CITY OF CHEYENNE, WYOMING FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Cheyenne Cheyenne, Wyoming

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cheyenne, Wyoming (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 6 and 18 to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance with the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal-control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 14, the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 77 and 78, the Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 79, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability on pages 80 and 81, the Schedule of the City's Contributions on pages 82 and 83, and the Notes to Required Supplementary Information on pages 84 through 87 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining Statements of Nonmajor Governmental Funds, the Combining Statements of Nonmajor Proprietary Funds, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cheyenne, Wyoming December 29, 2022

Mc Dee, Hearne & Paix, LLP



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

The City of Cheyenne (the City) offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. In addition to this overview and analysis based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions, the City would encourage readers to consider the information presented in the City's financial statements, which begin on page 15 of this report.

Financial Highlights

The City's total net position (governmental and business-type combined) increased by \$99.01 million (16.38%) from 2021 to 2022. The governmental net position increased by \$84.67 million (35.18%) and the business-type net position increased by \$14.34 million (3.93%).

The General Fund, the City's primary operating fund, reported an increase in fund balance of \$9.04 million on a current financial resource basis. As of June 30, 2022, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$31.43 million or 210 days of total General Fund expenditures of \$54.57 million. The City Council has a requirement by resolution to maintain an unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund of 60 days of operating expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. Required supplementary information and supplementary information are also included at the end of the report.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances using the accrual basis of accounting, the basis of accounting used by most private-sector businesses.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may provide an indication of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety - police and fire, public works, health and welfare, and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the Board of Public Utilities (water and sewer departments), the Solid Waste Fund, the Civic Center, and the Ice and Events Center.

Fund financial statements: Traditional users of the City's financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The focus is now on major funds rather than fund types.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. A major fund should generally meet both of the following criteria: (1) total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least 10% of the corresponding total (assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, etc.) for that fund type (i.e., governmental or enterprise funds) and (2) total assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 23 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund, the One-Percent Sales Tax Fund, and the Capital Facilities Tax Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 19 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General Fund and the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 22 of this report.

Proprietary funds: The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Board of Public Utilities, Solid Waste Fund, Civic Center, and Ice and Events Center. The Internal Service Fund is used to account for activities of the City's Fleet Maintenance facility, and is allocated based on other funds' usage on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Waterworks, Sewer, and Solid Waste funds as they are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 27 of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28 and 29 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 30 through 76 of this report.

Other information: Required supplementary information regarding the budget comparisons, total OPEB liability, and net pension liability is included in this report on pages 77 through 87. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and nonmajor proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 88 through 99 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City's net position, over 85% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding and any accounts or retainage payable related to those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt and accounts payable, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position at June 30:

Statement of Net Position

(Amounts expressed in thousands; totals may not add due to rounding)

	 Governmen	ntal Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total			
	 2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Current assets	\$ 146,582	\$	122,818	\$	85,856	\$	77,465	\$	232,438	\$	200,283	
Capital and other assets	 281,542		282,332		376,289		368,053		657,831		650,385	
Total assets	428,124		405,150		462,145		445,518		890,269		850,668	
Deferred outflows of resources	 23,301		8,940		1,765		1,208		25,066		10,148	
Long-term liabilities	66,552		128,836		63,414		67,502		129,966		196,338	
Other liabilities	 22,490		16,574		15,985		12,267		38,475		28,841	
Total liabilities	 89,042		145,410		79,399		79,769		168,441		225,179	
Deferred inflows of resources	 37,016		27,987		6,432		3,221		43,448		31,208	
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets	273,616		273,028		325,461		315,412		599,077		588,440	
Restricted	73,612		71,184		500		500		74,112		71,684	
Unrestricted	 (21,861)		(103,519)		52,117		47,824		30,256		(55,695)	
Total net position	\$ 325,367	\$	240,693	\$	378,078	\$	363,736	\$	703,445	\$	604,429	

A portion of the City's net position, 10.54%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Currently in a surplus position, the remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$30.26 million, is intended to be utilized to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors subject to the City's fund designations and fiscal policies.

Net position in the City's governmental activities increased by \$84.67 million during fiscal year 2022. This was up from a prior-year increase of \$19.78 million. Net position in the City's business-type activities increased by \$14.34 million during fiscal year 2022, compared to an increase of \$10.99 million in the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

The following table reflects a condensed summary of activities and changes in net position for the years ended June 30:

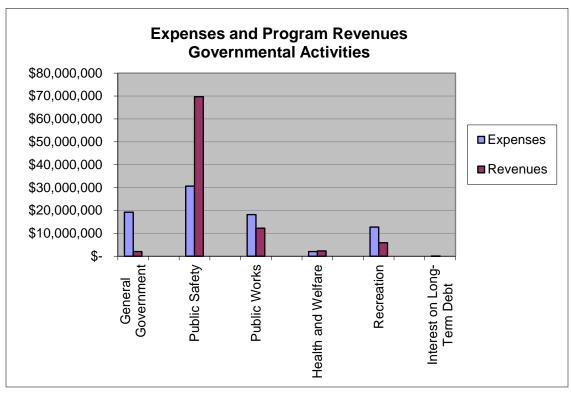
Changes in Net Position

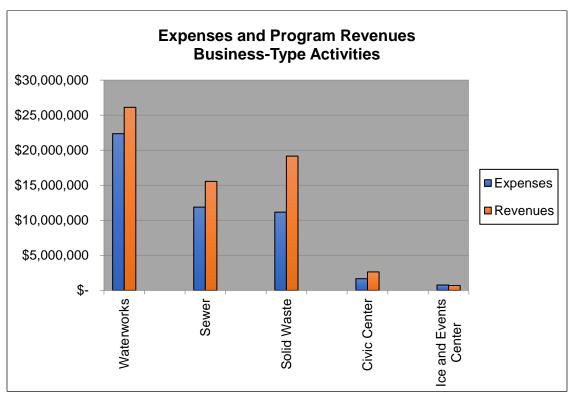
(Amounts expressed in thousands; totals may not add due to rounding)

	Governm	ental A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities			Total				
	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Revenues:							_				
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 11,44	\$	9,249	\$	55,175	\$	52,278	\$	66,615	\$	61,527
Operating grants and contributions	76,30	В	5,702		5,065		4,527		81,373		10,229
Capital grants and contributions	4,40	9	13,086		3,960		1,159		8,369		14,245
General revenues:											
Property and other taxes	16,95	0	15,389		-		-		16,950		15,389
Sales taxes	52,57	0	55,810		-		-		52,570		55,810
Intergovernmental	6,65	2	6,072		-		-		6,652		6,072
Other	(1,04	5)	3,014		(1,649)		(84)		(2,694)		2,930
Total revenues	167,28	4	108,322		62,551		57,880		229,835		166,202
Expenses:											
Civic Center	_		-		1,673		582		1,673		582
General government	19,24	2	15,484		· <u>-</u>		-		19,242		15,484
Health and welfare	2,05	0	1,983		-		-		2,050		1,983
Interest on long-term debt	7	9	499		-		-		79		499
Public safety	30,66	1	45,570		-		-		30,661		45,570
Public works	18,17	9	15,195		-		-		18,179		15,195
Recreation	12,76	0	11,166		-		-		12,760		11,166
Sewer	-		-		11,883		11,446		11,883		11,446
Solid waste	-		-		11,165		10,982		11,165		10,982
Water	-		-		22,355		21,898		22,355		21,898
Ice and events	-		-		772		626		772		626
Total expenses	82,97	1	89,897		47,848		45,534		130,819		135,431
Increase (decrease) in net											
position before transfers	84,31	3	18,425		14,703		12,346		99,016		30,771
Transfers	36	1	1,352		(361)		(1,352)		_		_
Change in net position	84,67		19,777		14,342		10,994		99,016		30,771
Net Position, beginning of year	240,69	3	220,916		363,736		352,742		604,429		573,658
Net Position, end of year	\$ 325,36	7 \$	240,693	\$	378,078	\$	363,736	\$	703,445	\$	604,429

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus on the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$121,252,783. Approximately 26% of this total amount, \$31,108,980, constitutes the unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period or pay debt service, or has been dedicated to other uses.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$31,432,576, while the total fund balance reached \$38,010,616. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 57.60% of the total General Fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 69.65% of that same amount. This compares to 47.77% and 53.74%, respectively, in the prior year.

Proprietary funds: The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

The unrestricted net position of the Waterworks Fund and the Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$42,164,544, the Solid Waste Fund was \$9,793,415, and the Civic Center and the Ice and Events Center amounted to \$53,436. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and the final amended budgeted expenditures and transfers out were \$2,971,948. The major expenditure increases follow:

- \$359,961 in carryover projects
- \$217,268 in encumbrances
- \$153,727 to move three Botanic Gardens employees to the General Fund being temporarily paid for by the Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Fund in the Specific Purpose Option Tax Fund
- \$327,701 to hire four Animal Control Officers and one Animal Control Supervisor as well as pay for other necessary costs of the new Animal Control Division
- \$25,000 to hire a consultant to prepare a submission package for the American Rescue Plan Build Back Better Regional Challenge Phase I
- \$2,280 to provide training dollars for members of the Mayor's Council for People with Disabilities
- \$28,721 to pay for a price increase in the HVAC system maintenance contract
- \$562,056 to provide a \$1.50-per-hour raise for all eligible full-time employees starting on January 1, 2022
- \$86,572 to reinstate longevity pay for regular employees and police officers
- \$512,582 to increase the Fire Department's overtime budget
- \$77,000 to increase the public defender fees budget to cover increased costs

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

- \$31,250 to pay for the homeless bridge project in cooperation with the Wyoming Department of Transportation
- \$16,200 to pay for animal shelter housing and care of animals after 10 days per Contract #7464
- \$11,995 to pay for 10 non-insured incidents under the deductible limit for the Police Department
- \$75,000 for higher-than-anticipated jail costs
- \$42,665 to install a new hydraulic power unit for the elevator at the Jack R. Spiker Parking Facility
- \$78,000 to pay for increased costs with the Cheyenne Animal Shelter's contract
- \$34,391 to replace one Clean and Safe Technician lost in the fiscal year 2021 budget reduction-inforce for six months
- \$10,000 to pay the insurance deductible for flood damage to the Youth Alternatives building and damages to the batting cages due to the March 2021 blizzard
- \$14,470 to pay for repairs to a 1999 Pierce Fire Truck (insurance reimbursement was received in fiscal year 2021 and not used until fiscal year 2022)
- \$15,000 to pay for development incentivization ordinance permit fee refunds
- \$137,187 for higher-than-projected fleet fuel, labor and parts inventory costs
- \$94,261 for higher-than-projected natural gas and electricity utility costs for City buildings
- \$58,661 to pay for additional roof replacement costs at the Ice and Events Center

Of this increase, \$2,971,948 was budgeted from the available fund balance. Expenditures were less than budgetary estimates, thus eliminating the need to further draw upon the existing fund balance for operations.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$654,769,787 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets included land, buildings, utility plant, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and roads. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.02%.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Replacement of public safety, public works and recreation vehicles and equipment
- Various recreation and quality-of-life projects, including the 17th Street Streetscape Project, Kiwanis (East) Park improvements, Cheyenne Junior League concession and restroom buildings construction, and the Romero and Sun Valley Playground Resurfacing Project
- Preliminary work on the construction of three new fire stations
- A variety of drainage and street construction projects, including the Christensen Road Overpass
 Project, the Reed Avenue Corridor Project, the Evers Boulevard Project, the 26th Street Capitol Basin
 storm sewer extension, the Laramie County Community College Sweetgrass Underpass, and various
 traffic signal upgrades
- Several greenway projects, including the Sun Valley Open Space to East Park Greenway Connector and the Carey Avenue Multi-Use Greenway Project
- Re-roofing the Ice and Events Center building
- Construction of a new landfill building/scale house, expansion of the City's landfill, and a landfill litter fence expansion project
- Various building and system additions and improvements for the Board of Public Utilities

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

(Amounts expressed in thousands; totals may not add due to rounding)

	 Governmer	ntal A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				Total			
	 2022	2021*		2022		2021*		2022			2021*
Land	\$ 15,086	\$	14,735	\$	14,028	\$	14,003	\$	29,114	\$	28,738
Construction in progress	9,761		10,993		24,189		17,341		33,950		28,334
Buildings and improvements	138,723		137,067		38,275		34,840		176,998		171,907
Utility plant in service	-		-		596,612		585,968		596,612		585,968
Machinery and equipment	46,164		44,687		27,376		25,933		73,540		70,620
Infrastructure	264,609		256,337		-		-		264,609		256,337
Less accumulated depreciation	 (195,520)		(183,699)		(324,533)		(310,032)		(520,053)		(493,731)
Total	\$ 278,823	\$	280,120	\$	375,947	\$	368,053	\$	654,770	\$	648,173

^{* 2021} balances have not been adjusted for the effects of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-term debt: The City's debt represents bonds and loans secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Outstanding Debt - General Obligation Bonds, Revenue Bonds, and Loans

	Governm	Governmental Activities			Business-T	_	Total					
	2022	2 2021		2022 2021		2022 2021		2021	_	2022		2021
Loans and finance/lease-purchases Revenue bonds	\$ 7,756,343 4,895,000		3,726,100 5,455,000	\$	46,132,475 3,270,000	\$ 46,765,989 4,160,000	\$	53,888,818 8,165,000	\$	50,492,089 9,615,000		
Total	\$ 12,651,34	3 \$	9,181,100	\$	49,402,475	\$ 50,925,989	\$	62,053,818	\$	60,107,089		

The City's total debt increased by \$1,946,729 or 3.24% during the current fiscal year.

The Board of Public Utilities maintains a AA rating from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt. The City maintains an A+ rating from Standard & Poor's on the revenue bonds.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Notes 6 and 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's original approved fiscal year 2022 budget for the General Fund totaled \$53,893,219, compared to an original budget in fiscal year 2021 of \$50,652,480. This represented a 6.4% increase. In comparison, the city's budget in fiscal year 2012 was \$50,473,830. Over this 10-year period, the City's budget only increased \$3,419,389, while inflation in Southeast Wyoming increased over 33% during this time. Factoring in the inflation rate, the City's expenditure budget should have grown by over \$16.6 million during the past 10 years to maintain the same level of municipal government services experienced by Cheyenne citizens in 2012. This disparity underscores the challenges facing the City's elected officials and leadership as revenues have remained stagnant, but the cost of employees, supplies, utilities, fuel and insurance continue to increase significantly each year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

Fiscal year 2022 was very positive for the City. Revenues in almost every category exceeded expectations. Sales tax is the City's largest revenue source, accounting for 39% of all General Fund revenue. In fiscal year 2022, the City saw an increase of \$2,184,404 in sales tax revenue compared to the previous fiscal year. The primary drivers of this strong sales tax performance was inflation, as well as the continued expansions in retail sales and leisure and hospitality services, and a robust rebound in the oil and gas industry in Laramie County.

When preparing the fiscal year 2022 budget, the City utilized economic forecasts obtained from the Consensus Revenue Estimating Group, economic data from the State of Wyoming Economic Analysis Division, and a review of historical revenues and estimates from City departments to facilitate decisions on projecting sales and use tax collections and other revenues.

When COVID-19 first began in the spring of 2020, cities across Wyoming faced unknown economic implications. As a result, the City responded by significantly dropping revenue forecasts in the fiscal year 2021 budget, which, in turn, forced the City to make some very difficult expenditure-cutting decisions. These difficult decisions included a reduction in force as well as the removal of longevity pay for both sworn police officers and regular employees. Fortunately, revenues ended up being much higher than projected. As a result, the governing body approved increasing staffing levels to 397.4 full-time equivalents in fiscal year 2022, up from 381.6 approved in fiscal year 2021. In addition, the governing body approved the reinstatement of longevity pay in January 2022.

Increasing employee wages to address the City's struggle with attracting and retaining quality employees was also a significant contributor to the increased fiscal year 2022 General Fund budget. Amid rising inflation, employers, including the City, faced the tightest job market in recent history. In second quarter of 2021, the Southeast Wyoming cost-of-living index was 7.2%. To help offset this inflationary increase, the governing body approved a \$1.50-per-hour increase for all full-time employees in January 2022. Seasonal and part-time staff received significant increases throughout fiscal year 2022 as well.

City expenditures continued to rise in fiscal year 2022 for non-payroll-related major categories such as insurance, fuel, parts and utilities. The surge in crude oil prices impacted the City's fiscal year 2022 budget. To address higher fuel costs, the city budgeted a 60% increase. Additionally, because of supply chain issues and inflationary pressures, the parts expense budget was increased 10%. Natural gas and electricity costs also increased in fiscal year 2022. The City, using estimates from Black Hills Energy, projected a 2.2% increase in electric and a 3.5% increase in natural gas expenses. The fiscal year 2022 actual utility costs were higher than projected, and a budget amendment was required to cover the shortfall.

The original adopted fiscal year 2022 budget included \$553,703 in General Fund reserves to fund various expenditures, including the \$240,000 minimum revenue guarantee for SkyWest Airlines. In addition, the City received one-time building permit fees of approximately \$1.43 million from the new Microsoft datacenter in fiscal year 2021. Mayor Collins assigned a portion of these funds to pay for three new compliance employees, including two inspectors and one plan reviewer, for two years, or \$295,428 from assigned reserves in fiscal year 2022. An additional \$18,275 was also used from reserves for nuisance abatement. Various budget amendments were approved throughout the year, which included expenditures related to increasing the public defender line item and higher janitorial service costs for the Botanic Gardens.

Actual revenues received in fiscal year 2022 were much higher than the City's conservative revenue forecasts. The City received a total of \$61,319,177 in revenue, which was \$9,416,962 higher than the final approved budgeted revenues and \$3,841,372 higher than what was received in fiscal year 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2022

The significant revenue increases in fiscal year 2022 compared to the final approved budget is attributed, in part, to the following:

- \$2,184,404 more in state sales tax
- \$707,304 increase in building permit revenue
- \$618,873 because of the new 2% assessment fee on the Board of Public Utilities water and sewer monthly bills approved per ordinance
- \$460,641 more in gas and electric franchise fees
- \$408,534 increase in property taxes
- \$293,588 higher historic horse racing revenues
- \$70,522 more in gas and special fuels taxes
- \$143,807 increased severance tax revenue
- \$113,906 more in the state distribution
- \$112,654 because of the new skill-based amusement games revenue
- \$109,000 from Laramie County to reimburse the City for animal control services for county residents
- \$99,820 more in golf course revenue
- \$76,850 increase in revenue from the City's aquatics facilities

The City's total General Fund expenditures were \$54,322,691, which were \$2,542,476 less than the \$56,865,167 final approved budget. This is due to a combination of factors but primarily was the result of not being able to hire vacant positions. In comparison, during fiscal year 2021, the City had \$49,042,315 in expenditures. Therefore, in fiscal year 2022, the City expended \$5,280,376 more compared to fiscal year 2021.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the City Treasurer, City of Cheyenne, 2101 O'Neil, Room 309, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82001.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

		Primary Government								
	Governmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Total	Dev	wntown elopment uthority			
ASSETS							•			
Current Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,780,444	\$	6,187,668	\$	17,968,112	\$	_			
Investments, at fair value	35,830,656		70,077,193		105,907,849		-			
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	1,759,000		768,958		2,527,958		-			
Investments, at fair value	68,131,079		-		68,131,079		-			
Due from other governments	995		79,018		80,013		-			
Receivables:										
Accrued interest	549,937		303,073		853,010		-			
Accounts, customers, net	857,310		2,151,743		3,009,053		-			
Estimated unbilled usage	-		3,051,585		3,051,585		-			
Sanitation receivable and unbilled usage	-		2,216,420		2,216,420		-			
Property tax receivable	7,672,907		-		7,672,907		-			
Internal balances	83,503		(83,503)		-		-			
Intergovernmental receivable	13,782,135		-		13,782,135		_			
Prepaid expenses	5,291,213		357,609		5,648,822		_			
Inventories	94,174		669,125		763,299		_			
Lease receivable, current	108,731		76,797		185,528		_			
Finance/lease-sale receivable, current	639,863		_		639,863		_			
Total current assets	146,581,947		85,855,686		232,437,633		-			
Noncurrent Assets										
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	15,085,858		12,230,233		27,316,091		-			
Construction in progress	9,760,600		24,188,656		33,949,256		-			
Water rights	-		1,797,968		1,797,968		-			
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Utility plant in service	-		596,612,314		596,612,314		-			
Machinery and equipment	17,542,896		9,309,422		26,852,318		-			
Transportation equipment	23,889,531		16,352,884		40,242,415		-			
Buildings and improvements	138,723,016		38,275,094		176,998,110		-			
Office furniture and equipment	4,731,524		1,714,322		6,445,846		-			
Infrastructure	264,608,594		-		264,608,594		-			
Accumulated depreciation	(195,520,121)	(324,533,004)		(520,053,125)		-			
Lease receivable	1,147,856		341,697		1,489,553		-			
Finance/lease-sale receivable	1,572,079		- -		1,572,079		-			
Total noncurrent assets	281,541,833		376,289,586		657,831,419		-			
Total assets	428,123,780		462,145,272		890,269,052		-			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	23,300,723		1,764,846		25,065,569		-			

Continued

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, *Continued* June 30, 2022

		nt	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Downtown Development Authority	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 7,837,197	\$ 2,485,873	\$ 10,323,070	\$ -	
Accrued interest	18,122	385,839	403,961	-	
Accrued salaries, including compensated					
absences and early retirement	4,458,469	966,205	5,424,674	-	
Unearned fees and deposits	-	6,439,652	6,439,652	-	
Unearned revenue	8,484,409	10,890	8,495,299	-	
Finace/lease-purchases, due within one year	212,295	315,803	528,098	-	
Bonds and loans payable, due within one					
year	1,479,289	5,381,115	6,860,404	-	
Total current liabilities	22,489,781	15,985,377	38,475,158	-	
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Landfill closure and post-closure costs		10,046,274	10,046,274		
Net pension liability	49,823,270	8,681,827		-	
Net pension hability Net postemployment benefits other than	49,823,270	0,001,027	58,505,097	-	
pensions (OPEB) liability	5,198,705		5,198,705		
Compensated absences	570,184	980,805	1,550,989	-	
Finace/lease-purchases	98,333	900,003	98,333	-	
Bonds and loans payable	10,861,486	- 42 705 557	98,333 54,567,043	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities		43,705,557		·	
Total liabilities	66,551,978 89,041,759	63,414,463 79,399,840	129,966,441 168,441,599	· -	
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	37,016,168	6,432,278	43,448,446		
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	273,616,270	325,460,524	599,076,794	_	
Restricted for:	,, -	, ,- = -	,,		
Debt service and capital improvements	548,169	500,000	1,048,169	-	
Legal restrictions	1,917,142	-	1,917,142	-	
Tax voter-approved projects	71,146,980	-	71,146,980	-	
Unrestricted	(21,861,985)	52,117,476	30,255,491	<u> </u>	
Total net position	\$ 325,366,576	\$ 378,078,000	\$ 703,444,576	\$ -	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Pro	gram Revenues		
					Operating		Capital
		(Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
	Expenses		Services	(Contributions	(Contributions
Functions/Programs							
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 19,241,886	\$	1,607,887	\$	420,820	\$	28,200
Public safety	30,661,183		618,682		68,936,186		126,171
Public works	18,178,551		4,850,480		3,333,904		4,034,518
Health and welfare	2,050,236		2,845		2,348,097		-
Recreation	12,760,547		4,360,091		1,269,368		220,377
Interest on long-term debt	 79,367		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	 82,971,770		11,439,985		76,308,375		4,409,266
Business-type activities:							
Waterworks	22,355,369		21,311,979		2,967,270		1,836,036
Sewer	11,882,807		13,009,145		732,443		1,812,469
Solid Waste	11,165,391		19,116,114		-		73,341
Civic Center	1,672,714		1,252,490		1,365,193		23,177
Ice and Events Center	771,809		485,349		-		215,046
Total business-type activities	47,848,090		55,175,077		5,064,906		3,960,069
Total primary government	\$ 130,819,860	\$	66,615,062	\$	81,373,281	\$	8,369,335
Governmental component unit:							
Downtown Development Authority	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

General Revenues

Property taxes and other taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Motor vehicle taxes

Intergovernmental funds and shared revenues not restricted

to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Insurance proceeds

(Loss) on sale of capital assets

Miscellaneous revenue

Transfer of fiscal responsibility

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position

Net Position, beginning of year

Net Position, end of year

Net (Expense) l	Revenue and Changes	in Ne	et Position	Component Unit
	Primary Government			Downtown
Sovernmental	Business-Type			Development
 Activities	Activities		Total	Authority
\$ (17,184,979)	\$ -	\$	(17,184,979)	\$ -
39,019,856	=		39,019,856	-
(5,959,649)	=		(5,959,649)	-
300,706	-		300,706	-
(6,910,711)	-		(6,910,711)	-
(79,367)	-		(79,367)	<u> </u>
 9,185,856	-		9,185,856	
-	3,759,916		3,759,916	-
-	3,671,250		3,671,250	-
-	8,024,064		8,024,064	-
-	968,146		968,146	-
 -	(71,414)		(71,414)	
 -	16,351,962		16,351,962	
9,185,856	16,351,962		25,537,818	
 -	-			
9,749,946	-		9,749,946	_
52,569,628	-		52,569,628	_
5,538,189	-		5,538,189	-
1,661,824	-		1,661,824	-
6,651,777	-		6,651,777	-
(2,901,018)	(1,271,256)		(4,172,274)	-
102,413	-		102,413	-
(1,027,102)	(377,735)		(1,404,837)	-
2,780,427	-		2,780,427	-
-	-		-	(1,371,037)
361,070	(361,070)			
 75,487,154	(2,010,061)		73,477,093	(1,371,037)
84,673,010	14,341,901		99,014,911	(1,371,037)
240,693,566	363,736,099		604,429,665	1,371,037
\$ 325,366,576	\$ 378,078,000	\$	703,444,576	\$ -

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

	General Fund	scellaneous Federal rants Fund	One-Percent Sales Tax Fund	Capital Facilities Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,204,879	\$ 8,144,497	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,382,765	\$ 11,732,141
Investments, at fair value	29,951,565	1,709	-	-	5,840,419	35,793,693
Cash and Cash Equivalents, restricted	28,009	-	3,752	1,214,663	512,576	1,759,000
Investments, at fair value, restricted Receivables	520,160	-	56,396,884	10,815,619	398,416	68,131,079
Accrued interest	37,643	-	378,379	130,021	3,894	549,937
Property tax	7,672,907	-	-	-	-	7,672,907
Customers	550,064	-	-	-	307,246	857,310
Lease receivable	1,256,587	-	-	-	-	1,256,587
Due from Other Funds	2,062,782	-	2,800,000	4,020,000	12,112	8,894,894
Due from Other Governments	5,984,575	437,188	3,551,340	2,619,477	1,189,555	13,782,135
Prepaid Items	1,217,040	3,329	45,591	3,846,875	164,454	5,277,289
Total assets	\$ 50,486,211	\$ 8,586,723	\$ 63,175,946	\$ 22,646,655	\$ 10,811,437	\$ 155,706,972
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 3,348,038	\$ 307,438	\$ 1,648,374	\$ 1,586,939	\$ 830,876	\$ 7,721,665
Retainage payable	-	-	-	-	16,157	16,157
Accrued interest	9,530	-	8,592	-	-	18,122
Accrued salaries, including vacation and						
sick leave	244,328	-	1,321	1,485	52,789	299,923
Due to other funds	-	-	5,520,000	2,800,000	500,000	8,820,000
Unearned revenue	_	8,335,103	-	-	301,687	8,636,790
Total liabilities	3,601,896	8,642,541	7,178,287	4,388,424	1,701,509	25,512,657
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Lease revenue	1,251,101	-	-	-	-	1,251,101
Unavailable revenues	7,622,598	-	-	-	67,833	7,690,431
Total deferred inflows of resources	8,873,699	-	-	-	67,833	8,941,532
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	1,222,288	3,329	45,591	3,846,875	164,454	5,282,537
Restricted	548,169	-	55,952,068	14,411,356	2,700,698	73,612,291
Committed	-	-	-	-	6,410,773	6,410,773
Assigned	4,807,583	2,801	-	-	27,818	4,838,202
Unassigned	31,432,576	(61,948)	-	-	(261,648)	31,108,980
Total fund balances	38,010,616	(55,818)	55,997,659	18,258,231	9,042,095	121,252,783
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 50,486,211	\$ 8,586,723	\$ 63,175,946	\$ 22,646,655	\$ 10,811,437	\$ 155,706,972

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 121,252,783
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	278,821,898
Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,	, ,
therefore, are deferred in the funds.	458,569
Assets related to finance/lease-sale are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,211,942
Long-term liabilities for compensated absences are not due and payable in the	
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(4,728,730)
Pension and OPEB plan accounts, such as deferred inflows/outflows of resources,	
net pension liability, and OPEB liability, are not receivable or payable in the	
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Net pension liability	(49,823,270)
Net OPEB liability	(5,198,705)
Deferred outflows of resources	23,300,723
Deferred inflows of resources	(27,893,168)
Long-term liabilities, including loans and bonds payable, are not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Wyoming Business Council loan/grant	(2,583,030)
Bonds payable	(4,895,000)
Finance/lease-purchase payable	(310,628)
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A loan	(4,862,745)
Deferred inflows of resources related to public-public partnership and, therefore,	
not reported in the funds.	(487,656)
An Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain	
activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of this Internal Service	
Fund are allocated 37% to governmental activities based on usage in the	
Statement of Net Position.	103,593
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 325,366,576

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund	One-Percent Sales Tax Fund	Capital Facilities Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues							
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 14,363,741	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,363,741	
Licenses and permits	5,101,413	=	-	-	-	5,101,413	
Intergovernmental	38,411,463	5,263,534	20,357,149	3,657,005	7,936,315	75,625,466	
Charges for services	1,918,450	-	-	-	3,610,231	5,528,681	
Fines and forfeitures	751,224	-	-	-	-	751,224	
Investment (loss)	(1,017,825)	(7,623)	(1,502,910)	(311,606)	(61,054)	(2,901,018)	
Miscellaneous	2,205,631	-	-	-	1,068,105	3,273,736	
Total revenues	61,734,097	5,255,911	18,854,239	3,345,399	12,553,597	101,743,243	
Expenditures Current:							
General government	15,086,399	3,088,722	-	37,866	116,592	18,329,579	
Public safety	26,747,653	26,747,653 68,700 164,266 - 1,112,15		1,112,150	28,092,769		
Public works	4,113,727	3,727 - 2,154,516 2,346,001 4,333,73		4,333,735	12,947,979		
Health and welfare	-	-	778,024	-	1,284,231	2,062,255	
Recreation	7,475,078	-	301,612	1,173,003	1,432,464	10,382,157	
Capital outlay	549,523	1,180,587	5,258,944	2,220,281	1,669,160	10,878,495	
Debt service:							
Principal retirements	560,000	-	202,589	-	629,853	1,392,442	
Interest payments	39,650	-	19,656	-	20,061	79,367	
Total expenditures	54,572,030	4,338,009	8,879,607	5,777,151	10,598,246	84,165,043	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	7,162,067	917,902	9,974,632	(2,431,752)	1,955,351	17,578,200	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	2,076,085	-	-	-	579,149	2,655,234	
Transfers out	(301,377)	(797,139)	(50,373)	(1,142,837)	(2,438)	(2,294,164)	
Insurance proceeds	102,413	-	-	-	-	102,413	
Proceeds from sales of assets	2,033	-	101	-	184	2,318	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,879,154	(797,139)	(50,272)	(1,142,837)	576,895	465,801	
Net change in fund balances	9,041,221	120,763	9,924,360	(3,574,589)	2,532,246	18,044,001	
Fund Balances, beginning of year	28,969,395	(176,581)	46,073,299	21,832,820	6,509,849	103,208,782	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 38,010,616	\$ (55,818)	\$ 55,997,659	\$ 18,258,231	\$ 9,042,095	\$ 121,252,783	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 18,044,001
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different	
because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement	
of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital purchases and	
contributions exceeded depreciation and disposals in the current period.	
Donated assets	384,215
Capital outlay	11,807,896
Depreciation expense	(12,343,463)
Disposal of assets	(1,656,166)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources	
are not reported as revenues in the funds.	167,066
Expenses for accrued absences reported in the Statement of Activities do not require	
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures	
in governmental funds.	(102,265)
The change in the defined benefit pension and OPEB liability and pension and OPEB-	, , ,
related outflows and inflows are not reported in the governmental funds. This is the	
net effect of the change in these balances in the Statement of Net Position.	72,509,911
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, finance purchases, loans) provides current	, ,
financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of debt consumes the	
current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has	
any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums,	
discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are	
amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of the	
differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(3,470,304)
Receipts related to finance/lease-sale provide current financial resources to governmental	(3,470,304)
funds. However, these receipts do not have an effect on net position.	(633,527)
Revenue related to the public-public partnership that does not provide current financial	(033,321)
	20.021
resources and, therefore, is not included in the governmental funds.	20,021
The Internal Service Fund is accounted for as a proprietary fund; therefore, it is not	(54.275)
included in the governmental funds.	 (54,375)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 84,673,010

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities													
		Enterprise Funds												
						Solid		Other						
		aterworks	Sewer			Waste	Pr	oprietary]	Internal		
	Fund			Fund		Fund		Funds		Totals	Sei	vice Fund		
ASSETS														
Current Assets														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,601,608	\$	118,075	\$	1,187,970	\$	197,770	\$	6,105,423	\$	130,548		
Investments, at fair value		36,920,172		13,605,854		19,488,231		-		70,014,257		99,899		
Restricted assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents		768,958		-		-		-		768,958		-		
Due from other governments		77,324		-		-		-		77,324		2,689		
City of Cheyenne sanitation account		2,216,420		-		-		-		2,216,420		_		
Receivables:														
Accrued interest		20,848		8,314		273,911		-		303,073		-		
Accounts, customers		1,250,912		777,014		123,805		12		2,151,743		-		
Estimated unbilled usage		2,217,310		834,275		-		-		3,051,585		-		
Lease receivable		327,736		-		90,758		-		418,494		-		
Due from other funds		-		-		2,924,346		-		2,924,346		23,267		
Inventories		470,028		38,747		-		-		508,775		254,524		
Prepaid expenses		103,040		34,347		193,006		3,507		333,900		37,633		
Total current assets		48,974,356		15,416,626		24,282,027		201,289		88,874,298		548,560		
Noncurrent Assets														
Capital assets:														
Land		4,629,495		545,002		6,512,000		346,861		12,033,358		312,500		
Utility plant in service		431,228,447		163,906,511		1,477,356		-		596,612,314		_		
Water rights		1,797,968		-		-		-		1,797,968		_		
Machinery and equipment		610,215		170,845		7,372,659		831,412 8,985,131				514,748		
Transportation equipment		2,721,218		888,010		12,400,789		50,241		16,060,258		464,486		
Buildings and improvements		6,440,199		2,162,956		21,824,300		7,077,535		37,504,990		1,222,388		
Office furniture and equipment		1,014,510		353,362		21,519		321,208		1,710,599		5,909		
Construction in progress		10,070,525		6,780,689		7,337,442		-		24,188,656		-		
Accumulated depreciation	(222,762,383)		(79,976,787)		(14,897,616)		(5,848,049)		(323,484,835)		(1,663,762)		
Total noncurrent assets		235,750,194		94,830,588		42,048,449		2,779,208		375,408,439		856,269		
Total assets		284,724,550		110,247,214		66,330,476		2,980,497		464,282,737		1,404,829		

Continued

${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ NET\ POSITION\ -\ PROPRIETARY\ FUNDS,\ } {\it Continued\ } {\bf June\ 30,\ 2022}$

	Business-Type Activities											
					Ent	erprise Funds						
						Solid		Other				
	W	aterworks		Sewer		Waste	P	roprietary				Internal
	Fund Fund			Fund		Fund		Funds		Totals	Se	rvice Fund
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	1,600,804	\$	99,633	\$	536,563	\$	79,666	\$	2,316,666	\$	268,582
Accrued interest		163,789		222,050		-		-		385,839		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		10,890		10,890		-
Due to other funds		3,015,224		7,283		-		-		3,022,507		-
Unearned fees and deposits		5,850,566		589,086		-		-		6,439,652		-
Accrued salaries, including vacation and sick												
leave		289,242		195,855		358,614		52,189		895,900		111,596
Current portion of finance/lease-purchases		-		-		315,803		-		315,803		-
Current portion of general obligation and loan												
debt		2,339,857		3,041,258		-		-		5,381,115		
Total current liabilities		13,259,482		4,155,165		1,210,980		142,745		18,768,372		380,178
Noncurrent Liabilities												
Accrued compensated absences		584,002		391,695		-		5,108		980,805		-
Landfill closure and post-closure costs		-		-		10,046,274		-		10,046,274		-
Net pension liability		4,833,917		1,611,306		2,236,604		-		8,681,827		-
General obligation and loan debt, unamortized												
bond premium, net of current portion		22,727,160		20,978,397		-		-		43,705,557		
Total noncurrent liabilities		28,145,079		22,981,398		12,282,878		5,108		63,414,463		-
Total liabilities		41,404,561		27,136,563		13,493,858		147,853		82,182,835		380,178
										_		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Lease Revenue		342,553		-		89,729		-		432,282		-
Pension Contributions		3,283,988		1,094,663		1,621,345		-		5,999,996		
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,626,541		1,094,663		1,711,074		-		6,432,278		
NET POSITION												
Net Investment in Capital Assets		209,619,816		70,789,405		41,732,646		2,779,208		324,921,075		856,269
Restricted for Debt Service and Capital		20,,01,,010		70,702,102		11,752,010		2,777,200		52.,521,675		050,209
Improvements		500,000		_		_				500,000		_
Unrestricted		30,639,174		11,525,370		9,793,415		53,436		52,011,395		168,382
Cinestricted		30,037,174		11,525,570		7,775,415		33,430		32,011,373		100,502
Total net position	\$:	240,758,990	\$	82,314,775	\$	51,526,061	\$	2,832,644	_	377,432,470	\$	1,024,651
Adjustment to report the portion of the internal												
balance for the net effect of the activity												
between the Internal Service Fund and the												
enterprise funds over time										645,530		
enterprise funds over time										045,550		
Net position of business-type activities									\$	378,078,000		
The position of submission type ded fides									Ψ	2.5,070,000		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities									
				Ent	erprise Funds					
					Solid	Other				
	Waterworks		Sewer		Waste	Proprietary				Internal
	Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds		Totals	S	ervice Fund
Operating Revenues										
Sales and charges for services	\$ 20,934,274	4 \$	12,500,477	\$	18,840,221	\$ 1,609,219	\$	53,884,191	\$	4,317,694
Intergovernmental	_		-		-	1,365,193		1,365,193		-
Fees and miscellaneous	377,705	5	508,668		275,893	128,620		1,290,886		1,197
Total operating revenues	21,311,979		13,009,145		19,116,114	3,103,032		56,540,270		4,318,891
• 0										
Operating Expenses										
Waterworks	12,629,608	3	-		-	-		12,629,608		-
Sewer	-		7,127,903		-	-		7,127,903		-
Sanitation collection	-		-		5,128,001	-		5,128,001		-
Recycling/compost	-		-		768,727	-		768,727		-
Landfill	-		-		2,835,943	-		2,835,943		-
Belvoir Ranch	-		_		170,872	_		170,872		-
Fleet maintenance	-		_		-	_		· -		4,441,972
Culture and recreation	-		_		-	2,260,397		2,260,397		· · · ·
Depreciation	9,184,140)	4,100,631		2,191,607	184,126		15,660,504		58,675
Total operating expenses	21,813,748		11,228,534		11,095,150	2,444,523		46,581,955	_	4,500,647
Operating (loss) income	(501,769		1,780,611		8,020,964	658,509		9,958,315		(181,756)
• P	(0.0.2,1.0.	· /	-,,,,,,,,,		0,0=0,201	000,000		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	(===,:==)
Nonoperating (Expenses) Income										
(Loss) gain on sale of assets	_		_		(377,255)	(480)		(377,735)		939
System development fees	2,967,270)	732,443		-	-		3,699,713		-
Investment income (loss):	_,, .,_,	-	,					2,022,122		
Interest income (loss)	138,329	9	59,633		129,983	3		327,948		(3,217)
Net (decrease) in fair value of investments	(506,130		(187,201)		(905,867)	_		(1,599,204)		(5,217)
Interest expense	(541,62)		(654,273)		(25,400)	_		(1,221,294)		-
Total nonoperating income (expenses)	2,057,842		(49,398)		(1,178,539)	(477)		829,428		(2,278)
Income (loss) before contributions and	2,037,042		(49,396)		(1,176,339)	(477)		029,420		(2,270)
transfers	1,556,073	3	1,731,213		6,842,425	658,032		10,787,743		(184,034)
ti diisiti s	1,550,07.	,	1,731,213		0,042,423	050,032		10,767,743		(104,034)
Capital Grants	252,370)	_		_	_		252,370		_
Donated Utilities and Other Assets	1,583,666		1,812,469		73,341	238,223		3,707,699		76,930
Transfers In	1,505,00	,	1,012,107		-	569,740		569,740		-
Transfers Out	_		_		(930,810)	505,740		(930,810)		_
Change in net position	3,392,109	3	3,543,682		5,984,956	1,465,995		14,386,742		(107,104)
Change in net position	3,372,10	,	3,343,002		3,704,730	1,405,775		14,300,742		(107,104)
Net Position, beginning of year	237,366,88	1	78,771,093		45,541,105	1,366,649				1,131,755
rect rosmon, beginning or year	237,300,00		70,771,023		15,511,105	1,500,045	_			1,131,733
Net Position, end of year	\$ 240,758,990) \$	82,314,775	\$	51,526,061	\$ 2,832,644	_		\$	1,024,651
Adjustment to report the portion of the internal balance for the net effect of the activity between										
the Internal Service Fund and the enterprise										
funds over time								(67,476)		
Adjustment to report the change in allocation from										
the previous period for the net effect of the										
activity between the Internal Service Fund and										
the enterprise funds								22,635		
Change in net position of business-type activities	!						ø	14 241 001		
acuvues							Þ	14,341,901		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities											
				-		erprise Funds				-		
						Solid		Other				
	V	Waterworks		Sewer		Waste	F	Proprietary				Internal
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Totals	Se	ervice Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities												
Cash received from customers	\$	20,646,781	\$	13,064,045	\$	19,010,105	\$	3,115,715	\$	55,836,646	\$	4,320,099
Cash payments to suppliers		(4,481,111)		(2,513,032)		(5,015,402)		(1,358,299)		(13,367,844)		(3,198,497)
Cash payments to employees		(8,240,917)		(4,700,179)		(5,354,738)		(889,728)		(19,185,562)		(1,229,415)
Change in City sanitation account		675,990		-		-		-		675,990		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating												
activities	_	8,600,743		5,850,834		8,639,965		867,688		23,959,230		(107,813)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities												
Proceeds from amounts due to other funds		_		_		_		(240,600)		(240,600)		_
Proceeds from amounts due from other funds		_		_		(662,060)		(=10,000)		(662,060)		(10,441)
Advances to other funds		_		_		(002,000)		(891,000)		(891,000)		(10,1.1)
Transfers to other funds		_		_		(930,810)		-		(930,810)		_
Transfers from other funds				_		(>30,010)		569,740		569,740		_
Net cash (used in) noncapital financing								202,7.10		205,7.10		
activities		-		-		(1,592,870)		(561,860)		(2,154,730)		(10,441)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities												
System development fees		8,076,602		1,181,723		-		-		9,258,325		-
Proceeds from issuance of debt		4,687,767		-		-		-		4,687,767		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(6,664,347)		(5,702,242)		(8,250,123)		(111,489)		(20,728,201)		2,268
Principal paid on revenue bonds and loan debt maturities		(2,282,775)		(2,967,080)		(747,082)		-		(5,996,937)		-
Capital grants		252,370		-		-		-		252,370		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		(480)		(480)		939
Interest paid on debt		(513,082)		(670,706)		(25,400)		-		(1,209,188)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and												
related financing activities		3,556,535		(8,158,305)		(9,022,605)		(111,969)		(13,736,344)		3,207
Cash Flows from Investing Activities												
Interest on cash accounts and investments		(382,901)		(132,009)		26,421		3		(488,486)		(3,217)
Redemption of investments		-		732,010				-		732,010		-
Purchase of investments		(9,467,099)		-		1,021,369		-		(8,445,730)		150,953
Net cash (used in) provided by investing												
activities		(9,850,000)		600,001		1,047,790		3		(8,202,206)		147,736
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash												
equivalents		2,307,278		(1,707,470)		(927,720)		193,862		(134,050)		32,689
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year		3,063,288		1,825,545		2,115,690		3,908		7,008,431		97,859
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$	5,370,566	\$	118,075	\$	1,187,970	\$	197,770	\$	6,874,381	\$	130,548
± " " ₹ " "	=	, .,	_	-7	_		_	-,,	_	, ,	_	.,

Continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, *Continued* Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities											
					Ent	erprise Funds						
						Solid		Other		_		
	V	Vaterworks		Sewer		Waste	P	roprietary				Internal
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Totals	Se	rvice Fund
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) Income to Net Cash												
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities												
Operating (loss) income	\$	(501,769)	\$	1,780,611	\$	8,020,964	\$	658,509	\$	9,958,315	\$	(181,756)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net												
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:												
Depreciation		9,184,140		4,100,631		2,191,607		184,126		15,660,504		58,675
Pension liability		(1,920,199)		(640,066)		(1,333,049)		-		(3,893,314)		-
Deferred outflow - pension		(385,009)		(128,337)		(88,973)		-		(602,319)		-
Deferred inflow - pension		1,647,823		549,275		582,325		-		2,779,423		-
Deferred inflow - leases		342,553		-		89,729		-		432,282		-
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents resulting from changes in operating assets and liabilities:												
Receivables		(1,007,751)		54,900		(120,625)		34,857		(1,038,619)		1,208
Inventory		48,159		(12,565)		-				35,594		(74,585)
Prepaid expenses		231,318		76,909		(193,006)		(3,507)		111,714		(36,633)
Accounts payable		442,194		73,315		(1,480,377)		1,819		(963,049)		131,136
Due to other funds		(159,840)		(5,929)		-		-		(165,769)		-
Landfill closure and post-closure costs		-		-		1,044,824		-		1,044,824		-
City sanitation account		675,990		_		-		_		675,990		_
Accrued salaries, including vacation and sick leave		3,134		2,090		1,659		14,058		20,941		(5,858)
Unearned revenue						(75,113)		(22,174)		(97,287)		
Not and another the forest the constant												
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	8,600,743	\$	5,850,834	\$	8,639,965	\$	867,688	\$	23,959,230	\$	(107,813)
activities	Ф.	0,000,743	Ф	3,030,034	Ф	6,039,903	Ф	007,000	Ф	23,939,230	<u> </u>	(107,613)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Noncapital Financing Activities												
Amortization of deferred refunding loss and debt												
premiums	\$	(45,777)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(45,777)	\$	-
Donated asset acquisitions		1,583,666		1,812,469		73,341		238,223		3,707,699		76,930
Change in fair value of investments		(506,136)		(187,201)		-		-		(693,337)		-
Purchase of capital assets in accounts payable		1,232,544		21,528		-		-		1,254,072		-
Trade-in value received on disposal of capital assets		-		-		303,550		-		303,550		-

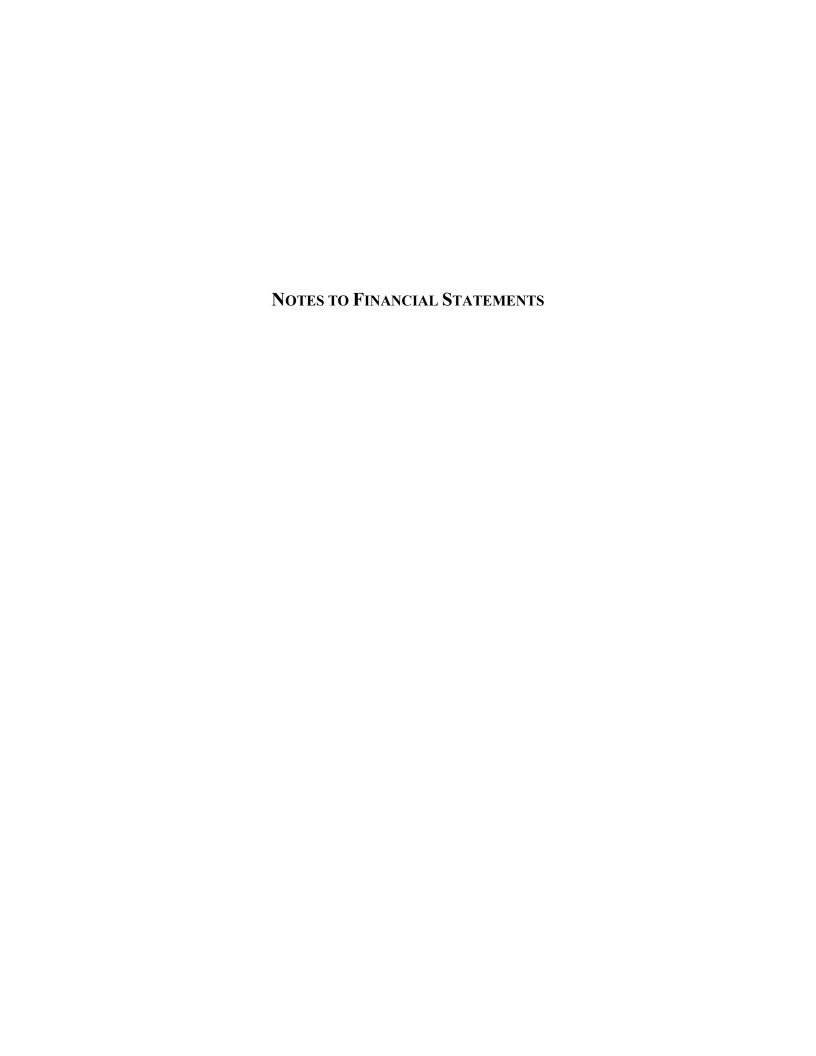
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUND June 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 47,372
Total assets	47,372
LIABILITIES	
Due to Others	5,014
Total liabilities	5,014
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Organizations	42,358
Total net position	\$ 42,358

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund
Additions	
Miscellaneous	\$ 15,816
Total additions	15,816
Deductions	
Distributions to organizations	53,919
Total deductions	53,919
Change in fiduciary net position	(38,103)
Net Position, beginning of year	80,461
Net Position, end of year	\$ 42,358



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The City of Cheyenne, Wyoming (the City or the City of Cheyenne) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and nine elected City Council members. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements include all of the governmental activities and business-type activities relevant to the operations of the City. The accompanying financial statements of the City are to include those separately administered organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable or those that it would be misleading to exclude. Financial accountability is determined based on the appointment of a voting majority of the governing board and either the City's ability to impose its will or the presence of a potential financial benefit or burden to the City. The City of Cheyenne's Board of Public Utilities (the Board) is not a separate legal entity; as such, the Board's information is reported as proprietary funds of the City. The Board's finances are overseen by a finance department separate from the management of the City's other funds. The Board also issues standalone audited financial statements for the waterworks and sewer funds. Additional inquiries regarding the Board or its standalone audited financial statements may be directed to the Board of Public Utilities, Administration Manager, 2416 Snyder Avenue, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82001.

Discretely presented component unit: The Cheyenne Downtown Development Authority (the DDA) was established to account for all the revenues and those expenditures associated with the activities of developing the City's downtown area. The DDA primarily serves the citizens and businesses of the City of Cheyenne, and has historically been dependent upon revenue from property tax assessments and funding from the City of Cheyenne. Effective July 1, 2021, Visit Cheyenne took over management of the DDA, and fiscal responsibility of the DDA was transferred to Visit Cheyenne. As a result, the DDA's activities/net position were transferred to Visit Cheyenne as of July 1, 2021. Additional inquiries regarding the DDA may be directed to Visit Cheyenne, 121 W. 15th Street, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82001.

Nature of operations: The City provides the following services as authorized by Wyoming State Statutes: public safety, street maintenance and operation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, solid waste disposal, and general administrative services.

The Board provides all water and sewer services for the City, F.E. Warren Air Force Base, and the South Cheyenne Water & Sewer District. These services include obtaining an adequate source of water supply, water treatment, wastewater collection, and water reclamation.

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities that rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds, major individual enterprise funds, and the Internal Service Fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: The City's government-wide financial statements are designed to present the information in a format more closely resembling that of the private sector and to provide the user with more managerial analysis regarding the financial results and the City's financial outlook.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues, except property taxes, to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are considered available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property, cigarette, and sales taxes; various grants; interest revenue; and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund: The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- *Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund:* The Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund accounts for proceeds of Federal grant revenue sources that are restricted externally by the respective awarding agencies in order to administer Federal programs.
- One-Percent Sales Tax Fund: The One-Percent Sales Tax Fund accounts for the City's share of revenue received and expenditures made with the general-purpose optional 1% sales tax approved by the voters.
- Capital Facilities Tax Fund: The Capital Facilities Tax Fund accounts for the City's share of revenue received and expenditures made with the special-purpose option sales tax approved by the voters for specific capital projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Waterworks Fund: The Waterworks Fund accounts for the operation of the water distribution system, which produces and supplies the City and its inhabitants with water for domestic and industrial purposes, and for public use.
- Sewer Fund: The Sewer Fund accounts for operation of the water reclamation plant, sewage pumping stations, and the collection systems.
- Solid Waste Fund: The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the operation of all solid waste activities, including collection and disposal, as mandated by Federal and state regulations, and accumulates funds for the closure and post-closure costs of the landfill.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds: The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
- Capital Projects Funds: The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- *Permanent Fund:* The Permanent Fund is used to account for resources legally restricted for use in the care and maintenance of the City's cemetery.
- Other Proprietary Funds: The Other Proprietary Funds are used to account for the operations of the Civic Center and the Ice and Events Center.
- *Internal Service Fund:* The Internal Service Fund accounts for fleet maintenance and management services provided to other departments, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. Based on the usage of the Internal Service Fund, its activity is allocated 37% to governmental activities and 61% to business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.
- Custodial Fund: The Custodial Fund accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for private organizations. This fund is custodial in nature and the City does not have administrative or direct financial involvement. The Custodial Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water and sewer functions, and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Waterworks, Sewer, Solid Waste, Civic Center, and Ice and Events Center enterprise funds, and the City's Internal Service Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and the Internal Service Fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

Deposits and investments: The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the end of the fiscal year. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The City also has investments in the Wyoming Government Investment Fund (WGIF), which are reported as cash equivalents due to the City's ability to withdraw funds at any time without restriction. Interest earned is allocated among the various funds based on the average monthly outstanding balance in the consolidated bank account. Accrued interest is shown separately on the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet. The City uses consolidated bank accounts, which earn interest at variable interest rates. Occasionally, certain individual funds may reflect a deficiency in the cash balance per books. These deficit cash balances are reported as an interfund payable between the fund showing the deficit and the fund showing the related asset.

Investments, which consist of certificates of deposit, money market certificates, mortgage-backed securities, government securities and the Wyoming State Treasurer's Investment Pools (WYO-STAR I and WYO-STAR II) (collectively, WYO-STAR) are reported at fair value at June 30, 2022. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. As of June 30, 2022, the City had recurring fair value measurements of mortgage-backed securities and government securities in the amount of \$49,629,736, which are valued using a matrix pricing model and the market approach (Level 2 inputs). The City also had recurring fair value measurements of negotiable certificates of deposit in the amount of \$7,029,849, which are valued using a matrix pricing model and the market approach (Level 2 inputs).

A significant portion of the City's investment activity, except for funds that are required to maintain their investments separately, is conducted in the WYO-STAR pooled investment accounts with the Wyoming State Treasurer's office. WYO-STAR operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The City considers fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022 for WYO-STAR to be completed by the pool using the matrix pricing model and the market approach (Level 2 inputs).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Receivables and payables: Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Accounts receivable customers are shown on the Statement of Net Position, net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$404,631 at June 30, 2022.

Property is annually valued and assessed on January 1. Taxes are levied on or about August 1 and are payable in two installments on September 1 and March 1, with delinquent dates of November 10 and May 10, respectively. If the first installment is not paid, the entire levy is delinquent on December 31; an enforceable lien is attached to the property on May 11. Laramie County bills and collects property taxes for all municipalities and political subdivisions within Laramie County, including the City of Cheyenne.

The City is permitted by Wyoming State Statutes to levy up to eight mills of the assessed valuation, except for the payment of public debt and the interest thereon. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt, for the year ended June 30, 2022 was eight mills, which means the City has no available tax margin and, accordingly, cannot raise any additional property taxes.

The estimated unbilled usage receivable represents the unbilled utility services that have been provided but not billed as of the end of the year.

Inventories: Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined by the weighted-average method, or market. All purchases of supplies are recorded as expenditures when used or issued to the user department (consumption method).

Restricted assets: By voter approval, restricted assets include cash, cash equivalents, and investments required to be set aside as specific-purpose sales and use taxes for the exclusive purpose of funding various projects. Assets held by the City in a bond reserve fund are deemed restricted. Assets held by the Board for the City's sanitation, as well as amounts due from the State of Wyoming on requested loan advances, are also deemed restricted. In addition, cash required to be set aside for the repair and maintenance of capital assets that were funded by the State of Wyoming loans are deemed restricted.

Capital assets: Capital assets of governmental funds and the Solid Waste, Civic Center, Ice and Events Center, and Fleet Maintenance proprietary funds, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Property, plant, and equipment of governmental funds and the Solid Waste, Civic Center, Ice and Events Center, and Fleet Maintenance activities are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30-50 years
Infrastructure	15-40 years
Improvements	20 years
Equipment	5-20 years

Sewer and Waterworks capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., water and sewer lines), are reported in the applicable business-type activities columns in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are defined by the Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Assets such as land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and utility plant in service are reported at an estimated historical cost, as determined by an independent study as of June 30, 1973, plus additions since that time have been recorded at historical cost. Property and equipment donated by developers are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation for the Waterworks and Sewer capital assets has been provided over the following estimated useful lives computed by the straight-line method:

Utility plant in service:	
Waterworks system	10-50 years
Sewer system	10-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Transportation equipment	5 years
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Office furniture and equipment	3-5 years

Impairments: The City evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances that affect capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. Such events or changes in circumstances that may be indicative of impairment include evidence of physical damage, enactment or approval of laws or regulations or other changes in environmental factors, technological changes or evidence of obsolescence, changes in the manner or duration of use of a capital asset, and construction stoppage. The City will consider an asset impaired if both the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and the event or change in circumstance is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. The City will recognize the impairment loss when the City considers a capital asset impaired, and will recognize the capital asset at the lower of the carrying value or fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Compensated absences: City employees, other than employees of the Board, earn vacation leave at the following rates:

	Vacation Hours
Months of Service	Accrued per Month
0-60	8.67
61-120	10.67
121-180	12.67
181-240	14.67
Over 240	16.67

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation. At the end of each calendar year, employees may roll over 240 hours of vacation to the beginning of the next calendar year. Accumulated vacation leave in excess of 240 hours shall be deemed forfeited at the end of the January pay period. Sick leave accrues at the rate of 10 hours per month and employees may accumulate unlimited hours of sick leave (unless hired after July 1, 2015 and are, therefore, entitled to accumulate 520 hours of sick leave) but, upon termination, are only paid up to one-half of the accrued sick leave, not to exceed 240 hours of sick leave. Non-exempt full-time employees of the City may earn up to 80 hours of compensatory time in lieu of overtime wages. Compensatory time is earned at one-and-one-half hours for time worked in excess of 40 hours in a workweek. Upon termination, an employee is paid for his or her accrued unused compensatory time. Payment is calculated using the rate of pay at the time of termination.

Non-exempt full-time and part-time employees of the Waterworks and Sewer departments are eligible to earn and use compensatory time upon employment. Compensatory time may be earned in lieu of overtime wages and call-back wages. Compensatory time is earned at one-and-one-half hours for time worked in excess of 40 hours in a workweek and for call-back hours. The maximum accumulation of compensatory time is 120 hours. A full-time or part-time exempt employee may earn administrative time at a rate of one-for-one for hours worked above 40 in a workweek, up to a maximum of 120 hours. Upon termination, an employee is paid for his or her accrued unused compensatory or administrative time, not to exceed 120 hours. Payment is calculated using the rate of pay at the time of termination.

Employees of the Board earn vacation leave at the following rates:

	Vacation Hours
Months of Service	Accrued per Month
0-48	8.0
49-96	10.0
97-144	12.0
145-192	14.0
Over 192	16.0

Accumulated vacation leave in excess of 30 days shall be deemed forfeited at the end of the December pay period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Employees of the Board accrue sick leave up to a maximum of 480 hours for a full-time employee and 240 hours for a part-time employee on the basis of the number of hours worked in the month at the following rates:

Hours Worked	Sick Leave Hours				
per Month	Accrued per Month				
160 or more	10.0				
120-159	7.5				
80-119	5.0				
40-79	2.5				
39 or less	No accrual				

Vacation and sick leave shall be granted to permanent employees only. Probationary employees can accrue vacation and sick leave on the last day of the month following the date of hire and are eligible to use this leave as soon as it is earned. Unused vacation and sick leave of City personnel are accumulated during employment. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured (for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements). The liability for compensated absences is accrued as benefits are accumulated in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Upon termination of employment, an employee is paid for his or her other accrued unused vacation leave and one-half of his or her accrued unused sick leave up to 240 hours.

Long-term obligations: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary funds in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount (if any).

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses (if any). Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Bond issuance costs: Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

Fund balance: The City reports the fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements in one of the following five categories.

1. *Nonspendable fund balance:* This classification reflects the portion of net resources that is inherently nonspendable because of its form or because it must be maintained intact, which for the City includes prepaid items, inventories, and the long-term portion of annexation loans in the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

- 2. Restricted fund balance: The portion of fund balance for which there are legally enforceable restrictions on use, either by limitations imposed (1) by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) by laws representing amounts constrained to a specific purpose by their providers, through constructional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- 3. *Committed fund balance:* The portion of net resources for which there are self-imposed limitations enacted by the City Council that (1) require formal action at the same level to remove and (2) are set in place prior to the end of the period. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded through motion action enacted by the City Council.
- 4. *Assigned fund balance:* This classification reflects the portion of fund balance for which there are limitations that result from intended use established by the City Council or the Mayor. The City's policy delegates to the City Treasurer the authority to assign unrestricted fund balance amounts.
- 5. *Unassigned fund balance:* The portion of net resources that is residual after nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned amounts have been determined.

The City's policy on the order in which unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are to be used when any of these amounts are available for expenditure is to first apply the committed fund balance, then the assigned fund balance, and finally the unassigned fund balance.

Net position: Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any related accounts payable balances. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments.

Unearned fees and deposits: The Board charges new customers a tap fee for water and sewer services. In addition, the Board assesses a system development fee for each service. These fees are paid in advance and recorded as unearned before the service is active. Once the new connections are inspected and service begins, the tap and system development fees become earned and recognized.

Estimates: The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Encumbrances: Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year. Encumbrances are reflected as a restricted, committed, or assigned portion of the fund balance. The City's encumbrances have been included within the fund balance, as follows:

General Fund:	
Assigned	\$ 134,906
One-Percent Sales Tax Fund:	
Restricted	3,293,729
Capital Facilities Tax Fund:	
Restricted	1,268,098
Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund:	
Assigned	2,081
Other governmental funds:	
Restricted	58,030
Committed	 208,705
Total encumbrances	\$ 4,965,549

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and, thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has recognized deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with presentation requirements for Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as amended, and GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended. The Board also recognizes a deferred outflow of resources for the loss on refunding, which is amortized over the life of the related debt.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has recognized deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with presentation requirements for GASB Statement No. 68, GASB Statement No. 75, and GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as well as unavailable property taxes. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Pensions: The City and the Board participate in several pension plans, all cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Wyoming Retirement System (WRS). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the plans have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): The total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense associated with the City of Cheyenne Retiree Health Care Plan (the Plan) have been actuarially determined. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Fund deficit: The following funds had a deficit balance at June 30, 2022:

	Deficit		
		Balance	
Fund:			
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	\$	(55,818)	
Community Development Block Grant		(10,855)	
UMTA Transit Grant		(103,465)	

The fund deficit in the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund and the Community Development Block Grant Fund is due to retainage liabilities that do not qualify for reimbursement until the liability is actually paid in a future year. The fund deficit in the UMTA Transit Grant Fund is due to a receivable not received within the 90-day modified accrual period of June 30, 2022 and was recorded as a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability, Continued

Fund balance specific-purpose details: The following table outlines the specific-purpose details for governmental fund balances of the City:

			Special	Capital				
	General		Revenue	Projects	P	Permanent	Total	
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$	1,217,040	\$ 167,783	\$ 3,892,466	\$	-	\$	5,277,289
Long-term notes receivable		5,248	-	-		-		5,248
Restricted:								
Bond ordinances		548,169	-	-		-		548,169
Weed and pest programs		-	783,556	-		-		783,556
Capital projects		-	-	70,363,424		-		70,363,424
Cemetery projects		-	-	-		820,342		820,342
Juvenile justice programs		-	204,627	-		-		204,627
Grants		-	457,155	-		-		457,155
Housing programs		-	352,904	-		-		352,904
Youth programs		-	82,114	-		-		82,114
Committed:								
Capital projects		-	565,258	3,124,848		-		3,690,106
Annexation improvements		-	167,074	-		-		167,074
Youth and recreation programs		-	2,553,593	-		-		2,553,593
Assigned:								
Future expenditures		915,995	2,801	-		-		918,796
Agency accounts		1,891,588	-	-		-		1,891,588
Fire Pension A		2,000,000	-	-		-		2,000,000
Youth programs		-	-	27,818		-		27,818
Unassigned		31,432,576	(323,596)	-		-		31,108,980
Total	\$	38,010,616	\$ 5,013,269	\$ 77,408,556	\$	820,342	\$	121,252,783

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Investments authorized by the City's investment policy: The City follows the guidelines set forth in Wyoming State Statute 9-4-831 as it relates to the investment of public funds. The City's investment policy requires investments to comply with Wyoming State Statutes, which generally allow the City to invest in U.S., state, and local government securities and accounts of any bank or savings association that is Federally insured or secured by a pledge of assets, including bonds, debentures, and other securities in which the City may, by law, invest. All investments made during the year were made within these statutory limits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments, *Continued*

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits and non-negotiable certificates of deposit is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Wyoming State Statutes require that the City's and the Board's deposits in excess of the Federal depository insurance must be collateralized. In addition to the applicable Wyoming State Statutes, the City's and the Board's policies require all deposits to be collateralized at 105% of the amount invested, including accrued interest, to further reduce their exposure to custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the deposits of the City and the Board were fully insured and collateralized as required by Wyoming State Statutes and City/Board policies.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the City and the Board will not be able to recover the value of their investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Wyoming State Statutes limit the type of investments the City and the Board can use. Wyoming State Statutes limit investments primarily to U.S., state and local government securities and accounts of any bank or savings association that is Federally insured or secured by a pledge of assets, including bonds, debentures, and other securities in which the Wyoming State Treasurer may, by law, invest, thereby reducing the City's and the Board's exposure to custodial credit risk for their investments. As of June 30, 2022, all investment securities were held by the City's and the Board's custodians and registered in the City's or the Board's name.

Concentration of credit risk: The City's investment policy states that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities, obligations, and securities issued by or guaranteed by any Federal government agency or instrumentality, certificates of deposit, or authorized pools, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in any one single obligor. The City met this limitation as of June 30, 2022. The City held \$12,220,392 or 9.9% of its portfolio in Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) Pools and \$639,628 or 0.5% of its portfolio in FNMA as of June 30, 2022. The Board's policy does not allow more than 50% of the total investment portfolio to be invested in any one single security type or more than 5% in any one single obligor, with the exception of funds held in WYO-STAR. Therefore, no further disclosure regarding concentrations of credit risk is required.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investments are held in external pooled investment accounts, bank certificates of deposit, and accounts managed by an investment manager, and as a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City attempts to match its investment maturities to expected cash flow needs. Unless matched to a specified cash flow, the City's policy is to maintain a weighted-average life of less than seven years. The Board's investment portfolio shall have a minimum level of three months of budgeted operating expenditures in short-term investments to be maintained to provide sufficient liquidity for expected disbursements. At June 30, 2022, the Board's investments met this policy. With this investment focus, investments are expected to reach maturity with limited gains and losses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments, Continued

The maturities and applicable interest rates of the City's and the Board's investments are displayed in the following interest rate risk table:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)						
	Fair Value	Interest Rate	Less than 1		1-5		6-10	N	Nore than 10
Investment type:									
Certificates of deposit	\$ 7,029,849	0.25%-2.5%	\$ 622,159	\$	6,302,072	\$	105,618	\$	-
U.S. government securities	32,243,918	0.70% -0.75%	4,402,951		25,252,584		2,276,440		311,943
U.S. agencies	17,385,818	1.853%-6.50%	244,357		211,237		489,886		16,440,338
Wyoming State Treasurer's									
Investment Pool:									
WYO-STAR I	108,194,104	-0.59%	108,194,104		-		-		-
WYO-STAR II	9,153,896	-2.50%	9,153,896		-		-		-
WGIF	3,334	0.90%	3,334		-		-		-
Government mutual funds	28,009	<u>) </u>	28,009		-		-		-
	\$ 174,038,928	3	\$ 122,648,810	\$	31,765,893	\$	2,871,944	\$	16,752,281

The City holds certain investments that are classified as "highly sensitive." These securities, because of their specific type and structure, are rate-sensitive as market conditions change. Step-up bonds are structured so that the bonds, at strategic times during their life, will step up to a higher interest rate if they are not called. The portfolio holds \$281,715 or 0.23% of the securities in step-up structured bonds.

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The City's and the Board's investment policies do not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the City's or the Board's exposure to credit risk. Credit risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Under investment agreements with WYO-STAR and WGIF, the City and the Board have invested monies at a variable and fixed contract rate of interest, respectively. There is no rating available for the WYO-STAR investments; however, under Wyoming State Statutes, underlying providers are required to have the highest rating from at least one of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The WGIF investment received a AAA rating by Standard & Poor's. State law does not allow governments to invest in corporate bonds, stocks, or mutual funds, and limits investments in commercial paper to short-term maturities (not greater than 270 days) and to top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (Moody's and Standard & Poor's). Obligations of the U.S. government and obligations specifically guaranteed are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. Of the investments in U.S. agencies, \$17,385,818 were not rated. The City's investments in governmental mutual funds were not rated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Capital Assets

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Balance	Additions	Retirements			Balance		
		July 1, 2021	and Transfers	a	and Transfers		une 30, 2022		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	14,734,659	\$ 351,199	\$	-	\$	15,085,858		
Construction in progress		10,992,937	7,923,100		(9,155,437)		9,760,600		
Total capital assets not									
being depreciated		25,727,596	8,274,299		(9,155,437)		24,846,458		
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements		137,066,742	1,731,274		(75,000)		138,723,016		
Machinery and equipment		17,534,607	1,165,612		(1,157,323)		17,542,896		
Transportation equipment		22,744,561	1,447,214		(302,244)		23,889,531		
Office furniture and equipment		4,408,542	342,075		(19,093)		4,731,524		
Infrastructure		256,336,732	8,271,862		-		264,608,594		
Total capital assets being							_		
depreciated	-	438,091,184	12,958,037		(1,553,660)		449,495,561		
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		46,073,663	4,112,516		-		50,186,179		
Machinery and equipment		9,150,984	1,054,092		(241,656)		9,963,420		
Transportation equipment		15,894,375	1,705,930		(261,148)		17,339,157		
Office furniture and equipment		3,268,414	364,746		(19,093)		3,614,067		
Infrastructure		109,311,119	5,106,179		-		114,417,298		
Total accumulated									
depreciation		183,698,555	12,343,463		(521,897)		195,520,121		
Total capital assets being									
depreciated, net		254,392,629	614,574		(1,031,763)		253,975,440		
Governmental activities,									
capital assets, net	\$	280,120,225	\$ 8,888,873	\$	(10,187,200)	\$	278,821,898		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Capital Assets, Continued

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance	Additions	Retirements			Balance		
	July 1, 2021	and Transfers	and Transfers		J	une 30, 2022		
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 12,204,872	\$ 25,361	\$	-	\$	12,230,233		
Water rights	1,797,968	-		-		1,797,968		
Construction in progress	 17,341,321	17,392,322		(10,544,987)		24,188,656		
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated	 31,344,161	17,417,683		(10,544,987)		38,216,857		
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Utility plant in service	585,968,021	10,644,293		-		596,612,314		
Machinery and equipment	8,684,743	2,018,337		(1,393,658)		9,309,422		
Transportation equipment	15,426,829	1,205,072		(279,017)		16,352,884		
Buildings and improvements	34,840,284	3,434,810		-		38,275,094		
Office furniture and equipment	 1,820,292	97,987		(203,957)		1,714,322		
Total capital assets being								
depreciated	 646,740,169	17,400,499		(1,876,632)		662,264,036		
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Utility plant in service	282,992,818	12,907,104		-		295,899,922		
Machinery and equipment	4,811,992	362,053		(738,753)		4,435,292		
Transportation equipment	8,411,970	1,484,266		(285,696)		9,610,540		
Buildings and improvements	12,128,001	944,853		-		13,072,854		
Office furniture and equipment	 1,686,984	31,369		(203,957)		1,514,396		
Total accumulated								
depreciation	 310,031,765	15,729,645		(1,228,406)		324,533,004		
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	 336,708,404	1,670,854		(648,226)		337,731,032		
Business-type activities,								
capital assets, net	\$ 368,052,565	\$ 19,088,537	\$	(11,193,213)	\$	375,947,889		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Capital Assets, Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government, as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,265,088
Public safety	2,071,851
Public works	6,319,413
Recreation	 2,687,111
Total depreciation expense,	
governmental activities	\$ 12,343,463
Business-type activities:	
Waterworks	\$ 9,184,140
Sewer	4,100,631
Solid Waste Fund	2,191,609
Civic Center	57,380
Ice and Events Center	126,746
Fleet Maintenance	69,139
Total depreciation expense,	
business-type activities	\$ 15,729,645

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Fund-Level Financial Statements Due from/to Other Funds			
		Receivable		Payable
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	\$	2,062,782	\$	-
Special Revenue Funds:				
Local and State Grants		12,112		-
Community Development Block Grant		-		17,000
Transportation Planning	-		170,000	
Law Enforcement Block Grant		-		41,000
UMTA Transit Grant		-		272,000
Capital Projects Funds:				
One-Percent Fund		2,800,000		5,520,000
Special Purpose Opinion Tax		4,020,000		2,800,000
Internal Service Fund		23,267		-
Business-type activities:				
Waterworks		-		3,015,224
Sewer		-		7,283
Solid Waste		2,924,346		_
				_
	\$	11,842,507	\$	11,842,507

A balance of \$2,924,346 due from the Waterworks and Sewer funds to the Solid Waste Fund resulted from the Board's billing and collection of sanitation charges on behalf of the City. All other balances resulted from the time lag between dates that (1) interfund goods and services were provided or reimbursable expenses occurred; (2) transactions were recorded in the accounting systems; and (3) payments between funds were made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers, Continued

Transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Transfers In	Transfers Out		
Governmental activities:					
General Fund	\$	2,076,085	\$	301,377	
Special Revenue Funds:					
Transportation Planning		50,373		-	
Law Enforcement Block Grant		56,877		-	
Recreation Programs		471,899		-	
Federal Grants Fund		-		797,139	
Capital Projects Funds:					
One-Percent Sales Tax		-		50,373	
Capital Facilities Tax	-			1,142,837	
Permanent Fund:					
Cemetery Perpetual Care		-		2,438	
Total governmental activities		2,655,234		2,294,164	
Business-type activities:					
Solid Waste		-		930,810	
Civic Center		149,208		-	
Ice and Events Center		420,532			
Total business-type activities		569,740		930,810	
Total primary government	\$	3,224,974	\$	3,224,974	

During the year ended June 30, 2022, transfers were used to (1) move revenues from the fund that Wyoming State Statutes or the budget require expending them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, (3) transfer 6th penny funds to the General Fund to reimburse reserves used in the Municipal Court 2nd floor shell project, (4) transfer American Rescue Plan revenue recovery funds, and (5) transfer funds from the Solid Waste Fund to the General Fund per City Council resolution.

The amounts presented in this note encompass only interfund activity between governmental funds and proprietary funds when applicable. Amounts due to and from, and transfers to and from, the fiduciary fund are not included.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financed Leases and Other Leases Note 6.

Finance/lease-purchases: The City has entered into finance/lease-purchase agreements for financing the acquisition of landfill and fire equipment. These agreements have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The assets acquired through the agreements are as follows:

Machinery and equipment/transportation equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	6,536,324 (3,498,828)
Total	\$	3,037,496
The obligations payable as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:		
Lease payable for landfill equipment, due in semiannual installments		
of \$64,651, with interest at 2.61%, through December 2022, with a final purchase option payment in June 2023.	\$	315,803
Lease payable for fire equipment, due in annual installments of	'	,
\$124,133, with interest at 4.65%, through February 2023. Lease payable for fire equipment, due in annual installments of		118,618
\$103,220, with interest at 4.97%, through November 2023.		192,010
	\$	626,431

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum payments as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-Type
		Activities		Activities
Years ending June 30:				
2023	\$	227,353	\$	323,256
2024		103,221		-
Total minimum lease payments		330,574		323,256
Less amount representing interest		(19,946)		(7,453)
Present value of minimum lease	Ф	210 (20	Ф	215.002
payments	\$	310,628	\$	315,803

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Financed Leases and Other Leases, Continued

Finance/lease-sale: On May 2, 2014, the City entered into an agreement with the Wyoming Business Council (the Council) and Granite Peak Development (the Developer) for the funding of the Swan Ranch Rail Spur (the Rail Spur). In connection with the development of the Rail Spur, the City received a grant with recapture totaling \$2,000,000 and a loan totaling \$2,453,943 from the Council, for a total net investment in a finance/lease-sale receivable of \$4,453,943 (see Note 7 for disclosures on the loan). After completion of the project, the City leased the Rail Spur to the Developer. General terms of the agreement included no principal payments until November 1, 2019, with annual payments of principal and interest of \$661,982 after that. Upon the end of the agreement, ownership of the Rail Spur will be transferred to the Developer.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City received monthly payments from the Developer totaling \$661,982.

The City anticipates receiving payments as follows: \$661,981 for fiscal years 2023 through 2025, and \$275,826 in fiscal year 2026; of that amount, \$49,827 is interest.

Lessor leases: The City, acting as a lessor, leases facilities, land, rights-of-way, and easements, which expire at various dates through 2119, inclusive of any options to renew that are expected to be exercised.

The City recognizes long-term lessor leases in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87. At the commencement of the lease term for a long-term lease (i.e., lease term is greater than 12 months), the City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of the lease payments expected to be received during the lease term.

Total future minimum lease payments to be received under the lessor lease agreements are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities							
	 Principal		Interest		Total			
Years ending June 30:								
2023	\$ 108,731	\$	27,043	\$	135,774			
2024	98,052		24,771		122,823			
2025	83,582		22,735		106,317			
2026	85,474		20,843		106,317			
2027	87,408		18,909		106,317			
Thereafter	793,340		205,135		998,475			
	\$ 1,256,587	\$	319,436	\$	1,576,023			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Financed Leases and Other Leases, Continued

	 Business-Type Activities								
	 Principal		Interest		Total				
Years ending June 30:									
2023	\$ 76,797	\$	9,585	\$	86,382				
2024	90,994		7,609		98,603				
2025	74,450		5,405		79,855				
2026	57,290		3,818		61,108				
2027	58,738		2,369		61,107				
Thereafter	 60,225		884		61,109				
	\$ 418,494	\$	29,670	\$	448,164				

Note 7. Long-Term Debt

The City can issue general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

Wyoming State Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$37,667,722.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

General long-term debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2022	Amount Due within One Year		
Governmental activities:		_		
Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2021, original amount of \$5,455,0000, due in annual installments of \$560,000 to \$1,575,000 through April 2028, plus interest from 0.3% to 1.03%. Secured by pledge of Federal mineral royalties and gross parking fee revenues received.	\$ 4,895,000	\$ 600,000		
Due to the Council, original amount of \$4,453,943, with interest at 0.5%, due annually on November 1. Annual principal and interest payments beginning in fiscal year 2020 are \$661,982 through fiscal year 2026. Secured by the collateral assignment of a promissory note, mortgage and railroad easement, and				
track lease between the City and the Developer. Due to the State of Wyoming, Treasurer's Office, original amount of \$4,862,745 with 0% interest, due in annual installments of \$243,137 beginning in fiscal year 2023 through	2,583,030	636,152		
2024.	4,862,745	243,137		
Total governmental activities	12,340,775	1,479,289		
Business-type activities: Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF Loan #133, advances on a \$7,400,000 loan for the construction of the Hydro-Electric Generation Project. Interest thereon is at 0.0% for a term of 20 years. Upon completion of the Project, loan shall be granted principal forgiveness in an amount not to exceed \$750,000. The payments are currently estimated at \$370,000 per year. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to meet the annual payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #143, original amount of \$875,000 for the Holliday Park Reuse Project, with interest at 0.0%. Principal amounts of \$37,500 are due annually in September through 2037. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees necessary to meet the	5,400,742			
annual loan payment.	562,500	37,500		
Balance forward	5,963,242	37,500		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2022	Amount Due within One Year		
Balance forwarded	\$	5,963,242	\$	37,500	
Business-type activities, <i>Continued:</i> Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #144, original amount of \$1,300,000 for Southern Interceptor Main with interest at 2.5%, due annually on December 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$83,391 through 2039. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees necessary to meet the annual loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF Loan #177, original amount of \$5,280,000 for the design and construction of Phase III of the Southern Water Transmission Main, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on March 1. This loan is also granted principal forgiveness up to 25% of the loan, not to exceed \$1,320,000. Annual principal and interest payments are \$186,808 per year through 2038. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to meet the		1,142,162		55,247	
annual payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF Loan #065, original amount of \$5,600,000 for the Southern Water Transmission Main Phase I Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on September 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$334,582 through 2029. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to meet the annual loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF Loan #120, original amount of \$7,494,828 for the design and construction of Phase II of the Southern Water Transmission Main, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on June 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$480,772 per year through 2034. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees		2,435,673 2,124,720		126,812 282,226	
necessary to meet the annual loan payment.		4,931,744		357,481	
Balance forward		16,597,541		859,266	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

	J	Balance une 30, 2022	nount Due in One Year
Balance forwarded	\$	16,597,541	\$ 859,266
Business-type activities, <i>Continued:</i> 2013 Refunding Revenue Water Note, original amount of \$8,740,000, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$215,000 to \$955,000 through December 2025; interest at 2.41%. Note originated to refinance the callable portion of 2007 Water Revenue Bonds. Secured by pledge of revenues from the City's water system tap and user fees and system			
development fees, net of premiums. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #159, advances on \$9,900,000 loan for the Southern Sewer Interceptor Main. Interest thereon is 2.5% for a term of 20 years. The payments are currently estimated at \$635,057 per year. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees		3,270,000	913,199
necessary to meet the annual loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF #034, original amount of \$825,000, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on December 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$47,729 through 2025 for funding of the City's Water Main Rehabilitation Project for fiscal year 2004. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to meet the annual		8,698,002	420,726
loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF #084, original amount of \$375,000 loan for the planning phase of the Administration Building Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on June 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$24,055 through 2032. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater		136,400	44,321
user fees necessary to meet the annual loan payment.		210,533	 18,792
Balance forward		28,912,476	 2,256,304

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

	Balance June 30, 2022		amount Due hin One Year
Balance forwarded	\$	28,912,476	\$ 2,256,304
Business-type activities, <i>Continued:</i> Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #046, original amount of \$36,450,000, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on June 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$2,338,163 through 2026 for the Dry and Crow Creek Rehab Construction Project. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues generated from the City's wastewater user fees necessary to meet the annual			
loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #081, original amount of \$1,280,000 for the extension of Cheyenne's Recycled Water System Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on September 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$81,843 through 2030. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to		8,798,491	2,118,260
meet the annual loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF Loan #056, original amount of \$1,300,000, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on March 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$61,885 through 2028. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to meet the annual		586,953	67,374
loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #060, original amount of \$2,900,000, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on September 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$174,898 through 2029. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees necessary to		340,991	53,363
meet the annual loan payment.		1,109,558	147,529
Balance forward		39,748,469	4,642,830

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

		lance 80, 2022	mount Due nin One Year
Balance forwarded	\$ 39,	748,469	\$ 4,642,830
Business-type activities, <i>Continued:</i> Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF Loan #079, original amount of \$5,130,509 for the 30" Transmission Line Replacement Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on September 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$329,107 through 2031. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's water system user fees necessary to meet the annual			
loan payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, DWSRF Loan #106, original amount of \$3,500,000 for the construction phase of the Administration Building Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on June 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$159,062 through 2032. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees necessary to meet the annual loan	2,	866,017	257,099
payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #115, original amount of \$3,500,000 for the construction phase of the Administration Building Project, with interest at 2.5%, due annually on June 1. Annual principal and interest payments are \$159,062 through 2032. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees necessary to meet the annual loan	1,	392,132	124,259
payment. Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Lands and Investments, CWSRF Loan #133, advances on a \$5,000,000 loan for Crow Creek Plant Improvements Project, with interest at 2.5% annually on June 15. Annual principal and interest payments are \$320,736 through 2039. Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's wastewater user fees	1,	392,132	124,259
necessary to meet the annual loan payment. Balance forward		522,743 921,493	232,668 5,381,115
Dalance Ivi walu	40,	741,473	3,301,113

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

		Balance	Amount Due		
	J	une 30, 2022	within One Year		
Balance forwarded	\$	48,921,493	\$	5,381,115	
Business-type activities, Continued:					
Due to the State of Wyoming, Office of State Land and					
Investments, DWSRF Loan #229, original amount of					
\$3,960,000 for the North City Zone Improvements Project.					
Interest thereon is at 2.5% for a term of 20 years. The					
payments are currently estimated at \$254,023 per year.					
Secured by pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's					
water system user fees necessary to meet the annual loan					
payment.		165,179			
Total business-type activities		49,086,672		5,381,115	
Total long-term debt	\$	61,427,447	\$	6,860,404	

The annual debt service requirements of the long-term debt and current principal maturities as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities						
	Principal			Interest		Principal	Interest					
Years ending June 30:												
2023	\$	1,479,289	\$	51,247	\$	5,381,115	\$	1,054,882				
2024		1,495,650		45,786		5,791,219		922,215				
2025		1,552,076		39,645		5,924,430		786,230				
2026		1,603,564		32,441		5,506,742		650,880				
2027		988,137		23,524		2,817,035		530,019				
2028-2032		2,790,686		16,223		13,039,284		1,756,154				
2033-2037		1,215,686		-		7,460,021		568,986				
2038-2042		1,215,687		-		2,888,530		67,338				
2043-2046		-				278,296						
	\$	12,340,775	\$	208,866	\$	49,086,672	\$	6,336,704				

In May 2014, the Board received approval of a \$1,206,000 grant from the Wyoming Water Development Commission for the design and construction of the Southern Water Transmission Main Phase III project. The grant provisions required the Board to maintain a capital additions and replacement reserve of \$500,000, which is included in restricted net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

In May 2020, the Board received approval of an \$8,281,200 grant from the Wyoming Water Development Commission for the design, construction and operation of the Cheyenne Transmission, Pump Station and Tank 2020 project.

The Board has pledged and assigned future water system and wastewater user fees to meet the annual debt requirements. Proceeds from the debt have been used to improve, expand, and replace the distribution system, source of supply, and treatment facilities. The proportion of pledged revenues to total revenues is not estimable because annual total fees fluctuate annually. Principal and interest paid for the current year totaled \$6,399,972. Net customer revenues totaled \$34,321,124 for the year. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$55,423,376, which is the amount of the remaining principal and interest on outstanding debt.

The City has pledged and assigned future Federal mineral royalties and gross parking fee revenues to meet certain annual debt requirements of the Series 2021 Refunding Revenue Bonds. Proceeds from the original debt were used to construct a parking facility. The proportion of pledged revenues to total revenues is not estimable because annual total fees fluctuate annually. Principal and interest paid for the current year totaled \$600,123. Net mineral royalties totaled \$2,734,732 and gross parking fees totaled \$300,320 for the year. At year-end, pledged future revenues totaled \$5,071,416, which is the amount of the remaining principal and interest on the related outstanding debt.

Advance and current refunding: On December 21, 2007, the Board issued \$12,330,000 in Refunding Revenue Water Bonds with an average interest rate of 4.368% in order to refinance two Wyoming Water Development Commission loans totaling \$8,043,330 and one Permanent Mineral Trust fund loan for \$3,567,231 bearing substantially higher interest rates between 5.5% and 7.25%. The proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds, together with other available monies of the Board, were used to (i) refinance the above-referenced loans in the amount of \$11,610,561; (ii) pay expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the Bonds in the amount of \$102,636; and (iii) establish a debt service reserve fund for the Bonds in the amount of \$989,594.

On December 27, 2013, the Board entered into an agreement with Colorado State Bank and Trust to authorize an advance refunding of a portion of the 2007 Refunding Revenue Water Bonds. The Board received an \$8,740,000 Refunding Revenue Water Note with an annual interest rate of 2.41%, with the proceeds to be deposited in a special fund and trust account to be used to refund, pay, discharge, and redeem the portion of the refunded bonds outstanding and maturing on or after December 1, 2016. The costs from the advance refunding include a deferred loss of \$525,305, which is being charged to operations through the year 2025 using the effective interest method. The Board completed the advance refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$1,065,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$700,000. As of June 30, 2022, the deferred loss on refunding totaled \$169,183 and is classified as a deferred outflow of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Debt, Continued

On March 30, 2021, the City issued \$5,445,000 in Refunding Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 0.857% to advance refund \$5,800,000 of outstanding 2012 Series Bonds with an average interest rate of 2.537%. The net proceeds of \$5,365,000 (after the payment of \$80,000 in underwriting fees and issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments to the 2012 Series Bonds that were defeased. As a result, the 2012 Series Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide Statement of Net Position. As of June 30, 2022, the outstanding in-substance defeased debt was \$4,895,000.

As discussed in Note 8, during fiscal year 2022, it was determined that Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A was actuarially underfunded. As a result, the City has a loan with the State of Wyoming, by and through the Wyoming State Treasurer, for the City's portion of the liability. The Fire Pension Plan A Legislative Reserve Account loan has a face value of \$4,862,745 and is expected to be repaid over 20 years with 0% interest. The first payment is due in fiscal year 2023.

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions for the City for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Beginning				Ending		Due within		
		Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance		One Year		
Governmental activities:									
Revenue bonds	\$	5,455,000	\$ -	\$ (560,000)	\$	4,895,000	\$	600,000	
Note payable		3,212,883	-	(629,883)		2,583,000		636,152	
Loan payable - Paid Firemen's									
Pension Plan A		-	4,862,745	-		4,862,745		243,137	
Finance/lease-purchase payable		513,216	-	(202,588)		310,628		212,295	
Compensated absences		4,626,465	4,260,476	(4,158,211)		4,728,730		4,158,546	
Governmental activities									
long-term liabilities	\$	13,807,564	\$ 9,123,221	\$ (5,550,682)	\$	17,380,103	\$	5,850,130	
Business-type activities:									
Refunding revenue bonds	\$	4,160,000	\$ -	\$ (890,000)	\$	3,270,000	\$	913,199	
Loans payable		45,703,104	4,473,423	(4,359,855)		45,816,672		4,467,916	
Finance/lease-purchase payable		1,062,885	-	(747,082)		315,803		315,803	
Landfill closure and post-closure									
costs		9,001,450	1,044,824	-		10,046,274		-	
Compensated absences and early									
retirement		1,909,331	793,774	(772,650)		1,930,455		949,650	
Dundana a tama a tinita									
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	61,836,770	\$ 6,312,021	\$ (6,769,587)	\$	61,379,204	\$	6,646,568	

For governmental activities, revenue bonds and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The note payable is liquidated by the Local and State Grant Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments

All eligible City employees are covered under one of the four following retirement plans. Below is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows, net pension liabilities and pension expense for the defined benefit plans:

	Deferred Outflows - ension Plans		Deferred Inflows - nsion Plans	Net Pension Liability	Pension Expense
Pension plans:				•	
Public Employee Pension Plan:					
City of Cheyenne	\$ 2,503,236	\$ (10,133,404)	\$ (13,978,778)	\$ (604,629)
Board of Public Utilities	1,195,146		(4,378,651)	(6,445,223)	(125,924)
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A	4,862,745		(703,672)	(28,234,679)	(67,348,982)
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B	4,384,574	(10,471,320)	3,616,211	(703,472)
Law Enforcement Pension Plan	11,561,809		(6,378,585)	(13,462,628)	 3,586,428
Total	\$ 24,507,510	\$ (3	32,065,632)	\$ (58,505,097)	\$ (65,196,579)

Public Employee Pension Plan:

Plan description: The City and the Board participate in the WRS's statewide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit contributory retirement plan administered by the WRS Board. Substantially all City full-time employees not covered by the Law Enforcement Pension Plan, Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A, or Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B, and substantially all employees of the Board are eligible to participate. Participants who retire at age 60 with four years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit according to predetermined formulas and are allowed to select one of seven optional methods for receiving benefits. Early retirement is allowed provided the employee has completed four years of service and reached the age of 50 but will result in a reduction of benefits based on the length of time remaining to normal retirement age. The WRS also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by Wyoming State Statutes. The WRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employee Pension Plan. The report may be requested from the WRS or accessed through its website at https://retirement.wyo.gov/About/Reports? Label=Financial#categories.

Benefits provided: The determination of retirement benefits is dependent upon the employee's initial employment date.

<u>Service Retirement Tier 1:</u> If an employee made a contribution prior to September 1, 2012, the employee is in Tier 1. Full retirement at age 60 or qualifies for the Rule of 85. Early retirement is permitted at age 50 or 25 years of service. The formula for retirement equals 2.125% times the number of years of service times the three-year highest average salary for the first 15 years and 2.25% times the number of years of service times the three-year highest average salary after 15 years.

<u>Service Retirement Tier 2:</u> If an employee made his or her first contribution after September 1, 2012, the employee is in Tier 2. Full retirement at age 65 or qualifies for the Rule of 85. Early retirement is permitted at age 55 or 25 years of service. The formula for retirement equals 2% times the number of years of service times the five-year highest average salary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

<u>Disability benefits:</u> Partial or total disability retirement is available to any member who becomes incapacitated, mentally or physically, and cannot continue in the performance of his or her duties. To qualify, the member must have at least 10 years of service and must be "in service" at the time of application for disability retirement. Upon retirement for a partial disability, the member receives a monthly disability retirement benefit for the period of his or her disability equal to 50% of the normal benefit payable to the member, as if the member was eligible for normal retirement benefits. Upon retirement for a total disability, the member receives a monthly disability benefit equal to 100% of his or her service retirement benefit as if the member was eligible for normal retirement benefits. Disability benefits are payable for the life of the member or until death.

<u>Survivor's benefits:</u> Certain surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased, as well as the benefit option selected by the member at the date of retirement.

Contributions: Per Titles 9-3-412 and 413 of Wyoming State Statutes, for the year ended June 30, 2022, member contributions were required to be 9.25% of compensation and employer contributions were required to be 9.37% of compensation for both the City and the Board. In accordance with Title 9-3-412(c)(ii) of Wyoming State Statutes, the Board and the City have elected to pay 6.75% and 6.50%, respectively, in addition to the employer's contribution.

The City's and the Board's contributions to the WRS for the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$3,893,251, equal to the required contribution plus the City's and the Board's share of the required member contribution.

Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A (Plan A):

Plan description: The City formerly participated in Plan A, a statewide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit contributory retirement plan covering paid firemen who were employed prior to July 1, 1981 and who elected to participate. Plan A issues a publicly available financial report that includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information for Plan A. The report may be requested from the WRS or accessed through its website at https://retirement.wyo.gov/About/Reports?Label=Financial#categories.

Benefits provided: Plan A statutorily provides retirement, disability, and death benefits according to a percentage of a Fireman First Class salary. Plan A also statutorily provides for an annual percentage increase in the benefit amounts beginning in the year following 12 months of payments, by at least 3%. However, during the 2022 State of Wyoming Legislative Session, this provision was removed from Plan A.

<u>Disability benefits:</u> Partial or total disability retirement is available to any member who becomes incapacitated, mentally or physically, and cannot continue in the performance of his or her duties from an individual and specific act incurred while employed. To qualify for benefit, there is no age or service requirement. The member receives a monthly disability retirement benefit for the period based on maximum salary and years of service.

<u>Survivor's benefit:</u> Certain surviving beneficiaries receive benefits based on the maximum salary and years of service. Upon death, 100% of the benefit continues to be paid to the beneficiary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

Contributions: Plan A statutorily required participants to contribute 8% of their salary to a maximum not to exceed the salary of a Fireman First Class. Employers were required to contribute 21% of the salary. Effective April 1, 1997, required contributions were suspended as Plan A had been determined to be actuarially overfunded.

During fiscal year 2022, it was determined that Plan A was actuarially underfunded. As such, on or about March 7, 2022, the Wyoming State Legislature passed Senate File No. 39, which eliminated the annual cost-of-living percentage increase to the benefit amount and obligated \$75 million toward the stabilization of the plan; of this amount, \$55 million was obligated from the State of Wyoming. The remaining \$20 million was to be repaid by the nine legacy employers that still had employees participating in the plan. To determine the liability to each of the legacy employers, the Wyoming Retirement Board made an assessment based on the number of retired pensioners receiving benefits from each of the legacy plan employers as of April 1, 2022. See the further discussion of the City's portion of the liability at Note 7.

Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B:

Plan description: The City participates in the Wyoming Paid Firemen's Retirement Fund (the Fund), a statewide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit contributory retirement plan administered by the WRS Board. Substantially all paid City firemen hired after July 1, 1981 are eligible to participate. The Fund provides retirement, disability, and death benefits according to predetermined formulas. Benefits are established by Wyoming State Statutes. The Fund issues a publicly available financial report, which includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. The report may be requested from the WRS or accessed through its website at https://retirement.wyo.gov/About/Reports? Label=Financial#categories.

Benefits provided: The members of the Fund qualify for a retirement allowance if they are 50 years old and have at least 48 months of credited service. The basic monthly benefit for participants is based on a formula involving years of service, highest average salary, and age at retirement. The current benefit formula equals 2.8% times the three-year final average compensation for the first 25 years of service. The benefit is capped at 70% of the highest average salary. The highest average salary is calculated by averaging the 36 highest continuous months of acceptable salary as defined in the rules of the WRS Board.

<u>Disability benefits:</u> Partial or total disability retirement is available to any member who becomes incapacitated, mentally or physically, and cannot continue in the performance of his or her duties from an individual and specific act incurred while employed. To qualify for benefits, there is no age or service requirement. The member receives a monthly disability retirement benefit equal to 50% of the final average salary.

<u>Survivor benefits</u>: The surviving spouse or other qualified dependents receive benefits based on 50% of the member's final actual salary. On the death of a member, inactive member, retired member, or survivor, the excess of the accumulated member contributions over all pension payments made are payable as a death benefit to the next qualified beneficiary.

Contributions: Individual members participating under this Fund are required to contribute 10.745% of their compensation and the City is required to contribute 15% of the compensation of covered members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

Legislation enacted in 1979 allows the employer to pay any or all of the members' contribution. The City currently pays 1.5% of the required members' contribution of 10.745%. The City's contribution to the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$1,238,929, equal to the required contribution plus the City's share of the required members' contribution.

Law Enforcement Pension Plan (the Police Plan):

Plan description: The City participates in the Police Plan, a statewide cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit contributory retirement plan administered by the WRS Board. Employees who are sworn law enforcement officers are eligible for full retirement benefits after they either reach age 60 with at least 48 months of contributions to the Police Plan or at any age with 20 years of service. These same employees are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit after they reach age 50 with 48 months of contributions. Benefits are established by Wyoming State Statutes. The Police Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the Police Plan. The report may be requested from the WRS or accessed through its website at https://retirement.wyo.gov/About/Reports?Label=Financial#categories.

Benefits provided: Benefits are based on a formula involving years of service, highest average salary, and age at retirement. Currently, the benefit formula entitles retirees to 2.5% of the highest average salary for each year of service with a ceiling on the benefit at 75% of the highest average salary.

<u>Disability benefits:</u> Partial or total disability retirement is available to any member who becomes incapacitated, mentally or physically, and cannot continue in the performance of his or her duties from an individual and specific act incurred while employed. To qualify for duty disability retirement, there is no age or service requirement, and the member receives a monthly disability retirement benefit for the period of his or her disability equal to 62.5% of final salary. To qualify for non-duty disability retirement, the member must have at least 10 years of service, and the member receives a monthly disability benefit for the period of his or her disability equal to 50% of final salary.

<u>Survivor's benefit:</u> The surviving spouse receives benefits dependent on if the member was on duty at the time of death. Additional benefits are available for additional qualified dependents.

Contributions: The Police Plan is funded by amounts withheld from participating members' salaries and by contributions from the City. These contributions are determined by Wyoming State Statutes, and as of June 30, 2022, the percentages to be contributed on compensation were 8.6% by the members and 8.6% by the City.

The City's contribution to the Police Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$709,951, equal to the required contribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: At June 30, 2022, the City and the Board reported a total liability of \$58,505,097 for their proportionate share of the net pension liability. The breakdown between plans is as follows:

]	Net Pension		
	Li	ability (Asset)		
Pension plans:				
Public Employee Pension Plan:				
City of Cheyenne	\$	13,978,778		
Board of Public Utilities		6,445,223		
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A		28,234,679		
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B		(3,616,211)		
Law Enforcement Pension Plan		13,462,628		
Total net pension liability	\$	58,505,097		

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021.

At December 31, 2021, the City's and the Board's proportionate shares were as follows:

	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability							
	December 31,	December 31,	Increase					
	2021	2020	(Decrease)					
Pension plans:								
Public Employee Pension Plan:								
City of Cheyenne	0.9168	0.9125	0.0043					
Board of Public Utilities	0.4427	0.4144	0.0283					
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A	28.8783	29.2606	(0.3823)					
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B	23.9001	23.8262	0.0739					
Law Enforcement Pension Plan	4.7314	4.6288	0.1026					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City and the Board recognized pension (offset) expense and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows and from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred		
	Outflows of			Inflows of		
		Resources		Resources		
Public Employee Pension Plan:						
Governmental activities:						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	220,221	\$	(18,042)		
Changes of assumptions		950,181		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments		-		(7,805,429)		
Changes in proportionate share of contributions		227,548		(688,588)		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		704,769		-		
	\$	2,102,719	\$	(8,512,059)		
	Ψ	2,102,719	Ψ	(0,312,037)		
Business-type activities:						
City:						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	41,947	\$	(3,436)		
Changes of assumptions		180,987		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments		-		(1,486,749)		
Changes in proportionate share of contributions		43,342		(131,160)		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		134,241				
	\$	400,517	\$	(1,621,345)		
Doord						
Board:	\$	120.970	¢	(0.002)		
Differences between expected and actual experience	Ф	120,879	\$	(9,903)		
Changes of assumptions		521,550		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(4,284,363)		
Changes in proportionate share of contributions		177,179		(84,385)		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		375,538				
	\$	1,195,146	\$	(4,378,651)		
			-	<u> </u>		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A: Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement data.	\$ - 4 960 745	\$	(703,672)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 4,862,745 4,862,745	\$	(703,672)
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 62,046	\$	(1,514,565)
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	3,656,034		(3,362,235)
on pension plan investments	-		(5,405,160)
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	116,319		(189,360)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 550,175		
	\$ 4,384,574	\$	(10,471,320)
Law Enforcement Pension Plan:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 769,916	\$	(42,316)
Changes of assumptions	10,308,467		(1,668,394)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	_		(4,447,178)
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	116,643		(220,697)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 366,783		<u> </u>
	\$ 11,561,809	\$	(6,378,585)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense, as follows:

	Governmental Activities								Bus	ines	s-Type Activi	ities			
	Pub	olic Employee	Paid	l Firemen's	s Paid Firemen's Law Enforcement					Public Employee Pension Plan		ın			
	P	ension Plan	Pen	sion Plan A	Pension Plan B		Pension Plan		Total		Board		City		Total
Years ending June 30:															
2023	\$	(1,476,786)	\$	(31,669)	\$	(1,323,824)	\$	1,697,587	\$ (1,134,692)	\$	(673,880)	\$	(281,292)	\$	(955,172)
2024		(2,760,240)		(678,657)		(2,423,708)		1,159,635	(4,702,970)		(1,328,401)		(525,760)		(1,854,161)
2025		(1,550,062)		(62,108)		(1,904,808)		2,201,733	(1,315,245)		(828,366)		(295,250)		(1,123,616)
2026		(1,327,021)		68,762		(1,274,456)		(242,514)	(2,775,229)		(728,396)		(252,767)		(981,163)
2027		-		-		116,623		-	116,623		-		-		-
Thereafter		-		-		173,252		-	173,252		-		-		
	\$	(7,114,109)	\$	(703,672)	\$	(6,636,921)	\$	4,816,441	\$ (9,638,261)	\$	(3,559,043)	\$	(1,355,069)	\$	(4,914,112)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the January 1, 2021 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions adopted by the WRS Board, effective at its November 17, 2021 and February 17, 2022 meetings, and applied to the December 31, 2021 measurement date:

	Public Employee	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's	Law Enforcement
	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B	Pension Plan
Actuarial assumption:				
Inflation	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
Salary increases	2.50%-6.50%	4.50%	4.50%-7.50%	3.00%-7.00%
Investment rate of return	6.80%	6.80%	6.80%	6.80%
Payroll growth rate	2.00%	0.00%	2.50%	2.50%
Cost-of-living adjustment	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Post-retirement mortality: Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, amount-weighted, fully generational, projected with the MP-2020 Ultimate Scale. Males had no setback, with a multiplier of 100%, and females had no setback, with a multiplier of 103% (PERS) and 100% (Law Enforcement and Fire plans).

Pre-retirement mortality: Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Active Mortality Table, amount-weighted, fully generational, projected with the MP-2020 Ultimate Scale. Males had no setback, with a multiplier of 100%, and females had no setback, with a multiplier of 100%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

Long-term expected rate of return: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected arithmetic returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Each major asset class is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of January 1, 2021. These best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	Long-Term
		Expected	Expected
	Target	Geometric Real	Arithmetic Real
	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Asset class:			
Cash	2.00%	-0.50%	-0.50%
Fixed income	21.00%	1.32%	1.63%
Equity	48.50%	5.63%	7.54%
Marketable alternatives	19.00%	3.74%	4.63%
Private markets	9.50%	_ 4.84%	5.99%
	100.00%	=	

Experience analysis: An experience study was conducted on behalf of all WRS plans covering the five-year period ended December 31, 2020. The study provided a detailed analysis concerning the development of the long-term inflation rate, real rate of return, and discount rate. The study also analyzed each major actuarial assumption (e.g., mortality, salary increases, retirement, termination, and disability) and proposed assumptions consistent with the findings.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80% for the Public Employee Pension Plan, 5.17% for the Law Enforcement Pension Plan, 6.80% for the Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A, and 6.80% for the Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the WRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Retirement Commitments, Continued

Sensitivity of the City's and the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The table below presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current Single						
	Discount Rate						
	1	1% Decrease		Assumption	1% Increase		
Public Employee Pension Plan:							
City of Cheyenne	\$	25,790,673	\$	13,978,778	\$	4,187,388	
Board of Public Utilities		11,891,358		6,445,223		1,930,687	
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A		32,575,814		28,234,679		24,496,596	
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B		3,114,698		(3,616,211)		(9,196,332)	
Law Enforcement Pension Plan		22,090,138		13,462,628		6,552,353	

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued WRS financial report available from the Wyoming Retirement System, 6101 Yellowstone Road, Suite 500, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002 or by accessing its website at https://retirement.wyo.gov/About/Reports?Label=Financial#categories.

Defined contribution plans: Board and City employees have the option to participate in one of two defined contribution plans. The defined contribution plans include the Wyoming Deferred Compensation Program (commonly referred to as the 457 Plan) administered by the WRS and a defined contribution plan administered by VALIC Financial Advisors. Employees are allowed to contribute the maximum amount per Internal Revenue Service guidelines. Beginning July 1, 2008, the Board and the City elected to match an employee's contribution up to \$25 per month. The City's match ended on January 31, 2010. The Board continues to provide a match. The total matching contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$33,425.

Note 9. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City is a member of the Wyoming Association of Risk Management (WARM), which is a separate legal agency created under Wyoming State Statutes for the purpose of establishing a shared risk pool and/or jointly purchasing insurance coverage. The premiums required by the participating entities are calculated annually and are based upon actuarially sound and recognized pooling practices. The pool is responsible for determining the amounts of the premiums charged to the entities and is also responsible for managing the pool's assets. The entities have the right to submit claims for losses incurred. The pool has the right to collect premiums and admit or terminate members for nonpayment of premiums. The City's management considers the assets of WARM to be sufficient to cover any claims that may be incurred by its members. The City has not had significant settlements exceeding insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City has had no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Risk Management, Continued

The City pays into the State Worker's Compensation System (the Act). All employers within the State of Wyoming are participants in this Act unless the employer elects not to be covered under the Act. This Act requires the City to obtain liability coverage for payment of benefits to employees for job-related injuries and diseases through the Workers' Compensation Fund. This Act provides general protection from suits filed by employees against the City. The City makes monthly payments to the State of Wyoming Department of Employment. These payments are based on salaries and a split rate between hazardous and nonhazardous positions.

Note 10. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences have been accrued in the financial statements of the City and the Board and consist of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Vacation Leave		Sick Leave		Compensatory/ Administrative Time		Early Retirement Obligation		Total
Governmental activities	\$	2,463,556	\$	1,755,481	\$	509,693	\$	_	\$ 4,728,730
Business-type activities:									
Waterworks Fund		419,544		293,746		81,940		78,014	873,244
Sewer Fund		285,082		195,831		54,627		52,010	587,550
Solid Waste Fund		197,170		152,892		1,103		-	351,165
Fleet Maintenance Fund		38,912		29,124		1,373		-	69,409
Civic Center Fund		18,979		4,589		2,275		-	25,843
Ice and Events Center Fund		11,016		10,579		1,649		-	23,244
Total business-type activities		970,703		686,762		142,966		130,024	1,930,455
Total all funds	\$	3,434,259	\$	2,442,243	\$	652,659	\$	130,024	\$ 6,659,185

The amounts reported above for governmental and business-type activities include current and long-term portions.

Note 11. Industrial Revenue Bonds

The City has participated in several issuances of industrial revenue bonds for constructing privately operated manufacturing and other related facilities in the City. These bonds are not direct or contingent liabilities of the City. As of June 30, 2022, there were no series of industrial revenue bonds outstanding, as these bonds were paid off in full.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12. Closure and Post-Closure Care Liability

State and Federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports the estimated liability for these closure and post-closure costs in the government-wide financial statements based on landfill capacity used as of each Statement of Net Position date. The current operating costs of the landfill are accounted for within the Solid Waste Fund of the City using the accrual basis of accounting. The \$10,046,274 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2022 represents the cumulative liability estimated to date based on the use of 50.94% of the estimated capacity of the site. The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$9,674,707 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The calculation of the estimated liability has been based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2022. The City expects the landfill site to be at full capacity in approximately 46 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Note 13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The detail of the deferred outflows/inflows of resources for the City in its Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Deferred loss on refunding	\$	-	\$	169,183
Deferred outflows, pension liability		22,911,847		1,595,663
Deferred outflows, OPEB liability	388,876			
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	23,300,723	\$	1,764,846
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable property taxes	\$	7,384,244	\$	-
Deferred inflows, public-public partnership		487,656		-
Deferred inflows, lease revenue		1,251,101		432,282
Deferred inflows, pension liability		26,065,636		5,999,996
Deferred inflows, OPEB liability		1,827,531		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	37,016,168	\$	6,432,278

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Commitments

As of June 30, 2022, the City has entered into several construction/engineering contracts resulting in commitments for future capital expenditures. The major projects are listed below. Although portions of the projects may have been completed and capitalized during 2022, the amounts below represent the activity pertaining to the contract as a whole:

Exp	ended				
to I	Date at		Total	Con	nmitment at
June 3	30, 2022	C	Contract	Jun	ne 30, 2022
\$ 3	392,113	\$ 1	,345,683	\$	953,570
1,5	89,741	1	,883,685		293,944
4	51,866	1	,166,112		714,246
2,9	13,957	3	3,234,843		320,886
1,9	21,260	1	,923,333		2,073
7	54,250		835,493		81,243
3,3	15,959	3	3,434,669		118,710
7	30,638	3	3,449,031		2,718,393
12,0	69,784	17	,272,849		5,203,065
,	· ·		* *		1,560,480
$4,\epsilon$	57,918	4	,696,887		38,969
2,1	51,177	2	2,173,960		22,783
5	42,879	12	2,000,000	1	1,457,121
5,4	23,397	7	,400,000		1,976,603
4,5	65,403	8	3,193,934		3,628,531
7,2	281,879	8	3,595,387		1,313,508
25,8	321,995	45	5,819,990	1	9,997,995
\$ 37,8	91,779	\$ 63	3,092,839	\$ 2	5,201,060
	to E June 3 \$ 3 1,5 4 2,9 1,9 7 12,0 1,1 4,6 2,1 5,4 4,5 7,2 25,8	to Date at June 30, 2022	to Date at June 30, 2022 \$ 392,113	to Date at June 30, 2022 Contract \$ 392,113	to Date at June 30, 2022 Contract June 30, 2022 September 31, 345,683 \$ 1,589,741 1,883,685 451,866 1,166,112

Note 15. **OPEB Commitment**

On July 1, 2017, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, which recognizes a long-term obligation for OPEB benefits. The accounting change was adopted to conform to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. OPEB Commitment, Continued

General information about the OPEB plan:

Plan description: The City participates in a single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, the City of Cheyenne Retiree Health Care Plan. The City Council has the authority for establishing and amending the Plan. The Plan does not issue a separate report and is not administered in trust.

Benefits provided: Under the Plan, the City offers retiring firefighters who were hired prior to July 1, 2013 a \$300 monthly offset to postretirement medical premiums. To be eligible for the coverage, an active firefighter must be at least age 50 and have a minimum of four years of service upon retirement. City employees, police officers, and firefighters not meeting the previous criteria must pay the full subsidized premium. Some current retirees have retired under differing offset provisions and disabled firefighters are also included in current retiree costs. All benefits end at age 65.

Funding policy: The City finances this program on a "pay-as-you-go" basis and has no assets held in trust. The City Council has the authority for establishing and amending the funding policy.

Employees covered by the benefit terms: As of June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	15
Inactive Plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active Plan members	437
Total Plan members	452

OPEB liabilities, OPEB expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB: At June 30, 2022, the City reported a total OPEB liability of \$5,198,705. The total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Changes in the total OPEB liability:

T . 1 ODED 1: 1 1:

Total OPEB hability:	
Service cost	\$ 310,572
Interest on the total OPEB liability	117,669
Changes in benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(613,930)
Changes of assumptions	(505,235)
Benefit payments	 (167,351)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(858,275)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	 6,056,980
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 5,198,705

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. OPEB Commitment, Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$259,754. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs		- 388,876	\$ 1,169,516 658,015
	\$	388,876	\$ 1,827,531

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the City's OPEB expense, as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (168,487)
2024	(168,487)
2025	(168,487)
2026	(168,487)
2027	(168,487)
Thereafter	 (596,220)
	\$ (1,438,655)

Actuarial methods and assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, which were applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual entry age
Discount Rate	3.69% as of June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	2.50%-6.50%, including wage inflation of 2.50%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. OPEB Commitment, Continued

Demographic Assumptions	This report has used the same	demographic assumptions used to

value the WRS defined benefit retirement plan in which the members participate in the actuarial valuation as of January 1,

2021.

Mortality For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct RP-2014 Healthy

Annuitant Mortality Tables are used with male rates multiplied by 100% and female rates multiplied by 88%. Those rates are projected on a fully generational basis, based on Scale MP-2017.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Initial rate of 7.00%, declining to an ultimate rate of 4.15% after

15 years.

Participation Rates 75% of participants eligible to receive an explicit subsidy are

assumed to elect coverage with the City. Coverage is for the

employee only.

17% of participants eligible for any explicit subsidy are assumed to elect coverage. It is assumed that 35% of participants elect two-person coverage and that, upon participant death, coverage will

continue to the beneficiary.

Discount rate: The discount rate changed from 1.92% as of June 30, 2021 to 3.69% as of June 30, 2022. The discount rate is based on the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The table below presents the City's total OPEB liability calculated using a discount rate of 3.69%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.69%) or one percentage point higher (4.69%) than the current discount rate:

		1%		Current		1%	
		Decrease	Di	iscount Rate		Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,711,112	\$	5,198,705	\$	4,731,803	_
Total Of LD hability	Ψ	5,711,112	Ψ	3,170,703	Ψ	7,731,003	_

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The table below presents the City's total OPEB liability, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current								
	1%	He	althcare Cost		1%				
	 Decrease	-	Trend Rate		Increase				
Total OPEB liability	\$ 4,660,157	\$	5,198,705	\$	5,830,215				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 16. Contingencies

At various times, claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. The City is of the opinion that the liability, if any, arising from such claims will not have a materially adverse effect on its financial statements. Under the terms of Federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. City management believes disallowances, if any, would not be significant to the City's financial statements.

Note 17. Public-Public Partnership

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City entered into a Public-Public Partnership with Laramie County School District #1 (the District). Per the terms of the agreement, the City has granted the District access to the City-owned Cheyenne Junior League Baseball Complex (the Complex) for use in the girls' softball program. The District is to fund and oversee the installation of three artificial turf infields at the Complex. This work was completed during the year ended June 30, 2021. The artificial turf will become the property of the City at the end of the agreement. The agreement is in effect from September 15, 2020 to September 14, 2026, with the option, by the District, for an additional six-year term renewal.

The \$535,622 value of the artificial turf fields installed by the District at the Complex has been recorded as an asset. This asset will be depreciated over the expected useful life of the turf. A deferred inflow of \$487,656 has also been recorded for the value of the asset, net of the amortization of the deferred inflow to date.

Note 18. Recent Pronouncement

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement is effective for years beginning after June 15, 2021. Management has adopted this statement for the year ended June 30, 2022. The adopted accounting changes conform to the provisions of this statement and were applied beginning in the year ended June 30, 2022. As a result of this adoption, a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources were established for a lessor lease that had previously only reported annual rents charged to a customer in fees and miscellaneous on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds. The present value of the lease was calculated and the deferred inflow of resources will be amortized based on that calculation and the years remaining on the lease. The restatement of beginning net position was not required.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted	l Am			V	ariance with	
	-	Original		Final	_	Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	13,052,000	\$	13,052,000	\$	14,363,741	\$	1,311,741
Licenses and permits		3,092,540		3,107,540		5,101,413		1,993,873
Intergovernmental		31,576,643		31,698,152		38,411,463		6,713,311
Charges for services		1,712,000		1,712,000		1,918,450		206,450
Fines and forfeitures		658,300		658,300		751,224		92,924
Investment income		146,500		146,500		(1,000,571)		(1,147,071)
Miscellaneous		1,527,723		1,527,723		1,773,457		245,734
Total revenues		51,765,706		51,902,215		61,319,177		9,416,962
Expenditures								
General government:								
City Council		258,896		260,856		260,303		553
Mayor		5,811,938		6,594,209		5,951,004		643,205
Engineering		1,192,971		1,282,474		935,309		347,165
Miscellaneous		6,517,732		6,856,021		6,584,732		271,289
City Treasurer		791,998		809,388		782,072		27,316
City Clerk		729,595		746,485		729,095		17,390
Planning and development		779,270		809,708		778,143		31,565
Public works		3,980,687		4,177,739		4,036,880		140,859
Public safety:								
Fire		11,758,903		12,346,984		12,070,983		276,001
Police		14,600,577		15,087,965		14,719,092		368,873
Recreation:								
Community recreation and events		7,470,652		7,893,338		7,475,078		418,260
Total expenditures		53,893,219		56,865,167		54,322,691		2,542,476
(Deficiency) excess of revenues								
over expenditures		(2,127,513)		(4,962,952)		6,996,486		11,959,438
Other Financing (Uses) Sources								
Transfers out		_		_		(301,377)		301,377
Transfers in		1,573,810		1,573,810		2,076,085		502,275
Proceeds from sales of assets		-		-		2,033		2,033
Insurance proceeds			102,413	102,413				
Total other financing sources		1,573,810		1,573,810		1,879,154		908,098
Net change in fund balance	\$	(553,703)	\$	(3,389,142)	\$	8,875,640	\$	12,867,536

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - MISCELLANEOUS FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts			V	ariance with	
	0	riginal		Final	_	Actual	F	Final Budget	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	9,575,010	\$	5,263,534	\$	(4,311,476)	
Investment income		-		-		(7,623)		(7,623)	
Total revenues	- 9,575,010					5,255,911	(4,319,099)		
Expenditures									
General government		-		6,249,965		3,088,722		3,161,243	
Public safety		-		139,013		68,700		70,313	
Capital outlay		-		2,388,893		1,180,587		1,208,306	
Total expenditures		-		8,777,871		4,338,009		4,439,862	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		797,139		917,902		120,763	
Other Financing (Uses)									
Transfers out		-		(797,139)		(797,139)		-	
Total other financing (uses)		-		(797,139)		(797,139)		-	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	120,763	\$	120,763	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Five Fiscal Years*

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$	310,572	\$ 271,802	\$ 267,460	\$ 243,371	\$ 270,144
Interest on the total OPEB liability		117,669	138,428	201,417	220,105	224,371
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(613,930)	-	(860,067)	-	-
Changes of assumptions		(505,235)	273,516	(59,703)	275,378	(306,502)
Benefit payments		(167,351)	(281,995)	(390,389)	(401,826)	(392,021)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(858,275)	401,751	(841,282)	337,028	(204,008)
Total OPEB Liability, beginning		6,056,980	5,655,229	6,496,511	6,159,483	6,363,491
Total OPEB Liability, ending	\$	5,198,705	\$ 6,056,980	\$ 5,655,229	\$ 6,496,511	\$ 6,159,483
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	25,713,825	\$ 24,832,831	\$ 24,227,152	\$ 26,908,871	\$ 26,252,557
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	_	20.22%	24.39%	23.34%	24.14%	23.46%

^{*} This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY Last Nine Fiscal Years*

	For the Years Ended June 30,					
		2022		2021		2020
Public Employee Pension Plan						
City of Cheyenne:						
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.9168%		0.9125%		0.9757%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	13,978,778	\$	19,831,406	\$	22,928,084
City's covered payroll		16,727,390		16,629,106		17,353,726
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its						
covered payroll		83.57%		119.26%		132.12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		86.03%		79.24%		76.83%
Board of Public Utilities:						
Board's proportion of the net pension liability		0.4227%		0.4144%		0.4209%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,445,223	\$	9,005,488	\$	9,890,047
Board's covered payroll		7,733,780		7,636,289		7,604,611
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its						
covered payroll		83.34%		117.93%		130.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		86.03%		79.24%		76.83%
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A						
City's proportion of the net pension liability		28.8783%		29.2606%		29.2792%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	28,234,679	\$	94,742,430	\$	76,294,294
City's covered payroll		-		-		-
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its						
covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		42.90%		21.77%		27.32%
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B						
City's proportion of the net pension liability		23.9001%		23.8262%		24.9421%
City's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability	\$	(3,616,211)	\$	(555,157)	\$	1,772,750
City's covered payroll		7,462,018		7,188,555		7,006,469
City's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of						
its covered payroll		-48.46%		-7.72%		25.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		107.43%		101.27%		95.93%
Law Enforcement Pension Plan						
City's proportion of the net pension liability		4.7314%		4.6288%		4.9682%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	13,462,628	\$	3,153,265	\$	4,282,566
City's covered payroll		7,798,663		7,971,757		8,687,750
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its						
covered payroll		172.63%		39.56%		49.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.62%		91.82%		89.05%

 $^{* \}textit{The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.}\\$

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

		For the Years	End	ed June 30,		
 2019	2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
\$ 0.9450% 28,778,132	\$ 0.9312% 21,224,141 16,362,135	\$ 0.9045% 21,868,666	\$	0.8842% 20,595,553 15,933,164	\$ 0.8850% 15,618,025	\$ 0.8686% 13,205,851 14,962,498
16,446,362	10,302,133	16,333,427		15,955,164	15,449,954	14,962,498
174.98%	129.71%	133.89%		129.26%	101.09%	88.26%
69.17%	76.35%	73.42%		73.40%	79.08%	81.10%
0.4178%	0.4072%	0.3979%		0.3838%	0.3621%	0.3772%
\$ 12,722,850	\$ 9,280,567	\$ 9,619,011	\$	8,940,291	\$ 6,390,668	\$ 5,735,039
7,409,311	7,177,501	7,127,606		6,855,922	6,307,367	6,463,729
171.71%	129.30%	134.95%		130.40%	101.32%	88.73%
69.17%	76.35%	73.42%		73.40%	79.08%	81.10%
30.1135%	29.9816%	30.1332%		29.1245%	29.8597%	29.2907%
\$ 68,357,664	\$ 67,077,510	\$ 55,286,196	\$	54,012,637	\$ 49,145,415	\$ 17,188,483
-	-	-		-	-	-
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
29.99%	34.28%	38.91%		40.05%	45.95%	71.55%
24.5705%	24.3574%	23.4759%		23.5543%	24.4894%	25.0324%
\$ 5,155,687	\$ 10,043,721	\$ 7,409,315	\$	7,201,639	\$ (275,411)	\$ (902,906)
6,891,466	6,552,239	6,603,344		6,432,467	6,532,467	6,303,806
74.81%	153.29%	112.21%		111.96%	-4.22%	-14.32%
87.07%	77.98%	80.16%		79.33%	100.98%	103.45%
4.9257%	4.7984%	4.5225%		4.4224%	4.4884%	4.4436%
\$ 11,923,758	\$ 4,128,778	\$ 3,414,154	\$	3,322,120	\$ 1,322,464	\$ 810,003
7,735,333	7,450,974	7,077,700		6,933,372	6,936,457	6,707,023
154.15%	55.41%	48.24%		47.91%	19.07%	12.08%
71.22%	87.99%	88.11%		87.49%	94.76%	96.53%

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS Last Nine Fiscal Years

				For the Years	Ende	ed June 30,		
		2022		2021		2020		2019
Public Employee Pension Plan								
City of Cheyenne:								
Statutorily required contribution	\$	1,641,531	\$	1,487,050	\$	1,523,725	\$	1,453,409
Contribution in relation to the statutorily required contribution		1,641,531		1,487,050		1,523,725		1,453,409
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	17,519,004	\$	16,305,375	\$	17,178,405	\$	16,940,902
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.37%		9.12%		8.87%		8.58%
Board of Public Utilities:								
Statutorily required contribution	\$	744,272	\$	694,066	\$	678,924	\$	645,547
Contribution in relation to the statutorily required contribution		744,272		694,066		678,924		645,547
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,943,134	\$	7,610,377	\$	7,654,160	\$	7,524,834
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.37%		9.12%		8.87%		8.58%
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan A								
Statutorily required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contribution in relation to the statutorily required contribution		-		-		-		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Paid Firemen's Pension Plan B								
Statutorily required contribution	\$	1,126,299	\$	1,007,536	\$	945,164	\$	836,796
Contribution in relation to the statutorily required contribution		1,126,299		1,007,536		945,164		836,796
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,508,661	\$	7,196,688	\$	7,270,489	\$	6,973,302
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	•	15.00%	7	14.00%	_	13.00%	_	12.00%
Law Enforcement Pension Plan								
Statutorily required contribution	\$	709,951	\$	671,684	\$	681,867	\$	688,842
Contribution in relation to the statutorily required contribution		709,951		671,684		681,867		688,842
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	8,255,241	\$	7,810,280	\$	7,928,697	\$	8,009,795
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.60%		8.60%		8.60%		8.60%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

	Fort	he Y	ears Ended Ju	ne 30),	
2018	2017		2016		2015	2014
\$ 1,370,762 1,370,762	\$ 1,427,569 1,427,569	\$	1,372,651 1,372,651	\$	1,203,890 1,203,890	\$ 1,078,803 1,078,803
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
\$ 16,377,083 8.37%	\$ 16,694,692 8.55%	\$	16,220,390 8.46%	\$	15,660,040 7.69%	\$ 15,194,542 7.10%
\$ 608,519 608,519	\$ 602,689 602,689	\$	586,407 586,407	\$	512,031 512,031	\$ 465,964 465,964
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$
\$ 7,270,239 8.37%	\$ 7,200,585 8.37%	\$	7,006,054 8.37%	\$	6,719,564 7.62%	\$ 6,544,388 7.12%
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - -
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
\$ 0.00%	\$ 0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$ 0.00%
\$ 802,935 802,935	\$ 785,180 785,180	\$	772,527 772,527	\$	783,023 783,023	\$ 779,804 779,804
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
\$ 6,691,128 12.00%	\$ 6,543,169 12.00%	\$	6,437,727 12.00%	\$	6,525,189 12.00%	\$ 6,498,364 12.00%
\$ 652,267 652,267	\$ 618,944 618,944	\$	605,058 605,058	\$	591,129 591,129	\$ 595,430 595,430
\$ 	\$ 	\$	-	\$		\$ <u>-</u>
\$ 7,584,494 8.60%	\$ 7,197,025 8.60%	\$	7,035,554 8.60%	\$	6,873,586 8.60%	\$ 6,923,605 8.60%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 1. Budget Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for all governmental funds, with the exception of certain pass-through funds not reported on the budgetary basis. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Prior to May 15, the Treasurer of the City of Cheyenne, Wyoming (the City) submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. A public hearing is conducted between the second Tuesday and the third Tuesday in June to obtain public comments. Within 24 hours of the public hearing, the governing body adopts the budget.

At the request of the City Treasurer, or upon its own motion after publication of notice, the City Council may, by resolution, transfer any unencumbered or unexpended appropriation balance or part thereof from one fund, department, or account to another. No officer or employee of the City shall make any expenditure or encumbrance in excess of the total appropriation for any department. Management may amend the budget within the department level without the approval of the governing body. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Funds, the Proprietary Funds, and the Permanent Fund. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary schedules reflect appropriation in the first appropriated budget. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the schedules of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations.

Note 2. Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Basis and U.S. GAAP Basis Revenues and Expenditures

	(General Fund
Revenues:		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	61,319,177
Differences, budgetary to U.S. GAAP:		
Adjustments to include various pass-through funds included in the General Fund		
on the U.S. GAAP basis		414,920
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	61,734,097
Expenditures:		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	54,322,691
Differences, budgetary to U.S. GAAP:		
Adjustments to include various pass-through funds included in the General Fund		
on the U.S. GAAP basis		249,339
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	54,572,030

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 3. Explanation of Changes in Retirement Commitment - Wyoming Retirement System (WRS)

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms between the initial measurement date reflected below and the December 31, 2021 measurement date.

Changes in assumptions: Healthcare trend rates were updated, along with the assumptions relating to mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates, and salary increase rates, based on the WRS's December 31, 2020 actuarial experience study. Further, there have been various assumption changes from the initial measurement date reflected below through the December 31, 2021 measurement date, as indicated in the tables below:

Pension Plan Discount Rate

	Pens	sion Plan Discount I	Kate	
	Public	Law		
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
2014	7.75%	7.75%	4.47%	7.75%
2015	7.75%	7.75%	4.25%	6.52%
2016	7.75%	7.75%	4.38%	6.59%
2017	7.00%	7.00%	3.75%	5.65%
2018	7.00%	5.92%	4.01%	7.00%
2019	7.00%	7.00%	3.09%	7.00%
2020	7.00%	7.00%	1.95%	7.00%
2021	6.80%	5.17%	6.80%	6.80%
	Pension Pl	an Investment Rate	of Return	
	Public	Law		
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
2014	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%
2015	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%
2016	7.75%	7.75%	4.38%	6.59%
2017	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%
2018	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
2010				
2019	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
2019	7.00% 7.00%	7.00% 7.00%	7.00% 1.00%	7.00% 7.00%

6.80%

6.80%

6.80%

6.80%

2021

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 3. Explanation of Changes in Retirement Commitment - Wyoming Retirement System (WRS), *Continued*

	Pens	ion Plan Inflation R	lates	
	Public	Law		
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
2014	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%
2015	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%
2016	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%
2017	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%
2018	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
2019	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
2020	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
2021	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%
		alary Increases (Inc	ludes Inflation)	
	Public	Law		
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
2014	4.25%-6.00%	4.75%-8.00%	4.25%	4.25%-7.00%
2015	4.25%-6.00%	4.75%-8.00%	4.25%	4.25%-7.00%
2016	4.25%-6.00%	4.75%-8.00%	4.25%	4.25%-7.00%
2017	4.25%-6.00%	4.75%-8.00%	4.25%	4.25%-7.00%
2018	2.50%-6.50%	4.75%-8.75%	4.50%	4.50%-7.50%
2019	2.50%-6.50%	4.75%-8.75%	4.50%	4.50%-7.50%
2020	2.50%-6.50%	4.75%-8.75%	4.50%	4.50%-7.50%
2021	2.50%-6.50%	3.00%-7.00%	4.50%	4.50%-7.50%
	Dansion	Plan Payroll Grow	th Data	
	Public	Law	tii Rate	
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
(WRS Tear Eliaca)	T CHSIOH T IAH	1 chsion 1 lan	T CHSIOH T IAH 71	1 chision 1 ian B
2014	4.25%	4.25%	0.00%	4.25%
2015	4.25%	4.25%	0.00%	4.25%
2016	4.25%	4.25%	0.00%	4.25%
2017	4.25%	4.25%	0.00%	4.25%
2018	2.50%	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%
2019	2.50%	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%
2020	2.50%	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%
2021	2.50%	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 3. Explanation of Changes in Retirement Commitment - Wyoming Retirement System (WRS), Continued

	Co	st of Living Increas	ses	
	Public	Law		
Measurement Date	Employee	Enforcement	Paid Firemen's	Paid Firemen's
(WRS Year Ended)	Pension Plan	Pension Plan	Pension Plan A	Pension Plan B
2014	0.00%	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%
2015	0.00%	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%
2016	0.00%	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%
2017	0.00%	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%
2018	0.00%	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%
2019	0.00%	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%
2020	0.00%	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%
2021	0.00%	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%

Note 4. Explanation of Changes in the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Commitment

The City of Cheyenne Retiree Health Care Plan administered by the City does not have assets accumulated in trust.

Following are changes in the OPEB liability valuation:

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms between the initial measurement date and the June 30, 2022 measurement date.

Changes in assumptions: With the exception of the discount rate, there have been no changes in assumptions between the initial measurement date and the June 30, 2022 measurement date. The discount rate by each measurement date is as follows:

Measurement Date	Discount Rate
2018	3.62%
2019	3.13%
2020	2.45%
2021	1.92%
2022	3.69%

COMBINING AND OTHER INDIVIDUAL FUND AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue resources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for particular purposes.

Weed and Pest Control: Accounts for monies received by the City of Cheyenne (the City) from a general county tax levy to administer a program of weed and pest control.

Youth Alternative Grants: Accounts for monies received by the City from various agencies to administer a program for youth.

Juvenile Justice: Accounts for a program that assists youth in trouble.

Special Friends: Accounts for a program that brings adults together with young people.

Community Development Block Grant: Accounts for funds given to various entities that assist low-income individuals.

Law Enforcement Block Grant: Accounts for funds received by the police department to administer various programs.

Transportation Planning: Accounts for funds used for the planning of streets and other transportation projects.

Urban Mass Transportation Administration (UMTA) Transit Grant: Accounts for funds used to provide public transportation.

Local and State Grants: Accounts for revenue received from various agencies to administer local and state programs.

Recreation Programs: Accounts for monies received by the City from various recreation programs to administer recreation programs.

Annexation Improvements: Accounts for monies from individuals who have prepaid for annexation improvements in areas not yet annexed by the City.

Housing Loans: Accounts for monies collected from rehabilitation loans made to low-income owners through the Neighborhood Housing Service. When the agency closed, the loans were turned over to the City. Money collected from homeowners who received low-interest rehabilitation loans through the Cheyenne Redevelopment Agency is also in this fund.

Revolving Real Property: Accounts for proceeds received from the sale of any surplus real property to be used only for the acquisition or construction of new real property for the City.

Belvoir Ranch Recreation: Accounts for monies collected from the wind energy lease with NextEra Energy to be used for planning, developing, and maintaining recreation facilities and opportunities at the Belvoir Ranch and Big Hole properties.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, Continued

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Youth Alternatives: Accounts for the construction of youth alternatives projects.

Athletic Facilities: Accounts for improvements to City parks and recreation facilities.

Parks Facilities: Accounts for capital improvements to parks facilities funded by the sales proceeds of property designated for parks facilities.

Development Impact Fees: Accounts for fees received by the City to administer specific functions required of the City.

Permanent Fund

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Cemetery Perpetual Care: This trust fund was set up for perpetual care of the Cheyenne cemetery. The fund receives \$400 each time a cemetery lot is purchased. The fund is managed by a local bank.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

						S	pec	ial Revenue Fund	s					
				Youth			_			Community	Law			
		Weed and		Alternative						Development		Enforcement	Tr	ansportation
]	Pest Control	Grants		Juvenile Justice		Special Friends		Block Grant		Block Grant		Planning	
ASSETS														
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	155,439	\$	38,094	\$	82,898	\$	276	\$	1,263	\$	662
Investments, at fair value		-		434,923		145,092		-		-		-		-
Receivables														
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Customers		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		-		60,306		24,095		-		145,008		94,705		268,518
Prepaid Items		7,302		-		-		-		-		-		4,404
Cash and Cash Equivalents, restricted		512,576		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investments, restricted		398,416		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	918,294	\$	650,668	\$	207,281	\$	82,898	\$	145,284	\$	95,968	\$	273,584
Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued salaries Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	45,633 - 1,803 - 80,000 127,436	\$	22,235 - 4,397 - - 26,632	\$	2,654 - - - - 2,654	\$	784 - - - - - 784	\$	126,187 12,952 - 17,000 - 156,139	\$	29,248 - 803 41,000 - 71,051	\$	92,910 - - 170,000 - 262,910
Total nabilities		127,430		20,032		2,034		/84		150,159		/1,051		262,910
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances														
Nonspendable		7,302		-		-		-		-		-		4,404
Restricted		783,556		-		204,627		82,114		-		24,917		6,270
Committed		-		624,036		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		(10,855)		-		-
Total fund balances		790,858		624,036		204,627		82,114		(10,855)		24,917		10,674
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	918,294	\$	650,668	\$	207,281	\$	82,898	\$	145,284	\$	95,968	\$	273,584

Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, $\it Continued$ June 30, 2022

				S	Specia	l Revenue Fund	1s					
	Т	UMTA ransit Grant	al and Grants	Recreation Programs		Annexation approvements		Housing Loans	Revolving Real Property		Belvoir Rancl Recreation	
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,036	\$ 142,951	\$ 932,840	\$	150,845	\$	54,387	\$	46	\$	137,378
Investments, at fair value		-	-	844,846		101,879		298,518	565	,212		11,938
Receivables												
Accrued interest		-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Customers		-	55,165	45,686		-		67,832		-		137,36
Due from Other Funds		-	12,112	-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		325,321	271,602	-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		147,328	-	5,420		-		-		-		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, restricted		-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Investments, restricted		-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	473,685	\$ 481,830	\$ 1,828,792	\$	252,724	\$	420,737	\$ 565	,258	\$	286,679
Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued salaries Due to other funds	\$	138,039 - 7,111 272,000	\$ 52,842 - - -	\$ 83,152 - 38,675 -	\$	85,650 - - -	\$	- - -	\$	-	\$	
Unearned revenue		160,000	3,020	58,667		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		577,150	55,862	180,494		85,650		-		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	_	-		-		67,833		-		
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable		147,328	-	5,420		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-	425,968	-		-		352,904		-		-
Committed		-	-	1,642,878		167,074		-	565	,258		286,67
Assigned		-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(250,793)	-	-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		(103,465)	425,968	1,648,298		167,074		352,904	565	,258		286,67

Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, $\it Continued$ June 30, 2022

	 	 Capital Pro	jects	Pern	nanent Fund			
	 Youth Alternatives	 Athletic Facilities		Parks Facilities	evelopment mpact Fees	Cemetery Perpetual Care		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 27,818	\$ 181,894	\$	-	\$ 450,286	\$	24,652	\$ 2,382,765
Investments, at fair value	-	680,441		-	1,963,900		793,670	5,840,419
Receivables								
Accrued interest	-	-		-	3,074		820	3,894
Customers	-	-		-	-		1,200	307,246
Due from Other Funds	-	-		-	-		-	12,112
Due from Other Governments	-	-		-	-		-	1,189,555
Prepaid Items	-	-		-	-		-	164,454
Cash and Cash Equivalents, restricted	-	-		-	-		-	512,576
Investments, restricted	 	 -		-	-			 398,416
Total assets	\$ 27,818	\$ 862,335	\$	_	\$ 2,417,260	\$	820,342	\$ 10,811,437
Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued salaries Due to other funds	\$ - - -	\$ 2,609 - -	\$	- - -	\$ 148,933 3,205	\$	- - -	\$ 830,876 16,157 52,789 500,000
Unearned revenue	_	_					_	301,687
Total liabilities	-	 2,609		-	152,138			1,701,509
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 	 -		-	-		<u>-</u>	 67,833
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	-	-		-	-		-	164,454
Restricted	-	-		-	-		820,342	2,700,698
Committed	-	859,726		-	2,265,122		-	6,410,773
Assigned	27,818	-		-	-		-	27,818
Unassigned	-	-		-	-		-	(261,648)
Total fund balances	 27,818	859,726		-	2,265,122		820,342	9,042,095

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds													
		Veed and		Youth Alternative						Community Development	Law Enforcement			sportation
	Pe	st Control		Grants	Juv	enile Justice		Special Friends		Block Grant		Block Grant	P	lanning
Revenues														
Intergovernmental	\$	626,576	\$	722,095	\$	60,000	\$	46,957	\$	542,845	\$	508,803	\$	901,666
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investment (loss) income		(3,272)		(3,391)		(1,158)		16		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		2,356		14,640		2,250		15,006		-		-		-
Total revenues		625,660		733,344		61,092		61,979		542,845		508,803		901,666
Expenditures														
Current:														
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		468,900		66,875		-		-		564,924		-
Public works		-		-		-		-		-		-		948,462
Health and welfare		473,109		180,334		-		54,927		555,798		-		-
Recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:														
Principal retirements		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest payments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		473,109		649,234		66,875		54,927		555,798		564,924		948,462
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over														
expenditures		152,551		84,110		(5,783)		7,052		(12,953)		(56,121)		(46,796)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		56,877		50,373
Transfers out		-		-		-		_		-		-		-
Proceeds from sales of assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		-		56,877		50,373
Net change in fund balances		152,551		84,110		(5,783)		7,052		(12,953)		756		3,577
Fund Balances, beginning of year		638,307		539,926		210,410		75,062		2,098		24,161		7,097
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	790,858	\$	624,036	\$	204,627	\$	82,114	\$	(10,855)	\$	24,917	\$	10,674

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, *Continued*Year Ended June 30, 2022

				S	Spec	cial Revenue Funds	S				
		UMTA ansit Grant	Local and tate Grants	Recreation Programs		Annexation Improvements		Housing Loans	Revolving Real Property		oir Ranch creation
Revenues											
Intergovernmental	\$	3,000,318	\$ 1,467,045	\$ -	\$	-	\$	60,010	\$	- 5	\$ -
Charges for services		51,434	-	1,767,848		-		-		-	-
Investment (loss) income		12	-	(6,958)		(578)		12,601		(4,560)	(82)
Miscellaneous		84	661,982	67,595		2,101		-		-	 274,725
Total revenues		3,051,848	2,129,027	1,828,485		1,523		72,611		(4,560)	 274,643
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government		-	25,173	-		91,419		-		-	-
Public safety		-	-	-		-		-		-	-
Public works		3,385,273	-	-		-		-		-	-
Health and welfare		-	-	-		-		20,063		-	-
Recreation		-	-	1,392,867		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay		-	1,498,348	6,770		-		-		-	-
Debt service:											
Principal retirements		-	629,853	-		-		-		-	-
Interest payments		-	16,064	-		3,997		-		-	-
Total expenditures		3,385,273	2,169,438	1,399,637		95,416		20,063		-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
expenditures	-	(333,425)	(40,411)	428,848		(93,893)		52,548		(4,560)	 274,643
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in		-	-	471,899		-		-		-	-
Transfers out		-	-	-		-		-		-	-
Proceeds from sales of assets		-	-	-		-		-		-	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	471,899		-		-		-	-
Net change in fund balances		(333,425)	 (40,411)	900,747		(93,893)		52,548		(4,560)	 274,643
Fund Balances, beginning of year		229,960	466,379	747,551		260,967		300,356		569,818	 12,036
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	(103,465)	\$ 425,968	\$ 1,648,298	\$	167,074	\$	352,904	\$	565,258	\$ 286,679

Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, *Continued*Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Capital Pro	Perm	anent Fund				
		Youth ernatives	Athletic Facilities]	Parks Facilities	Development Impact Fees		emetery betual Care	tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$	=	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 7,936,315
Charges for services		-	305,550		-	1,485,399		-	3,610,231
Investment (loss) income		7	(5,214)		-	(50,915)		2,438	(61,054)
Miscellaneous		7,155	-		-	-		20,211	 1,068,105
Total revenues		7,162	300,336		-	1,434,484		22,649	 12,553,597
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		-	-		-	-		-	116,592
Public safety		11,451	-		-	-		-	1,112,150
Public works		-	-		-	-		-	4,333,735
Health and welfare		-	-		-	-		-	1,284,231
Recreation		-	6,735		-	32,862		-	1,432,464
Capital outlay		-	48,196		-	115,846		-	1,669,160
Debt service:									
Principal retirements		-	-		-	-		-	629,853
Interest payments		-	-		-	=		-	 20,061
Total expenditures		11,451	54,931		-	148,708		-	10,598,246
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures		(4,289)	245,405		-	1,285,776		22,649	 1,955,351
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		-	-		-	-		-	579,149
Transfers out		-	-		-	-		(2,438)	(2,438)
Proceeds from sales of assets		-	184		-	-		-	184
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	184		-			(2,438)	576,895
Net change in fund balances	<u> </u>	(4,289)	245,589		-	1,285,776		20,211	 2,532,246
Fund Balances, beginning of year		32,107	614,137		-	979,346		800,131	6,509,849
Fund Balances, end of year	\$	27,818	\$ 859,726	\$	-	\$ 2,265,122	\$	820,342	\$ 9,042,095

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Business-Type Activities

Proprietary funds are used to account for business-type activities that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Civic Center: Accounts for monies received by the City from the operation of the Civic Center.

Ice and Events Center: Accounts for monies received by the City from the operation of the Ice and Events Center.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Civic Center Fund			ce and Events Center Fund	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Totals		
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	196,106	\$	1,664	\$	197,770	
Receivables:							
Accounts - customers		-		12		12	
Prepaid items		3,507		-		3,507	
Total current assets		199,613		1,676		201,289	
Noncurrent Assets							
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Land		-		346,861		346,861	
Machinery and equipment		445,512		385,900		831,412	
Transportation equipment		-		50,241		50,241	
Buildings and improvements		3,880,266		3,197,269		7,077,535	
Office furniture and equipment		283,496		37,712		321,208	
Accumulated depreciation		(4,139,490)		(1,708,559)		(5,848,049)	
Total noncurrent assets		469,784		2,309,424		2,779,208	
Total assets		669,397		2,311,100		2,980,497	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable		55,928		23,738		79,666	
Unearned revenue		10,890		-		10,890	
Accrued salaries, including vacation and							
sick leave		27,348		24,841		52,189	
Total current liabilities		94,166		48,579		142,745	
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Accrued compensated absences		3,562		1,546		5,108	
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,562		1,546		5,108	
Total liabilities		97,728		50,125		147,853	
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		469,784		2,309,424		2,779,208	
Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit)		101,885		(48,449)		53,436	
Total net position	\$	571,669	\$	2,260,975	\$	2,832,644	

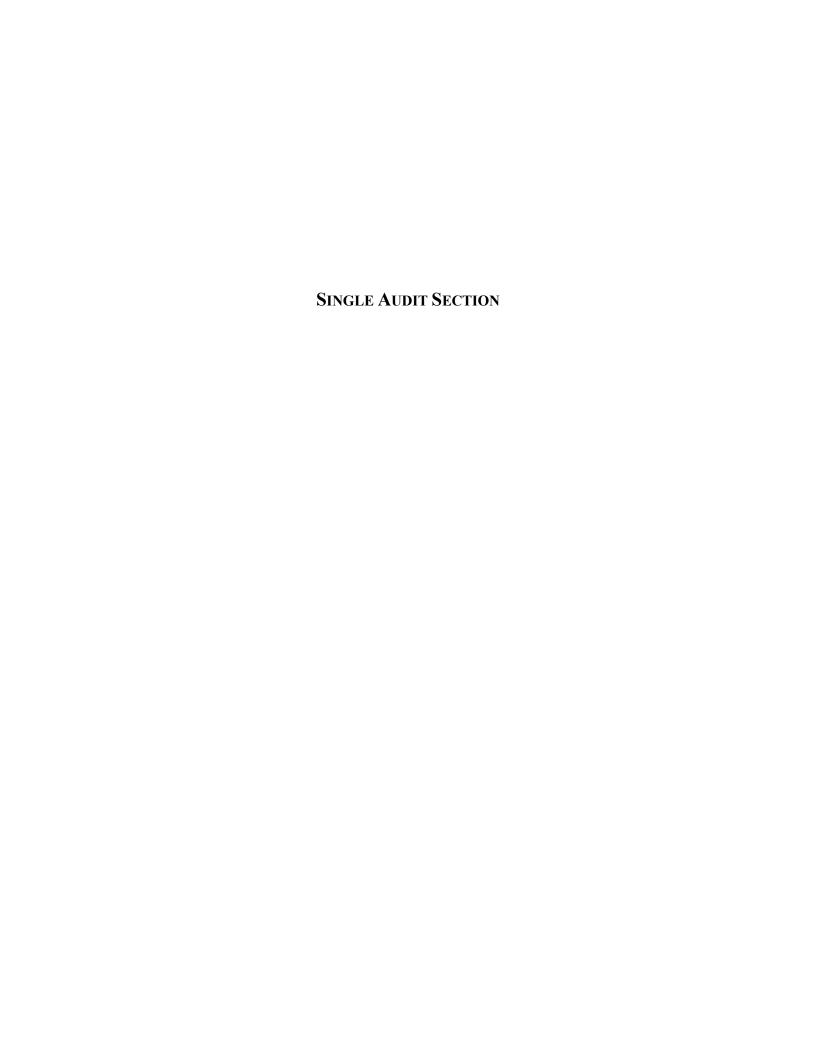
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

	(Civic Center Fund	e and Events Center Fund]	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Totals
Operating Revenues					
Sales and charges for services	\$	1,123,900	\$ 485,319	\$	1,609,219
Intergovernmental		1,365,193	-		1,365,193
Fees and miscellaneous		128,590	30		128,620
Total operating revenues		2,617,683	485,349		3,103,032
Operating Expenses					
Administrative and general		1,585,652	617,258		2,202,910
Depreciation		57,380	126,746		184,126
Parts and supplies		29,682	25,729		55,411
Intra-city charges		-	2,076		2,076
Total operating expenses	-	1,672,714	771,809		2,444,523
Operating income (loss)		944,969	(286,460)		658,509
Nonoperating (Loss) Income					
(Loss) on disposal of assets		-	(480)		(480)
Investment income:					
Interest income		-	3		3
Donated assets		23,177	215,046		238,223
Total nonoperating income		23,177	214,569		237,746
Income (loss) before transfers		968,146	(71,891)		896,255
Transfers In		149,208	420,532		569,740
Change in net position		1,117,354	348,641		1,465,995
Net Position, beginning of year		(545,685)	1,912,334		1,366,649
Net Position, end of year	\$	571,669	\$ 2,260,975	\$	2,832,644

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Civic Center Fund	Ice and Events Center Fund	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,630,278	\$ 485,437	\$ 3,115,715
Cash payments to suppliers	(1,125,883)	(232,416)	(1,358,299)
Cash payments to employees	(489,831)	(399,897)	(889,728)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,014,564	(146,876)	867,688
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Transfers from other funds	149,208	420,532	569,740
Advances to other funds	(891,000)	-	(891,000)
Proceeds from amounts due to other funds	-	(240,600)	(240,600)
Net cash (used in) provided by noncapital			
financing activities	 (741,792)	179,932	(561,860)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	(480)	(480)
Acquisition of capital assets	(77,867)	(33,622)	(111,489)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing			
activities	 (77,867)	(34,102)	(111,969)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest on cash accounts and investments	-	3	3
Net cash provided by investing activities	 -	3	3
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash			
equivalents	194,905	(1,043)	193,862
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year	1,201	2,707	3,908
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$ 196,106	\$ 1,664	\$ 197,770
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided			
by (Used in) Operating Activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 944,969	\$ (286,460)	\$ 658,509
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		, , ,	
provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation	57,380	126,746	184,126
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents resulting	,		,
from changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Receivables	34,769	88	34,857
Prepaid expenses	(3,507)	_	(3,507)
Accounts payable	(1,825)	3,644	1,819
Accrued salaries, including vacation and sick leave	4,952	9,106	14,058
Unearned revenue	 (22,174)		(22,174)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,014,564	\$ (146,876)	\$ 867,688
Noncash Investing, Capital and Noncapital Financing Activities			
Donated asset acquisitions	\$ 23,177	\$ 215,046	\$ 238,223



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Program: CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster: Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 N/A \$ 451,770 \$	Total Federal Expenditures	
CDBG- Entitlement Grants Cluster: Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development U.S. Department of the Interior: Pass-through program from Wyoming Department of State Parks and Cultural Resources: Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid Outdoor Recreation Acquisition, Development, and Planning Total U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019	itures	
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development U.S. Department of the Interior: Pass-through program from Wyoming Department of State Parks and Cultural Resources: Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid 15.904 56-22-03 - Outdoor Recreation Acquisition, Development, and Planning 15.916 56-00937 - Total U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 PY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.007 FY 2019 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Ves		
U.S. Department of the Interior: Pass-through program from Wyoming Department of State Parks and Cultural Resources: Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid 15.904 56-22-03 - Outdoor Recreation Acquisition, Development, and Planning 15.916 56-00937 - Total U.S. Department of the Interior - U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 2021-115 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Progr	555,797	
U.S. Department of the Interior: Pass-through program from Wyoming Department of State Parks and Cultural Resources: Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid 15.904 56-22-03 - Outdoor Recreation Acquisition, Development, and Planning 15.916 56-00937 - Total U.S. Department of the Interior - U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 2021-115 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 -	555,797	
Pass-through program from Wyoming Department of State Parks and Cultural Resources: Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid 15.904 56-22-03 - Outdoor Recreation Acquisition, Development, and Planning 15.916 56-00937 - Total U.S. Department of the Interior - U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 2021-115 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Partnership Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 -	155,171	
Pass-through program from Wyoming Department of State Parks and Cultural Resources: Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid 15.904 56-22-03 - Outdoor Recreation Acquisition, Development, and Planning 15.916 56-00937 - Total U.S. Department of the Interior - U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 2021-115 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Partnership Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 -		
Cultural Resources: Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid Outdoor Recreation Acquisition, Development, and Planning Its.916 Total U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program		
Outdoor Recreation Acquisition, Development, and Planning Total U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program - Subtotal Partnership Program - Subtotal Partnership Program - Subtotal Partnership Program - Subtotal Partnership P		
U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 2021-115 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 -	2,501	
U.S. Department of Justice: U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 2021-115 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training - COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 -	75,473	
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 2021-115 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 PY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 PY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 PY 2021 - Subtotal Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 PY 2021 -	77,974	
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 2021-115 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training - COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 -		
Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 2021-115 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2020 - Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 FY 2021 - Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training 16.004 Dangerous Drugs Training - COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 -		
Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program		
Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021	19,549	
Subtotal Law Enforcement Assistance-Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Training COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program -	13,566	
Dangerous Drugs Training - COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Sulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Pr	47,551	
COVID-19: Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program 16.034 2020-VD-BX-1276 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program -		
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program -	80,666	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2019 - Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program -		
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program -	12,871	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 FY 2021 - Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program -		
Subtotal Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program -	2,737	
	2,321	
Total U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs	5,058	
	98,595	
II C. D		
U.S. Department of Justice Pass-Through Programs:		
Pass-through from Wyoming Division of Victim Services: Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 2020-V2-GX-0016 -	172 267	
Crime Victim Assistance 16.575 2020-V2-GX-0016	173,367	
Pass through from Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of		
Police:		
Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws Program 16.727 PFS-2021 -	13,718	
Enforcing Chicking Laws Flogram	13,710	
Pass-through from Laramie County, Wyoming:		
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 2019-DJ-BX-0912 -	13,697	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 2020-DJ-BX-0383 -	21,113	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 15PBJA-21-GG-02002-JAGX -	27,270	
Subtotal Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant		
Program -	62,080	
Pass-through from Memorial Hospital of Laramie County:		
Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Site-Based Program 16.838 2019-AR-BX-K082 -	68,753	
Total U.S. Department of Justice Pass-Through Programs	317,918	
Total U.S. Department of Justice	416,513	
U.S. Department of Transportation:		
U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Programs:		
Federal Transit Cluster:		
	156,709	
Federal Transit Formula Grant 20.507 WY-2018-002 -	122	
	908,032	
	835,396	
	944,014	
	844,273	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Programs	844,273	

Continued

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, *Continued* Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Federal AL	Pass-Through	Passed Through to	Total Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Grantor's Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation, Continued:			•	•
U.S. Department of Transportation Pass-Through Programs:				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:				
Pass-through from Wyoming Department of Transportation:				
Highway Planning and Construction (Prairie & Frontier)	20.205	STPU-CH 0.00 B171028	\$ -	\$ 2,767
Highway Planning and Construction (Allison & Cribbon)	20.205	CD21101	-	660,000
Highway Planning and Construction (Carey Ave. Multi-Use Path)	20.205	CD20101		341,058
Subtotal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				1,003,825
Pass-through from Wyoming Department of Transportation:				
Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and				
Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research	20.505	N/A		851,942
Pass-through from Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of Police:				
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2021-FA-AL-01	-	24,932
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2022-FA-AL-01	_	18,608
Subtotal Alcohol Open Container Requirements			-	43,540
Highway Safety Cluster: Pass-through from Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of Police:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	AL-2020-FA-AL-02	-	2,676
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	OP-2020-FA-OP-02		8,122
Subtotal State and Community Highway Safety				10,798
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	M2HVE-2022-FA-HV-02	_	22,324
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	M5HVE-2022-FA-HV-01	-	7,010
Subtotal National Priority Safety Programs			-	29,334
Subtotal Highway Safety Cluster			-	40,132
Total U.S. Department of Transportation Pass-Through				
Programs				1,939,439
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				4,783,712
U.S. Department of Treasury:				
Pass-through from State of Wyoming Land and Investment Board:				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A		3,879,211
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			_	3,879,211
National Endowment for the Arts:				
Pass-through from Wyoming Arts Council:				
Promotion of the Arts Partnership Agreements	45.025	SBAHQ21SV013124	-	4,150
Total National Endowment for the Arts			-	4,150
U.S. Small Pusinger Administration Direct Programs				
U.S. Small Business Administration Direct Program: COVID-19 Shuttered Venue Operators Grant Program	59.075	N/A	_	1,365,193
Total U.S. Small Business Administration	57.075	1411	-	1,365,193
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Pass-Through Programs: Pass-through from Wyoming State Land and Investment Board and administered by City of Cheyenne Board of Public Utilities: Dripking Wester State Payabing Fund Chesters				
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster: Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	66.468	DWSRF-133GR		2,122,142
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	66.468	DWSRF-129	-	2,122,142 90,598
Subtotal Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Subtotal Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State	00.700	D 11 DIM *127		70,270
Revolving Fund				2,212,740
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				2,212,740

Continued

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, $\it Continued$ Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title U.S. Department of Education:	Federal AL Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients		ugh to Total Federal	
Pass-through from Laramie County Community Partnership:						
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	Cohort 12	\$	_	\$	156,340
Total U.S. Department of Education	04.207	Conort 12	Ψ		Ψ	156,340
Total C.S. Department of Education			-			130,340
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:						
Pass-through from Wyoming Department of Health:						
Aging Cluster:						
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive						
Services and Senior Centers	93.044	N/A		_		73,161
Activities to Support State, Local and Territorial Health:						
Department Response to Public Health or Healthcare Crises	93.391	N/A	-			41,950
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						115,111
Corporation for National and Community Service Direct Program:						
Foster Grandparent/Senior Companion Cluster:						
Foster Grandparent Program	94.011	20SFPW Y001			196,956	
Total Corporation for National and Community Service				-		196,956
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:						
Pass-through from Wyoming Office of Homeland Security:						
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	18-SHSP-RR7-RR-HRT18		-		2,326
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	19-SHSP-RR7-RR-HRT19		-		2,500
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	20-SHSP-CHE-HRT20		-		47,215
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	21-SHSP-RR7-RR-AET		-		16,659
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	21-SHSP-CHY-PD-CDV2		-		34,979
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	21-SHSP-CHY-PD-CDV1		-		71,318
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				-		174,997
Total expenditures of Federal awards			\$	451,770	\$	13,938,694

 $The \ Notes \ to \ Schedule \ of \ Expenditures \ of \ Federal \ Awards \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ this \ Schedule.$

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the accompanying City of Cheyenne, Wyoming (the City) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the Uniform Guidance), wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. All programs are administered by the City unless otherwise noted.

Note 2. Indirect Cost Rate

The City did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3. Basis of Presentation

The Schedule includes the Federal award activity of the City under programs of the Federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Cheyenne Cheyenne, Wyoming

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cheyenne, Wyoming (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon, dated December 29, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Mc Dec, Hearne & Paix, LLP

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cheyenne, Wyoming

December 29, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Cheyenne Cheyenne, Wyoming

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Cheyenne, Wyoming's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *Office of Management and Budget Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City's major Federal programs are identified in the Summary of Independent Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major Federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cheyenne, Wyoming

Mc Dee, Hearne & Paix, LLP

December 29, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended June 30, 2

I. SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

	Financial Statement Type of report the auditatements audited we	Unmodified					
	Internal control over	- ·					
	 Material weakness 		∐ Yes	⊠ No			
	Significant defici	ency(ies) identified?	Yes Yes	None Reported			
	Noncompliance mate	rial to financial statements noted?	Yes	⊠ No			
	Federal Awards						
	Internal control over	major Federal programs:					
	 Material weakness 	⊠ No					
	• Significant defici	None Reported					
	Type of auditor's repo	Unmodified					
	 Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a)? ☐ Yes ☐ No 						
	Identification of major	or Federal programs:					
	AL Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster						
	20.505 Metropolitan Transportation Planning and						
	State and Non-Metropolitan Planning and Research						
	21.027	COVID-19 Coronavirus State and L	ocal Fiscal Recov	ery Funds			
	59.075 COVID-19 Shuttered Venue Operators Grant						
	66.468 Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving						
	14.218 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants						
	Cluster Federal Transit Cluster						
	Dollar threshold used	\$750,000					
	Auditee qualified as l	ow-risk auditee?	Yes	⊠ No			
II	FINANCIAL STAT	EMENT FINDINGS					
11.	FINANCIAL STAT.	EMENT FINDINGS					
	None.						

None.

III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2021.