		-	72,748		2,200		-		62,842	68,375	116,591
Prepaid Items		-	-		-		-		-	-	1,375
Cash and Cash Equivalents, restricted		160,879	-		-		-		-	-	-
Investments, restricted		501,729	-		-		-		-	-	-
Total assets	\$	662,608	\$ 556,702	\$	210,619	\$	75,304	\$	62,858	\$ 68,378	\$ 117,970
AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	24,301	\$ 14,230	\$	41	\$	242	\$	19,060	\$ 3,717	\$ 33,628
Accrued salaries		-	2,546		168		-		-	-	-
Due to other funds		-	-		-		-		41,700	40,500	77,245
Unearned revenue		-	-		-		-		-	-	-
Total liabilities		24,301	16,776		209		242		60,760	44,217	110,873
Deferred Inflows of Resources			-						-	-	-
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable		-	-		-		-		-	-	1,375
Restricted		638,307	-		210,410		75,062		2,098	24,161	5,722
Committed		-	539,926		-		-		-	-	-
Assigned		-	<u>-</u> -		-		-				-
Total fund balances		638,307	539,926		210,410		75,062		2,098	24,161	7,097
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,											
and fund balances	\$	662,608	\$ 556,702	\$	210,619	\$	75,304	\$	62,858	\$ 68,378	\$ 117,970

Continued

$\begin{cal}COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, {\it Continued June 30, 2021}\end{cal}$

				Speci	ial Revenue Fund	ls				
	UMTA ansit Grant	Local and State Grants	Recreation Programs	I	Annexation Improvements		Housing Loans		Revolving Real Property	lvoir Ranch ecreation
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 250	\$ 378,112	\$ 182,258	\$	8,486	\$	2,311	\$	46	\$ 1
Investments, at fair value	-	-	601,901		352,461		300,927		569,772	12,035
Receivables										
Customers	-	57,907	42,371		-		87,738		-	-
Due from Other Funds	-	151,193	-		-		-		-	-
Due from Other Governments	254,787	108,797	-		-		-		-	-
Prepaid Items	-	-	54,154		-		-		-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, restricted	-	-	-		-		-		-	-
Investments, restricted	 -	-	-		-		-		-	 -
Total assets	\$ 255,037	\$ 696,009	\$ 880,684	\$	360,947	\$	390,976	\$	569,818	\$ 12,036
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ 4,737	\$ 229,630	\$ 77,416	\$	99,980	\$	2,882	\$	-	\$ -
Accrued salaries	6,480	-	24,534		-		-		-	-
Due to other funds	13,860	-	-		-		-		-	-
Unearned revenue	 -	-	31,183		-		-		-	 -
Total liabilities	 25,077	229,630	133,133		99,980		2,882	—	-	 -
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 -	-	-		-		87,738		-	
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	-	-	54,154		-		-		-	-
Restricted	229,960	466,379	-		-		300,356		-	-
Committed	-	-	693,397		250,000		-		569,818	12,036
Assigned	 -	-	-		10,967		-		-	 -
Total fund balances	 229,960	466,379	747,551		260,967		300,356		569,818	 12,036
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,										
and fund balances	\$ 255,037	\$ 696,009	\$ 880,684	\$	360,947	\$	390,976	\$	569,818	\$ 12,036

Continued

$\begin{cal}COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, {\it Continued}\\ June 30, 2021 \end{cal}$

			Capital Pro	jects	Funds		Pern	nanent Fund	
	Al	Youth ternatives	Athletic Facilities		Parks Facilities	evelopment mpact Fees		Cemetery petual Care	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	32,107	\$ 178,537	\$	-	\$ 225	\$	693	\$ 1,066,131
Investments, at fair value		-	435,683		-	846,452		799,248	4,403,074
Receivables									
Customers		-	-		-	284,010		190	472,216
Due from Other Funds		-	-		-	-		-	151,193
Due from Other Governments		-	-		-	-		-	686,340
Prepaid Items		-	-		-	-		-	55,529
Cash and Cash Equivalents, restricted		-	-		-	-		-	160,879
Investments, restricted		-	-		-	-			 501,729
Total assets	\$	32,107	\$ 614,220	\$	-	\$ 1,130,687	\$	800,131	\$ 7,497,091
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	- - - -	\$ 83 - - - 83	\$	- - - -	\$ 59,341 - 92,000 - 151,341	\$	- - - -	\$ 569,288 33,728 265,305 31,183 899,504
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-		-	-		-	 87,738
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable		-	-		-	-		-	55,529
Restricted		-	-		-	_		800,131	2,752,586
Committed		_	614,137		_	979,346		-	3,658,660
Assigned		32,107	-		-	· <u>-</u>		-	43,074
Total fund balances		32,107	614,137		-	979,346		800,131	6,509,849
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and fund balances	\$	32,107	\$ 614,220	\$	_	\$ 1,130,687	\$	800,131	\$ 7,497,091

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

					S	Specia	al Revenue Fund	s			
			Youth					Community	Law		
	1	Weed and	Alternative					Development	Enforcement	Tra	insportation
	Pe	est Control	Grants	Juv	enile Justice	Sp	pecial Friends	Block Grant	Block Grant		Planning
Revenues											
Intergovernmental	\$	586,406	\$ 813,802	\$	73,200	\$	51,000	\$ 473,291	\$ 436,676	\$	781,207
Charges for services		-	-		-		-	-	-		-
Investment income (loss)		1,797	(28)		(7)		27	-	-		-
Miscellaneous		-	41,573		1,407		2,532	-	-		-
Total revenues		588,203	855,347		74,600		53,559	473,291	436,676		781,207
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government		-	-		-		-	-	-		-
Public safety		-	497,904		55,666		-	-	494,829		-
Public works		-	-		-		-	-	-		820,129
Health and welfare		515,825	238,020		-		68,587	473,112	-		-
Recreation		-	-		-		-	-	-		-
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-	-	-		-
Debt service:											
Principal retirements		-	-		-		-	-	-		-
Interest payments		-	-		-		-	-	-		-
Total expenditures		515,825	735,924		55,666		68,587	473,112	494,829		820,129
Revenues over (under) expenditures		72,378	119,423		18,934		(15,028)	179	(58,153)	(38,922)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in		-	-		-		-	-	59,055		39,022
Transfers out		-	-		-		-	-	-		-
Proceeds from sales of assets		-	-		-		-	-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-		-		-	-	59,055		39,022
Net change in fund balances		72,378	119,423		18,934		(15,028)	179	902		100
Fund Balances, beginning of year		565,929	420,503		191,476		90,090	1,919	23,259		6,997
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	638,307	\$ 539,926	\$	210,410	\$	75,062	\$ 2,098	\$ 24,161	\$	7,097

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, *Continued*Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Spe	cial Revenue Fund	ls			
	Tr	UMTA ansit Grant	Local and State Grants	Recreation Programs		Annexation Improvements		Housing Loans	devolving al Property	ir Ranch reation
Revenues										
Intergovernmental	\$	1,895,879	\$ 368,103	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services		145	-	1,465,105		-		-	-	-
Investment income (loss)		15	-	1,979		15		1,982	1,869	36
Miscellaneous		386	661,982	27,945		1,040		19,231	-	-
Total revenues		1,896,425	1,030,085	1,495,029		1,055		21,213	1,869	36
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		-	129,988	-		-		-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-		-		-	-	-
Public works		1,813,208	-	-		-		-	-	-
Health and welfare		-	-	-		-		10,219	-	-
Recreation		-	-	1,152,867		-		-	-	-
Capital outlay		1,749	226,780	18,172		-		-	-	-
Debt service:										
Principal retirements		-	623,617	-		-		-	-	-
Interest payments		-	19,183	-		4,241		-	-	-
Total expenditures		1,814,957	999,568	1,171,039		4,241		10,219	-	-
Revenues over (under) expenditures		81,468	30,517	323,990		(3,186)		10,994	1,869	36
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		-	-	35,200		23,278		-	-	12,000
Transfers out		-	-	-		-		-	-	-
Proceeds from sales of assets		-	-	-		-		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	35,200		23,278		-	-	12,000
Net change in fund balances		81,468	30,517	359,190		20,092		10,994	1,869	12,036
Fund Balances, beginning of year		148,492	435,862	388,361		240,875		289,362	567,949	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	229,960	\$ 466,379	\$ 747,551	\$	260,967	\$	300,356	\$ 569,818	\$ 12,036

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, *Continued*Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Capital Projects Funds							Permanent Fund				
		Youth ernatives		Athletic Facilities		Parks Facilities		Development Impact Fees		Cemetery Perpetual Care		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues												
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,479,564
Charges for services		-		242,263		-		520,358		-		2,227,871
Investment income (loss)		10		199		-		313		101		8,308
Miscellaneous		2,251		5,000		_		_		11,295		774,642
Total revenues		2,261		247,462		-		520,671		11,396		8,490,385
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government		-		-		-		-		-		129,988
Public safety		5,367		-		-		-		-		1,053,766
Public works		-		-		-		-		-		2,633,337
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		-		1,305,763
Recreation		-		11,702		68		10,084		-		1,174,721
Capital outlay		-		115,563		1,910		131,307		-		495,481
Debt service:												
Principal retirements		-		-		-		-		-		623,617
Interest payments		-		-		-		-		-		23,424
Total expenditures		5,367		127,265		1,978		141,391		-		7,440,097
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,106)		120,197		(1,978)		379,280		11,396		1,050,288
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		168,555
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		(2,427)		(2,427)
Proceeds from sales of assets		_		5,300		-		-		-		5,300
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		5,300		-		-		(2,427)		171,428
Net change in fund balances		(3,106)		125,497		(1,978)		379,280		8,969		1,221,716
Fund Balances, beginning of year		35,213		488,640		1,978		600,066		791,162		5,288,133
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	32,107	\$	614,137	\$	-	\$	979,346	\$	800,131	\$	6,509,849

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Business-Type Activities

Proprietary funds are used to account for business-type activities that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Civic Center: Accounts for monies received by the City from the operation of the Civic Center.

Ice and Events Center: Accounts for monies received by the City from the operation of the Ice and Events Center.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2021

	Civic Center Fund		Ice and Events Center Fund		Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Totals
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,201	\$	2,707	\$ 3,908
Receivables:					
Accounts - customers		34,769		100	34,869
Total current assets		35,970		2,807	38,777
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land		-		346,861	346,861
Machinery and equipment		445,512		380,600	826,112
Transportation equipment		-		50,241	50,241
Buildings and improvements		3,874,089		2,982,223	6,856,312
Office furniture and equipment		185,628		37,712	223,340
Accumulated depreciation		(4,082,109)		(1,610,135)	(5,692,244)
Construction in progress		3,000		-	3,000
Total noncurrent assets	<u>-</u>	426,120		2,187,502	2,613,622
Total assets		462,090		2,190,309	2,652,399
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable		57,753		20,094	77,847
Unearned revenue		33,064		-	33,064
Due to other funds		891,000		240,600	1,131,600
Accrued salaries, including vacation and					
sick leave		25,958		13,471	39,429
Total current liabilities		1,007,775		274,165	1,281,940
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Accrued compensated absences		-		3,810	3,810
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		3,810	3,810
Total liabilities		1,007,775		277,975	1,285,750
NET POSITION					
		426,120		2 197 502	2 612 622
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted (Deficit)		(971,805)		2,187,502 (275,168)	2,613,622 (1,246,973)
Total net position	\$	(545,685)	\$	1,912,334	\$ 1,366,649

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	(Civic Center Fund]	Nonmajor Proprietary unds Totals
Operating Revenues						
Sales and charges for services	\$	102,209	\$	322,816	\$	425,025
Fees and miscellaneous		56,911		-		56,911
Total operating revenues		159,120		322,816		481,936
Operating Expenses						
Administrative and general		500,826		475,348		976,174
Depreciation		64,058		128,300		192,358
Parts and supplies		9,514		17,554		27,068
Intra-city charges		8,000		3,902		11,902
Total operating expenses		582,398		625,104		1,207,502
Operating (loss)		(423,278)		(302,288)		(725,566)
Nonoperating Income						
Donated assets		74,452		118,093		192,545
Total nonoperating income		74,452		118,093		192,545
(Loss) before transfers		(348,826)		(184,195)		(533,021)
Transfers In		895,000		80,000		975,000
Change in net position		546,174		(104,195)		441,979
Net Position, beginning of year		(1,091,859)		2,016,529		924,670
Net Position, end of year	\$	(545,685)	\$	1,912,334	\$	1,366,649

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Civic Center Fund	Ice and Events Center Fund	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash received from customers	\$ 156,858	\$ 322,716	\$ 479,574
Cash payments to suppliers	(145,669)	(176,743)	(322,412)
Cash payments to employees	(323,633)	(307,232)	(630,865)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(312,444)	(161,259)	(473,703)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Transfers from other funds	895,000	80,000	975,000
Advances to other funds	(579,000)	-	(579,000)
Proceeds from amounts due to other funds	-	80,600	80,600
Net cash provided by noncapital financing			
activities	 316,000	160,600	476,600
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Acquisition of capital assets	(2,999)	-	(2,999)
Net cash (used in) capital and related			
financing activities	(2,999)	-	(2,999)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash			
equivalents	557	(659)	(102)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year	 644	3,366	4,010
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,201	\$ 2,707	\$ 3,908
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities			
Operating (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash	\$ (423,278)	\$ (302,288)	\$ (725,566)
(used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation	64,058	128,300	192,358
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents resulting from changes in operating assets and liabilities:	04,030	120,300	172,330
Receivables	(34,769)	(100)	(34,869)
Accounts payable	40,896	11,167	52,063
Accrued salaries, including vacation and sick leave	8,142	1,662	9,804
Unearned revenue	32,507	-	32,507
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (312,444)	\$ (161,259)	\$ (473,703)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Noncapital Financing Activities			
Donated asset acquisitions	\$ 74,452	\$ 118,093	\$ 192,545



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Federal AL	Pass-Through	Passed Through to	Total Federal	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Grantor's Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Program:					
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster:	14.218	N/A	\$ 369,921	\$ 469,635	
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.216	IV/A	\$ 369,921	\$ 409,033	
U.S. Department of the Interior:					
Pass-through program from Wyoming Department of State Parks and					
Cultural Resources:					
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	15.904	56-20-06	-	2,830	
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	15.904	56-21-08		935	
Subtotal Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid			-	3,765	
Outdoor Recreation Acquisition, Development, and Planning	15.916	56-00923	_	239,482	
Total U.S. Department of the Interior				243,247	
U.S. Department of Justice:					
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs:	16.024	2020 MD DW 1276		02.051	
COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034 16.607	2020-VD-BX-1276 FY 2019	-	93,051 14,382	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Total U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs	10.007	F 1 2019		107,433	
Total C.S. Department of sustice Direct Frograms				107,433	
U.S. Department of Justice Pass-Through Programs:					
Pass-through from Wyoming Division of Victim Services:					
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2019-V2-GX-0002		191,177	
Deep through from Lamonia County, Wysomia a					
Pass-through from Laramie County, Wyoming: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0912		13,147	
Edward Bythe Melibrial Justice Assistance Grant Flogram	10.736	2019-DJ-BA-0912		13,147	
Pass-through from Memorial Hospital of Laramie County:					
Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Site-Based Program	16.838	2019-AR-BX-K082		59,961	
Total U.S. Department of Justice Pass-Through Programs				264,285	
Total U.S. Department of Justice				371,718	
U.S. Department of Transportation:					
U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Program:					
Federal Transit Cluster:					
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	90-X062-00	-	533	
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	90-X063-00	-	840	
COVID-19: Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	90-X067-00	-	284,548	
COVID-19: Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	90-X068-00	-	920,725	
COVID-19: Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	90-X070-00		267,949	
Subtotal Federal Transit Cluster				1,474,595	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Program			-	1,474,595	
U.S. Department of Transportation Pass-Through Programs:					
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:					
Pass-through from Wyoming Department of Transportation:	20.205	CTD11 C11 0 00 D171000		1 225 674	
Highway Planning and Construction (Prairie & Frontier)	20.205 20.205	STPU-CH 0.00 B171028 CD18101	-	1,335,674 247,816	
Highway Planning and Construction (Allison & Cribbon) Highway Planning and Construction (Carey Ave. Multi-Use Path)	20.205	CD20101	-	15,118	
Subtotal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.203	CD20101		1,598,608	
Subtout Highway Hamming and Construction Cluster				1,576,000	
Pass-through from Wyoming Department of Transportation:					
Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and					
Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research	20.505	N/A		742,111	
Pass-through from Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of					
Police:	20,607	15/AT 2021 EA AT 01		10.057	
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2021-FA-AL-01	-	10,857	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, *Continued* Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Federal AL	Pass-Through	Passed Through to	Total Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Grantor's Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation, Continued:				,
U.S. Department of Transportation Pass-Through Programs, Continued:				
State and Community Highway Safety Cluster:				
Pass-through from Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of				
Police:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	AL-2020-FA-AL-02	\$ -	\$ 2,721
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	OP-2020-FA-OP-02	-	4,287
Subtotal State and Community Highway Safety		-	-	7,008
National Priority Safety Program	20.616	OP HVE-405B-20.616	-	6,163
National Priority Safety Program	20.616	154AL-2020-FA-AL-08	-	28,667
Subtotal National Priority Safety Program			-	34,830
Subtotal State and Community Highway Safety Cluster			-	41,838
Total U.S. Department of Transportation Pass-Through				
Programs			-	2,393,414
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		-	-	3,868,009
U.S. Department of Treasury:				
Pass-through from State of Wyoming Land and Investment Board:				
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-021	-	762,194
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-075	-	178,085
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-086	-	192,547
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-162	-	317,120
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-179	37,154	37,154
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-208	-	605,496
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-222	-	94,473
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-254	-	64,342
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-239	-	16,618
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-255	-	136,403
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CRF-312	-	71,632
Total U.S. Department of Treasury		-	37,154	2,476,064
National Endowment for the Arts:				
Pass-through from Wyoming Arts Council:				
Promotion of the Arts Partnership Agreements	45.025	N/A	-	650
Promotion of the Arts Partnership Agreements	45.025	N/A	-	896
Total National Endowment for the Arts		-	-	1,546
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:				
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Direct Programs:				
Brownfields Training, Research and Technical Assistance Grants				
and Cooperative Agreements	66.814	96826401	-	43,632
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Pass-Through Programs:				
Pass-through from Wyoming State Land and Investment Board and				
administered by City of Cheyenne Board of Public Utilities:				
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster:				
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	66.468	DWSRF-133GR	-	71,934
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			-	115,566
U.S. Department of Energy:				
Pass-through from Wyoming Business Council:				
State Energy Program	81.041	N/A	-	25,000
				Continued

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, *Continued* Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Th	Passed nrough to precipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education:					
Pass-through from Laramie County Community Partnership:					
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	Cohort 11	\$	-	\$ 96,523
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	Cohort 12		-	115,081
Total U.S. Department of Education				-	211,604
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass-through from Wyoming Department of Health:					
Aging Cluster:					
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for					
Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	N/A		-	64,471
Corporation for National and Community Service Direct Program:					
Foster Grandparent/Senior Companion Cluster:					
Foster Grandparent Program	94.011	20SFPW Y001		-	238,497
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:					
Pass-through from Wyoming Office of Homeland Security:					
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	18-SHSP-RR7-RR-HRT18		-	1,346
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	19-SHSP-RR7-RR-HRT19		-	78,914
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	20-SHSP-CHE-HRT20		-	10,937
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2019-SS-00065		-	232,854
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				-	324,051
Total expenditures of Federal awards			\$	407,075	\$ 8,409,408

The Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this Schedule.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the accompanying City of Cheyenne, Wyoming (the City) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the Uniform Guidance), wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. All programs are administered by the City unless otherwise noted.

Note 2. Indirect Cost Rate

The City did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3. Basis of Presentation

The Schedule includes the Federal award activity of the City under programs of the Federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

Note 4. Timing of Expenditures

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was enacted to, among other provisions, provide emergency assistance for state and local governments affected by the coronavirus pandemic. Subsequent to June 30, 2020, the Wyoming State Loan and Investment Board authorized \$4.3 million in CARES Act funds for the City based on an application submitted to the State of Wyoming. However, due to the time of authorization of the funds, expenditures incurred prior to June 30, 2020 were not included on the Schedule for the year ended June 30, 2020. As a result, the Schedule for the year ended June 30, 2021 includes expenditures for the CARES Act incurred between March 27, 2020 and June 30, 2020.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Cheyenne Cheyenne, Wyoming

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cheyenne, Wyoming (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cheyenne, Wyoming

Mc Dec, Hearne & Paix, LLP

December 10, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Cheyenne Cheyenne, Wyoming

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Cheyenne, Wyoming's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Office of Management and Budget Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of independent auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cheyenne, Wyoming December 10, 2021

Mc Dec, Hearne & Paix, LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2021

I. SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

	Financial Statements Type of report the auditor issued on w statements audited were prepared in ac	Unmodified					
	 Internal control over financial reportin Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified 	☐ Yes ☐ Yes	☑ No☑ None Reported				
	Noncompliance material to financial s	tatements noted?	Yes	⊠ No			
	Federal Awards Internal control over major Federal pro • Material weakness(es) identified? • Significant deficiency(ies) identified	☑ No☑ None Reported					
	Type of auditor's report issued on com	Unmodified					
	Any audit findings disclosed that a reported in accordance with Section	⊠ No					
	Identification of major Federal programs:						
	AL Number	Name of Federal Progr	am or Cluster				
	Cluster Federal Transit Cluster Cluster Highway Planning and Construction Cluster COVID-19 21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund						
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish be	etween Type A and Type	B programs:	\$750,000			
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	⊠ No			
II.	FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDI	NGS					
	None.						
III	FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AN None.	ND QUESTIONED COS	STS				

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINDING STATUS

2020-001: Audit Adjustments (Board of Public Utilities)

Condition/context: Various audit adjustments were proposed and recorded. The most significant of those adjustments include, but are not limited to, the following:

- To properly state property, plant, and equipment, including construction in progress
- To properly roll forward equity accounts from the prior year
- To properly recognize loan principal reduction
- To record revenues received in the form of donated utilities

As a result of the Corrective Action Plan put in place by the Board of Public Utilities (the Board) subsequent to the fiscal year 2020 audit, the Board has completed monthly reconciliations on all funds, which has allowed for appropriate and timely accruals.

Auditor's comment: Per work performed in the current year on the Board's audit, the Board implemented its Corrective Action Plan. Finding 2020-001 is considered to be resolved.